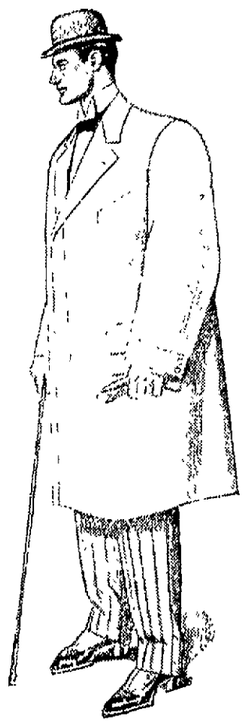
THE GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers | Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Oct. 5th, 1910 | VOL. XXXVII., NO. 23

Special Bargains

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Prices always

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We also call your attention to a complete line of Men's and Boys' Shoes and Rubbers—You will find just what you want in our Shoe Department, whether it be a shoe for Dress or for every day wear, we will save you a big margin on every pair you buy.

Rubbers have gone way up, but here you will find them at the OLD PRICE all new goods and first quality.

We have a complete line of Sweater Coats, Cardigan Jackets, Flannel and Jersey Shirts, Underwear, Wool Sox and in fact everything that will keep you warm.

Remember our prices are always the lowest and if you want to save money and look out for your own interests don't fail to see our special line of bargains before you purchase elsewhere.

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"The Store that saves you money"

Death of Mrs. Atwood.

Mrs. A. M. Atwood died at her home east of the city about 10 o'clock Monday evening, death being caused by paralysis after an illness of several years.

Deceased was born in Syracuse, New York, and was 62 years of age. She came west in 1857 and was married to Mr. Atwood in 1864.

Besides her husband she is survived by five boys and two girls, the children being Fred Atwood of this city, Chester Atwood of Biron George Atwood of the town of Grand Rapids, Edward and Abner Atwood, who reside at home and Mrs. Daisy Horton of Biron and Mrs. Lillian Margeson of this city.

The funeral occurs this afternoon from the home, Rev. M. B. Milne of the Baptist church conducting the services.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies. Bassett, Mrs. Wm. L.; Christianson, Mrs. Selma, card; Gullo, Mrs. Amelia; Hotje, Mrs. N. J., card; Ike, Mrs. Elda Fletcher; Johnson, Miss Cora, card; Moon, Miss Lillie, card; Pease, Miss Marie, card; Peterson, Miss Lillian, card; Rainey, Miss Bell; Saeger, Hattie, card; Smith, Mrs. Harris; Smith, Mrs. H. V., card; Van Hooser, Mrs. Henry, card; Wadell, Mrs. Victor, card; Wheeler, Mrs. Grace.

Gentlemen. Clark, W. C., card; Freye, Sandfort, card; Hartman, J. H.; Jadack, J. J., 2; Jadek, J., card; Knutson, Emil; Lewenski, A., card; McDonald, J. J., 2 cards; Miller, Fred, card; Miller, Fred Miller, Fred Jr., 2 cards; Sommer, A.; Sparks, Kenneth, card; Villag, David G.; Wade, Cyrus, card; Whitmire, J. W.

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Dr. Witter is well known to the older residents of this city, having lived here for many years and practiced medicine, and he has also visited here several times since leaving.

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By N. H. Jackson

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Students at Heidelberg are exempt from arrest by the police. For any infraction of law they may be reported to the university authorities who alone have power to punish. We visited the university jail and saw the cells where unruly students are confined. The walls are covered with inscriptions written by students while serving sentence. Some of these have left their photographs or tin types on the walls, and among them we find that of the great German statesman Bismarck who was once a prisoner in that cell.

Our stay in Heidelberg is necessarily short, but from our hotel a half mile up the mountain, our first impressions of German mountain scenery will never be forgotten. Tomorrow we start for Munich and after a nights rest we go from there to the river Ammer in a Bavarian mountain "gau." There are two little villages on the Ammer not far apart. The one down stream is of course "unter," the one above is "ober," and we are going to "Oberammergau." This trip means so much to us! We are expeticncing so much that we never expected to enjoy that it is difficult to believe that we are really to see the great Passion Play of which we have heard and read so much.

Our carriages wind slowly down the mountain side to the station at Heidelberg. Our special train is waiting for us and we soon find ourselves safely locked in our cars and speeding on our way.

Oberammergau.

From Munich we plunge into the heart of the Bavarian mountains. Lofty peaks rise high above us, and snow is still plainly visible near their summits. Clouds float lazily above and below the mountain peaks. Our "zug" ist nicht "schnell" although it is called a "Schnellzug", for we are slowly laboring on up the steep inclines. At noon we shall be at the "dorf" in the valley of the Ammer, where for so many centuries the simple hearted peasants have actually lived rather than acted, the Passion Play.

While we are enjoying the scenery as we have been passing through the mountains, our train is brought to a standstill, our car doors are unlocked, and we find ourselves at Oberammergau! Mountain walls completely enclose the village. We are very comfortably shut in from the world outside and we immediately proceed to find our lodgings. Our task is no small one. Streets are not named except in a few instances. In fact there are few streets to name, the houses being jumbled in together rather promiscuously even for a German village.

From my little perch in a garret room, I can walk out on a balcony only two feet wide and five feet long. I feel for all the world like a pigeon in the ridge of a barn. Most roofs here shelter the cow and the chickens, but a more spotlessly clean little nest than mine could not be found. I am writing now with my balcony door wide open bathed in the freshest of mountain air, with the beautiful mountains coming down almost to the edge of the village. But it is 7:30 o'clock in the morning and I must start for the big Theater building where the play is to be given. Eight thousand people camped here last night.

The Play.

It was my intention to write a full description of the Passion Play. I have just returned after listening for eight hours, and find that it will be impossible. So much has been written about it this year, that an attempt to add anything now would be a repetition of what you already know. I can say, however, that the effect of the play is so far beyond my expectations that I am sure my enthusiasm will not ebb before reaching home to tell you about it.

This play is not a recent "stage hit." It is a growth of three centuries. It could no more be repeated elsewhere than could these mountains be artificially reproduced on the prairies of South Dakota. You can photograph the scenic effects produced in the play but you can not draw from the film the spirit of real worship shown by these peasants. Strong men wiped their eyes vigorously while many of the "fair sex" made no pretence at control. They "just wept" and had it over. Here is the highest art of the drama. It is nature finding expression.

In the audience this afternoon were people of all nationalities and all conditions in life. The King of Saxony occupied the box built for royalty, while many poor peasants, pilgrims to this Mecca, sat within a few feet of the sovereign, and enjoyed it with him. There were five thousand people in the audience room while another four thousand outside must wait for the next performance.

Tomorrow we shall bid goodbye to a chosen people, and move on to the land of William Tell. Lake Lucerne will be what it is pictured no doubt; the mountains of Switzerland will of course present a grandeur not found here, and we shall enjoy to the full a visit to the land of the Swiss people known in song and story as "the bravest men that e'er drew bow," but not in all our travels shall we find a people set apart for a special purpose as are these simple hearted peasants in the "gau" of the Ammer in these picturesque Bavarian mountains.

High License for Tomah.

At a special election held at Tomah Tuesday, September 20, to decide on the amount of saloon license, the voters decided on $800 license instead of $200 as formerly, the vote being 382 for $800 and 195 for $200.

Tomah is dry this year, but the question of licensing saloons will be submitted again next spring. In case the city goes wet the amount for each saloon applicant to pay will be $800.

Change on the St. Paul.

The morning passenger going north on the C., M. & St. now leaves here at 6:30 in the morning, the time of the other trains remaining the same.

The change in the train service has also caused a change in the delivery of the mail. One delivery is now made at seven o'clock in the morning, and another as soon as possible after the mail is distributed.

WE WILL HAVE A LIBRARY BUILDING

At the regular meeting of the city council on Tuesday evening the matter of accepting Andrew Carnegie's gift of $25,000 for a library building was taken up again and talked over and when the matter was voted on it went thru unanimously.

Now all that remains is the selection of a proper site for the new building, and the purchase of the same. There has been considerable talk about sites since the matter of a new library building was first discussed and there were a large number of our people who were in favor of placing the building on the west bank of the river either by the bridge, or further down, but there is considerable opposition to this plan because which the deeds of the most of the land that has been sold to the city contain the provisions that the land shall be used only for park purposes which precludes the possibility of using it for a library site, unless all of the interested parties could be induced to give the city a new deed of their land.

The council also voted to discontinue the license for the amusement hall, which has been paid during the past winter.

Just What Was Needed.

A company of "Quaker doctors" held forth at the opera house last week, giving an entertainment and selling remedies to those who had lots of faith and an extra dollar to donate to the good cause. Some people would never be sick if it were not for the traveling doctor, who comes down on them unawares with a brass band and a gift of gab, and extracts their teeth and their money to the tune of "Are there any more at home like you," with variations to suit the looks of the crowd. The traveling doctor with an orchestra accompaniment certainly appeals strongly to a class of people who under ordinary circumstances might plod along thru this world without ever discovering they were sick.

Next Stock Fair.

—The monthly stock fair will be held on the west side this month on October 11th. A big fair is looked for as there is a good demand for stock and especially heavy horses for the northern woods. There will also be mentioned of a considerable amount of second hand furniture and anyone having anything in this line to sell can dispose of same by bringing it on the market that day. Manager John Bell will auction off anything you have for sale at a small commission.

Marshfield Loses Game.

The first football game of the season was played in this city on Saturday between the Grand Rapids and Marshfield highschool teams. The score at the end of the game was 3 to 0 in favor of the local team. Those who witnessed the game report that the score was no indication of the superiority of the local team over the visitors, as the latter stood no chance of scoring at any time.

A large crowd of enthusiastic spectators was in attendance and helped cheer the boys to victory.

Against County Option.

The democrats in their platform adopted at Madison last Wednesday, declared against county option. The republicans were silent on the subject, and the supposition is that they are willing to flop either way, whichever stands the best chance.

We believe in every community governing itself on the liquor question for the reason that different nationalities think differently on this subject, and one community should not be in a position to dictate to another in this matter.

Building to be Removed.

The park commissioners have sold the old building on the Harvey Gee property to Fred Oestrich, who has ten days in which to tear down or remove the structure from the premises. With this building removed another long step will have been taken toward clearing off the west river bank, there being only one remaining, that belonging to Saul Preston.

Caught a Big Fish.

Alex Muir caught a ten pound muskellonge up river near the Rocky Rift Rod and Reel Club house on Thursday. The fish was afterward placed on exhibition in the show window of the Muir Shoe Company, where it attracted a great deal of attention, being a fine specimen.

A Large Attendance.

The training school building was crowded on Friday and Saturday with teachers and prospective teachers who were in to attend the institute that was being held there. Those in attendance report that it was a most interesting and instructive institute.

Harvest Supper.

St. Katherine's Guild will give a Harvest supper at the Guild hall on Thursday evening, October 13. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

The First Moravian Church.

Next Sunday evening at 7:30 Rev. Mellicke will give an illustrated lecture on Over Fifty Years of Missionary Labor in the Sealed Land, Tibet. All are welcome. A collection for missions will be taken at the close of the lecture.

Civil Service Examination.

A civil service examination for Railway Mail Clerk will be held at the various named places on Nov. 12, Milwaukee, Madison, LaCrosse Wausau. For information apply to Secretary, Room 55 428 Grand Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Discharged from Custody.

Four boys were rounded up on Sunday evening by Special Officer Ben Hansen, charged with destroying property in the Consolidated park. Two of the boys were fifteen years of age and two of them sixteen. They had a hearing before Justice Brown on Monday, when the boys stated that they had not done any wilfull damage to the park but had been playing there, and in jumping over one of the seats, one of the slats on the top of the bench had been broken. The judge gave them some good advice and upon the guilty ones promising to have the damage repaired, they were discharged from custody.

Considerable damage has been wantonly inflicted on the park since it was improved by the Consolidated people, and it is the intention of the authorities to stop it. The park is one of the most beautiful spots in Grand Rapids, or any other city in this vicinity and there is no excuse for the damage that has been done there by the people who frequent the place, and it is to be hoped that the authorities will succeed in landing some of the vandals and dealing out justice to them.

Married Early.

Those who believe in early marriages should be well satisfied with the one performed by Judge Brown last Thursday morning, for that one occurred at a quarter to one in the morning, certainly early enough for the most exacting.

The contracting parties were James H Jewell of the town of Rome, Adams County and Ellen Green of Oconto County. They came here to be married on Wednesday but when they applied to the Justice he found they were a bit mixed on their dates, and that the necessary five days had not elapsed since securing their license and that consequently it would be necessary to wait until the next day.

As the groom did not want to be put to the inconvenience of driving down into Adams County and back the next day, the judge offered to splice them if they would stick around until after twelve o'clock that night, which they agreed to do, and the knot was tied at 12:15.

The groom is 66 years of age, and owns a farm down in Adams County, and the happy couple started for home soon after the ceremony.

Curious Freak of Nature.

John Slusser, who is employed at the Consolidated plant, showed a bunch of strawberry plants on Friday that he picked near the mill, which were quite a curiosity. The plants has blossoms, green strawberries and ripe strawberries on them, all of them in profusion, making a most remarkable sight for the first of October in this part of the country.

If the present warm weather continues for a time we may look for a third crop of the luscious fruit this season. At the present time there are many gardens that have not been touched by the frost at all, altho we have had two pretty good frosts in this section.

Saturday Football Games.

The Normal football team of Stevens Point was defeated by the Chippewa Falls high school team on Saturday by a score of 18 to 0.

The Stevens Point and Wausau highs played at Wausau on Saturday and the Stevens Point team was defeated by a score of 9 to 0.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In order to accommodate those that do not care to pay the higher prices for tickets for the Red Mill which is at Daly's Theatre tonight Mr. Daly will reserve a part of the gallery for ladies and will have a special attendant to keep order and see that you are properly seated. Price 50c.

Lynn Thompson to Speak.

Lynn Thompson, socialist candidate for congress from this district, will speak from the west side band stand on Thursday evening, Oct. 6th at 7:30. Mr. Thompson's topic will be: "The Question You Should Ask Yourself."

Provision Sale.

—The east side ladies of the Congregational church will hold a Provision Sale in the Wood building at the east end of the bridge on Saturday, Oct. 8th at 1 o'clock.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.'S GROCERY DEPT.

GREAT OCTOBER SALE We want to make this sale the biggest in our history; we have the goods, you need them. We are in a position to save you money as we buy in large quantities, often in carload lots; you get the benefit. HERE ARE A FEW OF OUR MANY SPECIALS

Vinegar, if you want good, try ours ***Indian Chief uncolored Japan tea, try it***

Holland Herring in kegs New imported From Holland per keg **62c**	Santa Claus Soap 7 bars **25c**	Crackers, Soda, Very best 8c per pound 20 lb. boxes at a lb. **7c**	Oil Sardines 3 cans **10c**	Galvanic or Electric Spark Soap 6 bars **25c**	Matches 3 large boxes only **10c**	A large Scrubbing Brush **8c**	6 nice water glasses for only **9c**
Large package of Gold Dust, Snow Boy or Kresoline 4 lb. pkg. **18c**	A can of Peas, Tomatoes, Pumpkins or Mustard Sardines **8c per can**	Raisins Fancy bulk, 2 lbs **For 15c** 7 1-2c per pound	Calumet Soap 9 bars **25c**	3 packages Egg O See, E. C. corn flakes or Quaker corn flakes **For 25c**	Canned Salmon nice pink color **12 1-2c a can** A good one	Clothes Pins **1c** per dozen	6 white China Cups and Saucers only **30c**

10 pounds best granulated Sugar **54c** We buy our sugar in Carload lots You get the Benefit.

Dried Peaches A Fancy One Per Pound **11c**

Blizzard Flour The Perfect 49 lb sack Only **$1.35**

Salt by the barrel The best and cleanest Only, per bbl. **$1.20**

Baking Powder 5 pound cans only **65c** per can We guarantee it. It's pure

Something For The Cows

Boss feed at $1.25 per 100 lbs. makes a cheap and good feed for cows.

Middling or shorts, per 100 lbs. **$1.15**

Sugarota, a good feed for cows 100 lb. **$1.35**

Oil Meal, put a little in the feed, **$1.85** per 100

Also keep all other kinds of feed on hand.

Ideeho Evaporated milk in cans. The heaviest can in the city Only per can **8c**

Visit our Drug store for Wall Paper, Paint, Glass and all Kinds of Drugs

ROLLED OATS The best Oatmeal we can buy in bulk 7 lbs. for **25c**

Syrup, the best kind Only per gal. **37c** It's a good pail

Pears! Another car of Fancy Kiefer canning pears will be here this week Do not hesitate to buy. They are cheap and a healthy food.

Apples! Another car of fancy red apples will be on track this week and sold at the low price of **$1.20** per bushel. Do not fail to get them.

Try our **TABLE SYRUP** it tastes like honey. Let the children eat all they want, it won't hurt them. Once tried always used. We cheerfully recommend it. The price is cheap—trial cans 12c, half gallons 25c, gallon pails 50c. A large supply of FRESH FRUIT and ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES in season. BRICK CHEESE! Oh, but it's good; try it and you will say so; it aids digestion. Price by pound 21c, price by by brick 20c.

Johnson & Hill Co.'s Grocery Dept.

The Largest Distributers of Groceries, Flour and Feed in Wood County

ONE CENT A WORD

FOR SALE Two 80 acre farms near Pittsville, one house, 4 lots near Lincoln School. Terms reasonable. All kinds of insurance. Edward N. Pomainville.

FOR SALE—6 good milch cows, 2 calves and a lot of nice hay. Inquire of Glasburg, 779 Third Ave. N.

FOR RENT—A small barn 2½ blocks from post office. C. E. Boles.

FOR RENT New house in Outlook Addition; also a small house near Polish church; also room house near Geo. Hill residence. Inquire of C. E. Boles.

FOR SALE Kitchen range, heater, iron beds, dressers, carpets and all household goods at a bargain, 422 2nd Ave. North, City. 14 p.

LOST OR STOLEN—Irish Setter pup, answers to the name of Sport. White feet and white mark on head. Finder will be rewarded by notifying A. B. Sutor at the Tribune office.

HOUSE FOR RENT—After Oct. 1, 1060 Washington Ave. Inquire of Peter Schuetz. R 5, Grand Rapids. tf.

CHOICE LAND AT A BARGAIN—I offer for sale 76 acres of the finest land in the town of Grand Rapids, 2 miles S. E. of city at $40 per acre. Forty five acres of this tract are under cultivation and balance choice timber. For further particulars inquire of Henry Pellersels at Hotel Herron.

FOR SALE—Some shafting, hangers, pulleys and counter shafts in good condition. Can be bought cheap. Call at Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Phaeton. First class condition. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at Tribune office.

HARRIET WILLIAMS
MUSIC STUDIO
111 Second Street. Phone 293

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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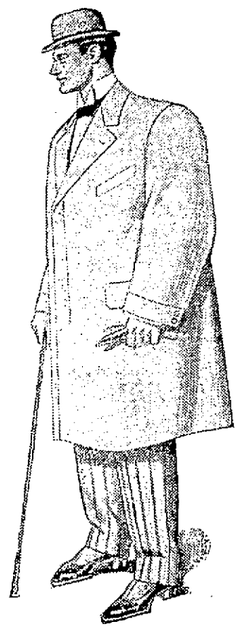
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The battle this morning lasted an hour and fifteen minutes, with only fifteen minutes of actual fighting, but the fencing was fast and furicus, though neither combstant was angry.

It is difficult to harmonize Heidelberg University dueling with the march of civilization. In explanation it may be stated that the fraternities, of which there are five, lead to the army, and these young fellows are ambitious to wear officers' uniforms. Membership in the "Korps" is limited and only the physically strong as well as the courageous are voted in. The frat demands a high sense of honor among its membership. Joining the Korps is optional with the student, but dueling after one joins is expected. To refuse to fight, or to show distress at pain means disgrace and possible expulsion from the Korps.

Students at Heidelberg are exempt from arrest by the police. For any infraction of law they may be reported to the university authorities who alone have power to punish. We visited the university jail and saw the cells where unruly students are confined. The walls are covered with inscriptions written by students while serving sentence. Some of these have left their photographs or tin types on the walls, and among them we find that of the great German statesman Bismarck who was once a prisoner in that cell.

Our stay in Heidelberg is necessarily short, but from our hotel a half mile up the mountain, our first impressions of German mountain scenery will never be forgotten. Tomorrow we start for Munich and after a nights rest we go from there to the river Ammer in a Bavarian mountain "gau." There are two little villages on the Ammer not far apart. The one down stream is of course "unter," the one above is "ober," and we are going to "Oberammergau." This trip means so much to us! We are experiencing so much that we never expected to enjoy that it is difficult to believe that we are really to see the great Passion Play of which we have heard and read so much.

Our carriages wind slowly down the mountain side to the station at Heidelberg. Our special train is waiting for us and we soon find ourselves safely locked in our cars and speeding on our way.

Oberammergau.

From Munich we plunge into the heart of the Bavarian mountains. Lofty peaks rise high above us, and snow is still plainly visible near their summits. Clouds float lazily above and below the mountain peaks. Our "zug" ist nicht "schnell" although it is called a "Schnellzug", for we are slowly laboring on up the steep inclines. At noon we shall be at the "dorf" in the valley of the Ammer, where for so many centuries the simple hearted peasants have actually lived rather than acted, the Passion Play.

While we are enjoying the scenery as we have been passing through the mountains, our train is brought to a standstill, our car doors are unlocked, and we find ourselves at Oberammergau! Mountain walls completely enclose the village. We are very comfortably shut in from the world outside and we immediately proceed to find our lodgings. Our task is no small one. Streets are not named except in a few instances. In fact there are few streets to name, the houses being jumbled in together rather promiscuously even for a German village.

From my little perch in a garret room, I can walk out on a balcony only two feet wide and five feet long. I feel for all the world like a pigeon in the ridge of a barn. Most roofs here shelter the cow and the chickens, but a more spotlessly clean little nest than mine could not be found. I am writing now with my balcony door wide open bathed in the freshest of mountain air, with the beautiful mountains coming down almost to the edge of the village. But it is 7:30 o'clock in the morning and I must start for the big Theater building where the play is to be given. Eight thousand people camped here last night.

The Play.

It was my intention to write a full description of the Passion Play. I have just returned after listening for eight hours, and find that it will be impossible. So much has been written about it this year, that an attempt to add anything now would be a repetition of what you already know. I can say, however, that the effect of the play is so far beyond my expectations that I am sure my enthusiasm will not ebb before reaching home to tell you about it.

This play is not a recent "stage hit." It is a growth of three centuries. It could no more be repeated elsewhere than could these mountains be artificially reproduced on the prairies of South Dakota. You can photograph the scenic effects produced in the play but you can not draw from the film the spirit of real worship shown by these peasants. Strong men wiped their eyes vigorously while many of the "fair sex" made no pretence at control. They "just wept" and had it over. Here is the highest art of the drama. It is nature finding expression.

In the audience this afternoon were people of all nationalities and all conditions in life. The King of Saxony occupied the box built for royalty, while many poor peasants, pilgrims to this Mecca, sat within a few feet of the sovereign, and enjoyed it with him. There were five thousand people in the audience room while another four thousand outside must wait for the next performance.

Tomorrow we shall bid goodbye to a chosen people, and move on to the land of William Tell. Lake Lucerne will be what it is pictured no doubt; the mountains of Switzerland will of course present a grandeur not found here, and we shall enjoy to the full a visit to the land of the Swiss people known in song and story as "the bravest men that e'er drew bow," but not in all our travels shall we find a people set apart for a special purpose as are these simple hearted peasants in the "gau" of the Ammer in these picturesque Bavarian mountains.

High License for Tomah.

At a special election held at Tomah Tuesday, September 20. to decide on the amount of saloon license, the voters decided on $800 license instead of $200 as formerly, the vote being 382 for $800 and 195 for $200.

Tomah is dry this year, but the question of licensing saloons will be submitted again next spring. In case the city goes wet the amount for each saloon applicant to pay will be $800.

Change on the St. Paul.

The morning passenger going north on the C., M. & St. now leaves here at 6:30 in the morning, the time of the other trains remaining the same.

The change in the train service has also caused a change in the delivery of the mail. One delivery is now made at seven o'clock in the morning, and another as soon as possible after the mail is distributed.

WE WILL HAVE A LIBRARY BUILDING

At the regular meeting of the city council on Tuesday evening the matter of accepting Andrew Carnegie's gift of $25,000 for a library building was taken up again and talked over and when the matter was voted on it went thru unanimously.

Now all that remains is the selection of a proper site for the new building, and the purchase of the same. There has been considerable talk about sites since the matter of a new library building was first discussed and there were a large number of our people who were in favor of placing the building on the west bank of the river either by the bridge, or further down, but there is considerable opposition to this plan besides which the deeds of the most of the land that has been sold to the city contain the provisions that the land shall be used only for park purposes which precludes the possibility of using it for a library site, unless all of the interested parties could be induced to give the city a new deed of their land.

The council also voted to discontinue the license for the amusement hall, which has been paid during the past winter.

Just What Was Needed.

A company of "Quaker doctors" held forth at the opera house last week, giving an entertainment and selling remedies to those who had lots of faith and an extra dollar to donate to the good cause. Some people would never be sick if it were not for the traveling doctor, who comes down on them unawares with a brass band and a gift of gab, and extracts their teeth and their money to the tune of "Are there any more at home like you," with variations to suit the looks of the crowd. The traveling doctor with an orchestra accompaniement certainly appeals strongly to a class of people who under ordinary circumstances might plod along thru this world without ever discovering they were sick.

Next Stock Fair.

—The monthly stock fair will be held on the west side this month on October 11th. A big fair is looked for as there is a good demand for stock and especially heavy horses for the northern woods. There will also be auctioned off a considerable amount of second hand furniture and anyone having anything in this line to sell can dispose of same by bringing it on the market that day. Manager John Bell will auction off anything you have for sale at a small commission.

Marshfield Loses Game.

The first football game of the season was played in this city on Saturday between the Grand Rapids and Marshfield highschool teams. The score at the end of the game was 3 to 0 in favor of the local team. Those who witnessed the game report that the score was no indication of the superiority of the local team over the visitors, as the latter stood no chance of scoring at any time.

A large crowd of enthusiastic spectators was in attendance and helped cheer the boys to victory.

Against County Option.

The democrats in their platform adopted at Madison last Wednesday, declared against county option. The republicans were silent on the subject, and the supposition is that they are willing to flop either way, whichever stands the best chance.

We believe in every community governing itself on the liquor question for the reason that different nationalities think differently on this subject, and one community should not be in a position to dictate to another in this matter.

Building to be Removed.

The park commissioners have sold the old building on the Harvey Gee property to Fred Oestrich, who has ten days in which to tear down or remove the structure from the premises. With this building removed another long step will have been taken toward clearing off the west river bank, there being only one remaining, that belonging to Saul Preston.

Caught a Big Fish.

Alex Muir caught a ten pound muskellonge up river near the Rocky Rift Rod and Reel Club house on Thursday. The fish was afterward placed on exhibition in the show window of the Muir Shoe Company, where it attracted a great deal of attention, being a fine specimen.

A Large Attendance.

The training school building was crowded on Friday and Saturday with teachers and prospective teachers who were in to attend the institute that was being held there. Those in attendance report that it was a most interesting and instructive institute.

Harvest Supper.

St. Katherine's Guild will give a Harvest supper at the Guild hall on Thursday evening, October 13. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

The First Moravian Church.

Next Sunday evening at 7:30 Rev. Mellicke will give an illustrated lecture on Over Fifty Years of Missionary Labor in the Sealed Land, Tibet. All are welcome. A collection for missions will be taken at the close of the lecture.

Civil Service Examination.

A civil service examination for Railway Mail Clerk will be held at the various named places on Nov. 12, Milwaukee, Madison, LaCrosse Wausau. For information apply to Secretary, Room 55 428 Grand Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Discharged from Custody.

Four boys were rounded up on Sunday evening by Special Officer Ben Hansen, charged with destroying property in the Consolidated park. Two of the boys were fifteen years of age and two of them sixteen. They had a hearing before Justice Brown on Monday, when the boys stated that they had not done any wilfull damage in the park but had been playing there, and in jumping over one of the seats, one of the slats on the top of the bench had been broken. The judge gave them some good advice and upon the guilty ones promising to have the damage repaired, they were discharged from custody.

Considerable damage has been wantonly inflicted on the park since it was improved by the Consolidated people, and it is the intention of the authorities to stop it. The park is one of the most beautiful spots in Grand Rapids, or any other city in this vicinity and there is no excuse for the damage that has been done there by the people who frequent the place, and it is to be hoped that the authorities will succeed in landing some of the vandals and dealing out justice to them.

Married Early.

Those who believe in early marriages should be well satisfied with the one performed by Judge Brown last Thursday morning, for that one occurred at a quarter to one in the morning, certainly early enough for the most exacting.

The contracting parties were James H. Jewell of the town of Rome, Adams County and Ellen Green of Oconto County. They came here to be married on Wednesday but when they applied to the Justice he found they were a bit mixed on their dates, and that the necessary five days had not elapsed since securing their license and that consequently it would be necessary to wait until the next day.

As the groom did not want to be put to the inconvenience of driving down into Adams County and back the next day, the judge offered to splice them if they would stick around until after twelve o'clock that night, which they agreed to do, and the knot was tied at 12:15.

The groom is 66 years of age, and owns a farm down in Adams County, and the happy couple started for home soon after the ceremony.

Curious Freak of Nature.

John Slusser, who is employed at the Consolidated plant, showed a bunch of strawberry plants on Friday that he picked near the mill, which were quite a curiosity. The plants has blossoms, green strawberries and ripe strawberries on them, all of them in profusion, making a most remarkable sight for the first of October in this part of the country.

If the present warm weather continues for a time we may look for a third crop of the luscious fruit this season. At the present time there are many gardens that have not been touched by the frost at all, altho we have had two pretty good frosts in this section.

Saturday Football Games.

The Normal football team of Stevens Point was defeated by the Chippewa Falls high school team on Saturday by a score of 48 to 0.

The Stevens Point and Wausau highs played at Wausau on Saturday and the Stevens Point team was defeated by a score of 9 to 0.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In order to accommodate those that do not care to pay the higher prices for tickets for the Red Mill which is at Daly's Theatre tonight Mr. Daly will reserve a part of the gallery for ladies and will have a special attendant to keep order and see that you are properly seated. Price 50c.

Lynn Thompson to Speak.

Lynn Thompson, socialist candidate for congress from this district, will speak from the west side hand stand on Thursday evening, Oct. 6th at 7:30. Mr. Thompson's topic will be: "The Question You Should Ask Yourself."

Provision Sale.

—The east side ladies of the Congregational church will hold a Provision Sale in the Wood building at the east end of the bridge on Saturday, Oct. 8th at 1 o'clock.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.'S GROCERY DEPT.

GREAT OCTOBER SALE

We want to make this sale the biggest in our history; we have the goods, you need them. We are in a position to save you money as we buy in large quantities, often in carload lots; you get the benefit. HERE ARE A FEW OF OUR MANY SPECIALS

Indian Chief uncolored Japan tea, try it

Vinegar, if you want good, try ours

Holland Herring in kegs New imported From Holland per keg **62c**	Santa Claus Soap 7 bars **25c**	Crackers, Soda, Very best 8c per pound 20 lb. boxes at a lb. **7c**	Oil Sardines 3 cans **10c**	Galvanic or Elecitic Spark Soap 6 bars **25c**	Matches 3 large boxes only **10c**	A large Scrubbing Brush **8c**	6 nice water glases for only **9c**
Large package of Gold Dust, Snow Boy or Kresoline 4 lb. pkg. **18c**	A can of Peas, Tomatoes, Pumpkins or Mustard Sardines **8c per can**	Raisins Fancy bulk, 2 lbs **For 15c** 7 1-2c per pound	Calumet Soap 9 bars **25c**	3 packages Egg O Sec, E. C. corn flakes or Quaker corn flakes **For 25c**	Canned Salmon nice pink color **12 1-2c a can** A good one	Clothes Pins **1c** per dozen	6 white China Cups and Saucers only **30c**

10 pounds best granulated Sugar **54c** We buy our sugar in Carload lots You get the Benefit.

Dried Peaches A Fancy One Per Pound **11c**

Blizzard Flour The Perfect 49 lb sack Only **$1.35**

Salt by the barrel The best and cleanest Only, per bbl. **$1.20**

Baking Powder 5 pound cans only **65c** per can We guarantee it. It's pure

Something For The Cows

Boss feed at $1.25 per 100 lbs. makes a cheap and good feed for cows.

Middling or shorts, per 100 lbs. **$1.15**

Sugarota, a good feed for cows 100 lb. **$1.35**

Oil Meal, put a little in the feed, **$1.85** per 100

Also keep all other kinds of feed on hand.

Idecho Evaporated milk in cans. The heaviest can in the city Only per can **8c**

Visit our Drug store for Wall Paper, Paint, Glass and all Kinds of Drugs

ROLLED OATS The best Oatmeal we can buy in bulk 7 lbs. for **25c**

Syrup, the best kind Only per gal. **37c** It's a good pail

Pears! Another car of Fancy Kiefer canning pears will be here this week. Do not hesitate to buy. They are cheap and a healthy food.

Apples! Another car of fancy red apples will be on track this week and sold at the low price of **$1.20** per bushel. Do not fail to get them.

Try our **TABLE SYRUP** it tastes like honey. Let the children eat all they want, it won't hurt them. Once tried always used. We cheerfully recommend it. The price is cheap—trial cans 12c, half gallons 25c, gallon pails 50c. A large supply of FRESH FRUIT and ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES in season. BRICK CHEESE! Oh, but it's good; try it and you will say so; it aids digestion. Price by pound 21c, price by by brick 20c.

Johnson & Hill Co.'s Grocery Dept.

The Largest Distributers of Groceries, Flour and Feed in Wood County

ONE CENT A WORD

FOR SALE. Two 80 acre farms near Pittsville, one house, 4 lots near Lincoln School. Terms reasonable. All kinds of Insurance. Edward N. Pomainville.

FOR SALE—7 good milch cows, 2 calves and a lot of nice hay. Inquire of Gisbourg, 779 Third Ave. N.

FOR RENT—A small barn 2½ blocks from post office. C. E. Boice.

FOR RENT New house in Outlook Addition; also a small house near Polish church; also room house near Geo. Hill residence. Inquire of C. E. Boice.

FOR SALE—Kitchen range, heater, iron beds, dressers, carpets and all household goods at a bargain. 462 2nd Ave. North, City. 1 4 p.

LOST OR STOLEN—Irish Setter pup, answers to the name of Sport. White feet and white mark on head. Finder will be rewarded by notifying A. B. Sutor at the Tribune office.

HOUSE FOR RENT—After Oct. 1, 1080 Washington Ave. Inquire of Peter Schmetz. 1t5, Grand Rapids.—tf.

CHOICE LAND AT A BARGAIN—I offer for sale 66 acres of the finest land in the town of Grand Rapids, 2 miles S. E. of city at $40 per acre. Forty-five acres of this tract are under cultivation and balance choice timber. For further particulars inquire of Henry Pellersels at Hotel Herron.

FOR SALE—Some shafting, hangers, pulleys and counter shafts in good condition. Can be bought cheap. Call at Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Phaeton. First class condition. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at Tribune office.

HARRIET WILLIAMS

MUSIC STUDIO

111 Second Street. Phone 293

WONDERS of the SOUTHWEST

By N. H. DARTON, U.S. Geological Survey

THE southwestern section of the United States is a province that presents many special characteristics of physiography, climate, resources and capabilities which are not as well known as they deserve to be. The term "southwest" is usually applied to New Mexico, Arizona and southern California, an area of about the size of New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and the Virginias. Much public attention has of late been attracted to Arizona and New Mexico in connection with their admission to statehood, and one gratifying result of this has been a greatly increased interest in their resources and conditions.

Excluding the populous and thrifty coast region of southern California, the southwest is the most thinly populated and least developed portion of the country south of Alaska. As this condition is due mainly to a climate so arid that but little can be raised without irrigation, its future development is to be measured by the utilization of the vast volume of flood waters now going to waste. This water can be applied to millions of acres of level lands with rich soil, which with the unending sunshine of its mild climate will respond with large and profitable crops.

Unfortunately, there is not enough water for all the land, but there is sufficient, if all were utilized, to support a population many times as large as the present one. The government is now spending $12,000,000 in reclamation projects in Arizona and New Mexico which supply water for nearly one-half million acres of fertile lands. This will give great impetus to development, and in time, when settlers take up the reclaimed land, there will be a large increase in its agricultural productions.

In the great coast region of southern California, with a population of nearly 600,000, the principal products are the orange and other fruits, with a value of about $20,000,000 a year, while in the inland districts the mining industry is the largest source of revenue. Portions of the southwest are richly productive of various minerals, notably those of copper, and recently southern California has become a heavy producer of petroleum. The value of the copper, oil and other products of the ground aggregates about $75,000,000 a year.

It is probable that further exploration will disclose large additional supplies of ores of various kinds, especially those of low grade, which will prove profitable under improved methods of reduction.

The southwest presents a variety of topographic features, and many of its economic resources are closely related to them. There is great range in altitude, with corresponding variation in climatic conditions. One of the most salient features is the wide, high plateau of northern Arizona, which reaches an altitude of 8,000 feet. It is surmounted by various volcanic peaks, notably San Francisco peak, which is 12,611 feet above sea level.

To the east this district merges into an irregular series of high plateaus, constituting the western half of New Mexico.

To the west and south it drops by huge steps into the great region of desert valleys or bolsons of Nevada, western Arizona, and southeastern California. These deserts are wide, long plains, lying between mountain ridges of varying lengths and heights, ridges which are all very rocky and mostly treeless and trend north and south.

Diagonally across southern California there extends the long curving ridge of the Sierra Madre and San Bernardino mountains, between which and the ocean lies the large oval area known as the valley of southern California. This valley is the great citrus fruit district, and Los Angeles,

There are two great rivers in the southwest, the Colorado and the Rio Grande. The Colorado river has been compared to the Nile and the similarity is notable. Both are streams of the first rank, rising in high mountains, and finally crossing a broad region of semi-tropical, nearly rainless deserts. Both empty into seas in nearly the same latitude, and their lower courses are through wide deltas of fertile soil. The annual overflows add new sediments fertile with plant food and at a time favorable for the crops.

The agricultural capabilities are closely similar, but while much of the lower Nile valley is utilized the Colorado valley is just beginning to be settled. The watershed area of the Colorado, with its two head branches, the Green and the Grand, is over 200,000 square miles, its course 2,000 miles in length, and its annual discharge is 11,000,000 acre-feet, or enough to cover that number of acres one foot deep.

The sediment which it carries each year into the gulf is estimated to be sufficient to cover 53 square miles one foot deep. For 200 miles of its course across the high plateau of northeastern Arizona it cuts the wonderful Grand canyon, which in places is nearly a mile deep. South of the canyon it flows mostly in broad valleys, but cuts through several desert ridges, finally passing out into the wide delta plain extending in its mouth.

The Rio Grande is a large river rising in the mountains of Colorado, traversing New Mexico from north to south, and finally constituting the boundary line between Texas and Mexico.

The definition of a desert given by the dictionaries, "a dry, sandy region without vegetation or inhabitants," is defective, and the idea that it is necessarily flat is erroneous. Most portions of the average desert bear an extensive, though somewhat widely spaced, flora. Many desert regions contain numerous settlements, the Sahara desert for instance having a population of 2,500,000. Loose sand is a minor feature, and much more prevalent on the seacoasts and along the bottom lands of rivers. There are wide areas of bare rocks, and the larger deserts include mountains, ridges, mesas and deep canyons.

The deserts of the southwest are regions of very scanty rainfall, parts of them having only three inches a year and evaporation of eighty inches or more.

This canyon is the mile-deep gorge cut by the Colorado river across the high plateau of northern Arizona. The view from the rim reveals the most stupendous panorama imaginable, for one sees into an area of about 600 square miles filled with an endless variety of most rugged topographic forms of many beautiful colors. On the sky-line, ten to fifteen miles away, is the edge of a wide-reaching plateau, and in the middle ground of the picture flows the Colorado river, nearly a mile below one's feet.

The features are so gigantic and so plainly in view that all sense of scale is lost, and it is not until one has been down to the bottom of the canyon at the river level that any adequate sense of proportion can be gained.

The canyon was discovered by Cardenas, who went to its edge in 1540 on a branch trip from Coronado's expedition, on information obtained by Tovar from the Hopi Indians. The original name given to the river was Tison, Spanish for firebrand, and it is to be regretted that the name has not been retained to avoid the present confusion due to the river having the same name as the state.

Coon butte, another of the greatest wonders in our country, is also situated in the southwest, but owing to its distance from the railroad it is seldom visited. It is a great crater-like bowl in the plateau, about ten miles south of Canyon Diablo station. "The crater" is about 4,000 feet wide and 600 deep, with an irregular encircling rim of loose rock fragments from 120 to 160 feet high.

The petrified forests attract many visitors, especially the most accessible one south of Adamana, a station on the Santa Fe railroad a few miles east of Holbrook. There is a large quantity of the material in sight here, some of it in large logs. One of these logs spans a small draw as a natural bridge.

Arizona possesses a very picturesque natural bridge of limestone spanning Pine creek, in Gila county, 70 miles south of Flagstaff. It does not, however, rival the great bridges recently discovered in Utah. Its span is 80 feet, its height about 125 feet, and its length up and down the creek is over 400 feet.

Canyon de Chelly is one of the most notable scenic features in Arizona, but it is so far off the main line of travel that it is rarely visited. It is cut deeply into soft sandstones, which rise in vertical walls, with many outlying pinnacles and monuments. Some of these features appear also in the great wall of red sandstone on the north side of the wide depression through which the Santa Fe railroad crosses the continental divide east of Gallup. One of the most remarkable pinnacles of this wall is fancifully termed the Navajo Church.

Few persons who travel across the southwest realize that in Arizona and New Mexico there are enormous forests of valuable timber and that the lumbering is an important industry. In both territories there are several large forest reservations, and one of these in Arizona, the Coconino forest, with nearly 6,000 square miles, is the largest single reserve in the United States. The total forest area reserved in Arizona is 15,250,130 acres, or more than 24,000 square miles, and in New Mexico there are 10,971,711 acres, or more than 17,000 square miles. Southern California also has several large reserves.

The Coconino forest in Arizona occupies part of the great plateau in which the Grand Canyon is cut, and extends to the brink of the canyon.

The visitor to the southwest usually takes keen interest in the Indians, who are numerous not only along the main lines of travel, but in many remote villages. Some tribes, notably the Apaches, who continued to be troublesome until a relatively recent date, have become famous for the misdeeds that materially retarded the development of Arizona and western New Mexico. Now, however, all is peace and tranquillity. The newspapers, especially eastern ones, occasionally print accounts of uprisings, but these prove to be local quarrels with a few individuals.

The Indians of the southwest are of two kinds, differing greatly in most of their characteristics. One is the nomad type, represented by the Apaches, Navajos, the Yumas, Papagoes and Pimas, and smaller tribes; the other is the pueblo type, which is comprised of 26 pueblos, or villages, scattered through central and western New Mexico, and in the Hopi reserve, in northwestern Arizona.

Probably there is greater popular interest in the pueblo people, for their settlements are permanent and mostly very ancient, and their religious ceremonies are extremely elaborate and picturesque. They live in villages of several hundred inhabitants, in substantial stone or adobe houses, some of which are in groups, rising in tiers to a height of four or five stories, with streets and central plaza. They are peaceful and industrious, raising crops largely by irrigation. They have herds of cattle and sheep, and spinning, weaving and making their garments is one of their important occupations.

Work appears evenly divided between men and women in the pueblos. The men do the farming, tend to the cattle and sheep, do the hunting, build the houses, and have many smaller trades and occupations. The women do the housework, grind the corn, make pottery, blankets and clothes.

The visitor is generally impressed by the pueblo people and pleased with the agreeable home life and simple hospitality which they readily offer.

The interesting features of the southwest, notably the beauty of the coast region and the special climatic advantages, draw a large number of tourists and health-seekers, especially in winter, and every year sees a substantial increase in the influx of visitors.

Because of its dry air and mild climate the southwest has become famous as a health resort, especially for those having tuberculosis of the respiratory organs. The percentage of cures made in New Mexico, Arizona and California, great as it is, would be much greater if a larger proportion of those who are seeking health came in time. It is necessary to come before the vitality is too greatly diminished and then to live under favorable conditions, the most essential of which is to be out of doors as much as possible.

Many health-seekers spend most of their money in railroad fare to reach the desired resorts. Physicians do a great wrong to patients in sending them so far from home, friends and care without means to provide suitable quarters, nourishment and attention to sustain them while making their fight against death.

The climate of the southwest presents considerable variety, but in all the lower lands the winters are delightfully mild, and everywhere blue sky is in evidence for more than 300 days in the year. The summers are warm; in the southern desert area they are decidedly hot for several months, but the dry air even then is much more endurable than the sultry summer weather of the eastern and central states. Sunstroke is unknown, and laborers continue their work without distress.

The valley of southern California is protected from the cold northern winds of winter by high mountain ranges, while to the south it is open to the Pacific. Owing to the peculiar configuration of the coast the cold California current from the north is deflected west near Point Conception, and hence the southern California shores have waters warmer by about ten degrees than those to the north.

This beneficent climate is responsible for the giant industry of fruit growing which has made California famous over the globe. California furnishes the major part of the very large amount of oranges and other citrus fruits consumed in the United States, and this business has been the potent cause in the development of southern California.

The orange and other citrus fruits of southern California have an output of about 30,000 carloads a year, with a net value of more than $15,000,000.

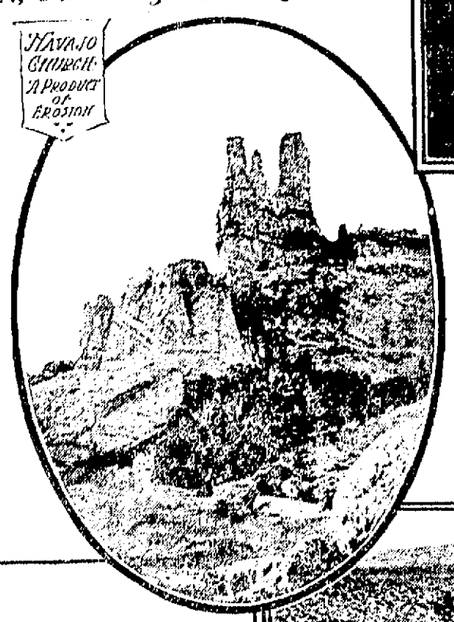
East of the mountains in southern California is an extensive desert country, much of it without water, but large areas can be reached by ditches from the Colorado river. The most notable district of the sort of in the Salton desert, near the Mexican boundary. A few years ago this was a lonely and forbidding region, but now, by aid of irrigation from the Colorado river, it has several thriving settlements, with 100,000 people and 200,000 acres of cultivated land. That portion of it known as Imperial valley has the greatest development, and with rich soil and semi-tropical climate phenomenal results have been obtained when water is applied.

One of the best known products of this region is the canteloupe, of which the annual shipments are over 1,800 cars, bringing nearly a million dollars. This valley contains over 400,000 acres of land, and just across the Mexican line are 200,000 more.

The great oil fields of California are in the southern part of the state, and with rapidly increasing production they promise to be the largest producers in the country.



PUEBLO OF ZUNI, WESTERN NEW MEXICO





GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO NEAR THE HANCE TRAIL



CROOKED CREEK LONG VALLEY, CALIFORNIA



CAPTAINS OF THE CANYON NORTHEASTERN ARIZONA

She.

A sunny sparkle in a pool,
A flash and a surprise,
A mist that's drawn across the stars,
Her eyes.
A touch of vapor and of fire,
A hovering bird that sips
The lurid teardrops from the rose,
Her lips.
A garden filled with fadeless flowers,
Where lilies bloom apart—
The wonder in that garden's mine—
Her heart.

—J. C. Gerndt, in Smart Set Magazine.

The Silver Purse

By TEMPLE BAILEY

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It was fate that made Juliet's birthday and that of her prospective mother-in-law come in the same week. It is not expected that the course of true love will run smooth, and, heretofore, the love affair of Juliet had had no uneven places. She loved her betrothed; he loved her, and they both loved his mother.

Now and then a little jealousy of Carter's mother crossed Juliet's mind. The older woman was fascinating and beautiful in a way that Juliet had never been and never could be. Juliet was pretty and fresh and pink and white, while Carter's mother was stately and classic.

The two women talked of the son and lover who was in the far west, and planned for his homecoming.

"He will get here in our birthday week," the mother said, "and we will have two cakes; a white one for you and a gold cake for me. You shall have white candles and I'll have yellow ones, and we will have jonquils and lilies of the valley in the middle of the table."

Their disappointment came when Carter wrote that he could not get back in time for the celebration. He sent a box with his letter. In it was a silver purse and a set of Browning. The two cards told that the purse was for Mrs. Crowell, the books for Juliet.

Juliet eyed the silver purse wistfully. She had wanted one for years, and Carter knew it. She felt a little hurt that he should have sent her books. Of course on the flyleaf he had written "With love, from Carter."



Talked of the Son and Lover.

She took her books and went home rather soberly. That night she read them and finding certain of the exquisite love poems, was thrilled and enraptured. She wrote to Carter and told him how lovely it was of him to think of her and to send a message of his love in the words of his favorite poet.

The next day the two women went downtown together. Mrs. Crowell wore the silver purse. Juliet with her shabby pocketbook, and away from the glamour of the love passages, again felt slightly aggrieved. Why should Carter add to his mother's beauty with dainty trifles, when that of his sweetheart needed enhancing? Moreover he had heard her speak of her love of pretty things. Yet he had sent her grave books that must stand on the shelf.

Mrs. Crowell fingered the silver handbag with delight. "It was dear of Carter to send me this," she said. "Did you like the books, Juliet?"

Juliet answered faintly. The purse at close range seemed so desirable and the books on the shelf were remote. She wanted something that she could show the girls, something that would glitter and swing from a silver chain and add the final touch to her costume. On the way home she still cherished her sense of grievance. To quiet her doubts she got out Carter's letter. It was written in his usual difficult scrawl, and she read it slowly. It breathed his love for her and she went to bed comforted.

But the next day her best girl friend came to see her. "What did Carter give you for your birthday?" Mary asked.

Juliet hesitated. "Books," she said at last.

"Oh," Mary's voice held no enthusiasm. "I hope no one will give me books for my birthday. I think a man ought to pick out something personal. Did you see the purse he gave his mother?"

Juliet sighed. "Yes," she said.

"It would have been more appropriate for you," Mary said. "I don't see what an old woman like his mother wants with a thing like that."

The next morning Mrs. Crowell telephoned to Juliet. "I have a long letter from Carter," she said, "and I can't read it, my eyes are so bad, and you know his scrawl, my dear."

"I'll come up," Juliet promised, "this afternoon and read it for you."

"Come to lunch," Mrs. Crowell invited, and Juliet agreed.

While Mrs. Crowell prepared the lunch Juliet looked over the letter.

"It's a little hard to make out," she called to the older lady in the other room. "I'll read it aloud when I have deciphered it."

As she read a flush came to her cheeks and a light to her eyes, for this was the letter:

"Mother Dear: I have just received a note from Juliet. In it she thanks me for my gift of Browning's poems. I also have a letter from you in which you thank me for a purse. Now, as a matter of fact, I sent the silver purse to Juliet, and the poems to you. I know how you love Browning. I am so sorry that you should have been disappointed because I intended you should have the books you have so long coveted. But Juliet seems so pleased that I hate to tell her of her mistake. Will you buy yourself the books? I want Juliet to have pretty things, yet knowing her, I feel that if I explain she will feel it necessary to return the books to you and to take the silver purse which would mean so much less to her. Some day I can give her all the trifles to wear that she needs, and she has called the books 'precious.' So don't tell her anything about it. I'll write again soon and give you the news; this is simply to correct my blunder. I suppose the cards were mixed in some way.

Yours always,
Carter."

When she had finished Juliet drew a quick breath. He had wanted her to have the purse, he had remembered her love of pretty things. The exchange would be easy. Mrs. Crowell coveted the books.

At this moment the elder woman came in with the salad in a silver dish. "Did he say anything about the purse?" she asked. "It was so lovely of him to send it to me. Men are so apt to think that we older women care nothing for the dainty things of dress. I get books, and books, and books, and practical things. It's a pleasure now and then to have something different."

Juliet's breath came quickly. Surely Carter would want his mother saved from disappointment. It seemed to bring her closer to him to think that she might have a secret with him, something that they could hide from his mother, rather than something that he and his mother should hide from his sweetheart.

"Read the letter," the older woman said as they sat down to the table, and Juliet read it, making up as she went along sentences which told that he was glad she liked the purse, glad that Juliet liked the books and said nothing of his mistake. After that they chatted of the coming marriage and Juliet's plans for it.

When Juliet went home she wrote to her lover and told him all about it—how she loved the books and how his mother had delighted in the silver purse.

"I want her to keep it," she said, "and you must not send me another to make up to me, for I like to feel that it is my gift to your mother as well as yours. Some day I'll give her a set of Browning and then she will have both things, and never know the difference."

The answer that came from him repaid her for her sacrifice. "I am going to take you at your word," he said, "and let you do without the purse."

But on their wedding day, besides the diamond pendant that he gave her, there was another gift. Wrapped in tissue paper and tied with white ribbon, it made a rather bulky package. Within she found a golden bag, all glittering mesh and sparkling stones. It was a thing beautiful enough for a duchess, a thing a prince might have presented to the lady he loved, and that was what it meant to Juliet; the gift of the lover who had given her the greatest gift of all—his heart's best and purest adoration.

Money Saved to Apple Growers.

Evaporating low grade apples for export has lately had a good start in the apple-producing districts of Tasmania, and promises much increase. During the last year on account of the establishment of several good apple evaporating plants, utilizing up-to-date American machinery, about $500,000 was saved to apple growers on apples which would otherwise have nearly all been thrown away as unsalable waste on account of low grade.

THE STATUE OF WASHINGTON

Now Stands in Versailles, a Gift From the State of Virginia to the French Republic.

Washington.—M. Jusserand, French ambassador, went from Washington to help the French government accept the statue of Washington presented by the state of Virginia and in the Napoleon hall of the chateau of Versailles, in the presence of the French minister of war, General Brun; the French ambassador to the United States, M. Jusserand, and his wife, and the American ambassador, Robert



Houdon's Statue of Washington.

Bacon, and Mrs. Bacon, the bronze replica of Houdon's celebrated statue of Washington in the statehouse at Richmond, Va., presented by the state of Virginia to the French republic, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. The dedication ceremonies took place before a distinguished assemblage of Frenchmen and Americans, including Marquis de Lafayette, members of the French mission that presented to America the statue of Rochambeau, now at Washington, and Nathan B. Scott, once United States senator from West Virginia.

They had great doin's there, largely military, with a heap of French notables and a good many Americans. The band played the "Star Spangled Banner" as Count Chambrun, brother-in-law of Congressman Longworth of Ohio, great grandson of Lafayette, unveiled the bronze, which was veiled, not with the Stars and Stripes, but with the "Sic Semper Tyrannis" flag of Virginia. When M. Jusserand made his speech he said, among other things: "America is the only country with which France has never fought. France is the only country with which American was ever an ally." And he added: "No gift could be more valuable, as no part of America is dearer than historical Virginia, the birthplace of the United States."

In the pedestal on which the statue will stand will be a list of 46,000 names of French soldiers and sailors who fought in the United States during the revolution.

THE GEN. MOULTON HOUSE

Historic Old Building in Hampton, Mass., Which Was Owned by Noted Revolutionary Hero.

Boston.—Of more than passing interest in historic old Hampton is the Gen. Jonathan Moulton house in the heart of the town which was built in 1769.

The home of this sterling local public functionary of those early days was burned to the ground on March 15, 1769, and a long account of the event, for that period of news-gathering, appeared in the Boston Chronicle of March 20.

General Moulton immediately built, near the site of the destroyed building, the house which now stands at the familiar corner near Rand's hill and which since his death in 1787 has been occupied by various first families of the hamlet by the sea.

There have been many traditions, ghostly and otherwise, connected with



Moulton House Built in 1769.

the old Moulton house; and a landlord with a reputation for geniality and imagination combined, has often paraded the old Moulton boot with which General Moulton "caught the gold from the devil's coffers" in the olden time when superstition ran rife in the neighborhood.

General Moulton was a mighty man in the years that called for men. He served with the rank of colonel throughout the Revolutionary war. In return for the present of a fatted ox to Gov. Benning Wentworth, in the colonial era, Colonel Moulton, as he was then known, was given a large territory of wild lands in Coos county, and counties south of Coos, until this resident of Hampton was the largest landowner in the state. He doubtless never knew the extent of his possessions. But he died a bankrupt, and his property was sold far and wide to different purchasers.

This Hampton patriarch left 12 children, out of a family total of 15, to mourn his departure from earthly scenes.

Historical.

"Mrs. Green and Mrs. Smith came in before sunrise today and settled their bills," said the clerk in the corner grocery.

"Ah, indeed," laughed the fat grocer. "Well, I always was interested in the early settlers."

Record on the Bench.

J. S. Dugdale, K. C., recorder of Birmingham, England, and chairman of the Warwickshire quarter sessions, who celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday recently, has tried ten thousand prisoners.

Cultivate Self-Reliance.

By relying on our own resources we acquire mental strength, but when we lean on others for support we are like an invalid who, having accustomed himself to a crutch, finds it difficult to walk without one.

MAINLY MATTER OF BARTER

The men in Germany do not marry—they are married; they are more or less passive articles of sale, which stand in rows in the matrimonial shop-window with their price labeled in large letters in their buttonhole, waiting patiently for a purchaser. They are perfectly willing, even eager, victims; they want to be bought, but their position does not allow them to grasp the initiative, and they are thankful when at last some one comes along and declares herself capable and willing to pay the price.

The girl and her mother, with their purse in hand, pass the articles in review, and choose out the one which best suits their means and fancy.

"I shall marry an officer," one girl told me some time ago, with the easy confidence of a person about to order a new dress; and lo! and behold, before the year was out she was walking proudly on the arm of a dragoon lieutenant. I even know of three women who swore to each other that they would only marry geniuses, and here also they had their will. One married a great painter, one a poet and another a famous diplomatist. That they were all three peculiarly unhappy is not a witness against the system, but a proof that geniuses may—occasionally—be very uncomfortable partners. In this case the purchasers were rich, and popular—and could, therefore, make their choice. Others of lesser means would have had to content themselves with an officer, cavalry or infantry, according to the "dot," or a lawyer, or a doctor, or a merchant, and so on down the scale.—From Miss Wylie's "My German Year."

Wu at the Top Again.

The wheel of fate has turned another full circle, and Wu Ting-fang comes to top again in China's politics, having just been appointed a councillor to the foreign office. Wu Ting-fang alternates submersion and emergence with a frequency and regularity that is fascinating to behold. Now you see him at Washington, and now you don't. Now he is influential with the closest advisers of the emperor and now he is in disfavor. He has as many official lives as a cat, thanks to a longevity born of a good constitution and the practise of vegetarianism, and to the fine habit he has of not knowing when he is down and out.—Boston Herald.

PROOF OF SWIFT SERVICE

Anecdote That Should Confound Those Who Rail at Delay in Restaurants.

"Gentlemen," said a Broadway diner to his impatient companions, "keep your tempers. The marvel is not that the service is so slow, but that it is so swift. Shall I prove it?"

They jovially encouraged him.

"Last week," he continued, "I went one noon for a hurried bite at a popular lunch place. I took my seat at a crowded table just as the waiter addressed a neighbor whose mouth was full of sinkers.

"'Dessert?'

"'Sure. Watermelon.'

"It was brought—a large tempting section of melon. The man uttered an ejaculation and turned to me.

"'This is the first meal I have eaten in New York,' he said. 'Last thing I did in Georgia yesterday morning I cut my initials on the rind of a watermelon. There they are.'

"He pointed to the green surface, on which the letters showed in white. It was the very melon. It had reached the consignee with a shipment, had been delivered to the kitchen of the restaurant and had been carved, all in time for the farmer's first luncheon away from home."

Boston Wants to Know.

And now Boston is trying to find out why the city spends $3 more a head for its inhabitants than any other city in the United States, and all sorts of excuses are being given by those responsible for the heavy outlay. One man, a member of the chamber of commerce, says that the Hub suffers from a plethora of little politicians, while New York deals with the big fellows, who control the little ones.

Use Glass Bricks.

German architects are making more and more use of glass bricks, in cases where walls instead of windows are essential, while light must be provided.

Handed Down From the Past.

The fear of the dark has lasted long after the reason for that fear has gone. Just as the dog's habit of turning round and round before he lies down to sleep has lasted since the time when his ancestors, the wild wolf-dogs, used to turn round and round in the deep drifted leaves of the forest to make warm, sheltered beds to sleep in. The habit has lasted long after the need for it is over, and on the smooth hearth the dog still turns round and round.

EXPLORING BARKING ABBEY

In the course of excavations for a new street at Barking a subterranean passage was discovered which had evidently led from the old abbey.

A workman, while digging at a depth of ten feet, drove his pick into some soft stonework, and after the subsequent collapse of earth the passage was revealed. It was found that the pick had been driven through the arched ceiling of a stone-built passage some eight feet six inches high and about six feet wide. Exploring parties have investigated the interior by the aid of candle light. The walls were found to be damp and clammy, and the floor was covered with a thick carpet of spongy substance, into which the feet sank slightly. For a distance of nearly 20 yards the passage is clear, and at either end of this stretch it is blocked, in one case by a fall of earth and in the other case, presumably, by the character of the structure itself. Two smaller passages turn off the first passage, and in one of the side turnings there were found half a dozen human skulls and a quantity of bones. Among the latter is a number of jaw bones of horses or other large animals. All the bones and skulls are charred.

The Abbey of Barking is reported to have been built in A. D. 679 by Erkenwald, who afterwards became Bishop of London, and whose sister Ethelberga became first abbess at Barking. It was the first nunnery established in this country. In A. D. 870 the Danes destroyed it by fire, and it lay desolate for a century until restored by King Edgar. Many members of royal families were among its abbesses. From the fact that the main passage runs in the direction of Barking creek, a short distance away, it is believed to have afforded a channel of communication from the abbey to the waterway and thence to the Thames.—London Standard.

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WONDERS of the SOUTHWEST

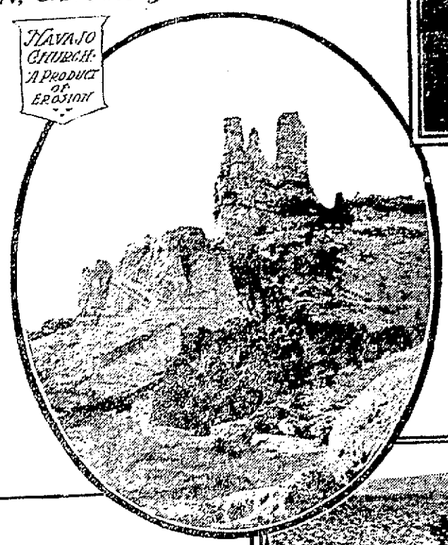
By N. H. DARTON, U. S. Geological Survey



PUEBLO OF ZUNI, WESTERN NEW MEXICO

THE southwestern section of the United States is a province that presents many special characteristics of physiography, climate, resources and capabilities which are not as well known as they deserve to be. The term "southwest" is usually applied to New Mexico, Arizona and southern California, an area of about the size of New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and the Virginias. Much public attention has of late been attracted to Arizona and New Mexico in connection with their admission to statehood, and one gratifying result of this has been a greatly increased interest in their resources and conditions.

Excluding the populous and thrifty coast region of southern California, the southwest is the most thinly populated and least developed portion of the country south of Alaska. As this condition is due mainly to a climate so arid that but little can be raised without irrigation, its future development is to be measured by the utilization of the vast volume of flood waters now going to waste. This water can be applied to millions of acres of level lands with rich soil, which with the unending sunshine of its mild climate will respond with large and profitable crops.



NAVAJO CHURCH: A PRODUCT OF EROSION

Unfortunately, there is not enough water for all the land, but there is sufficient, if all were utilized, to support a population many times as large as the present one. The government is now spending $12,000,000 in reclamation projects in Arizona and New Mexico which supply water for nearly one-half million acres of fertile lands. This will give great impetus to development, and in time, when settlers take up the reclaimed land, there will be a large increase in its agricultural productions.

In the great coast region of southern California, with a population of nearly 600,000, the principal products are the orange and other fruits, with a value of about $20,000,000 a year, while in the inland districts the mining industry is the largest source of revenue. Portions of the southwest are richly productive of various minerals, notably those of copper, and recently southern California has become a heavy producer of petroleum. The value of the copper, oil and other products of the ground aggregates about $75,000,000 a year.

It is probable that further exploration will disclose large additional supplies of ores of various kinds, especially those of low grade, which will prove profitable under improved methods of reduction.

The southwest presents a variety of topographic features, and many of its economic resources are closely related to them. There is great range in altitude, with corresponding variation in climatic conditions. One of the most salient features is the wide, high plateau of northern Arizona, which reaches an altitude of 8,000 feet. It is surmounted by various volcanic peaks, notably San Francisco peak, which is 12,611 feet above sea level.

To the east this district merges into an irregular series of high plateaus, constituting the western half of New Mexico.

To the west and south it drops by huge steps into the great region of desert valleys or bolsons of Nevada, western Arizona, and southeastern California. These deserts are wide, long plains, lying between mountain ridges of varying lengths and heights, ridges which are all very rocky and mostly treeless and trend north and south.

Diagonally across southern California there extends the long curving ridge of the Sierra Madre and San Bernardino mountains, between which and the ocean lies the large oval area known as the valley of southern California. This valley is the great citrus fruit district, and Los Angeles.

There are two great rivers in the southwest, the Colorado and the Rio Grande. The Colorado river has been compared to the Nile and the similarity is notable. Both are streams of the first rank, rising in high mountains, and finally crossing a broad region of semi-tropical, nearly rainless deserts. Both empty into seas in nearly the same latitude, and their lower courses are through wide deltas of fertile soil. The annual overflows add new sediments fertile with plant food and at a time favorable for the crops.

The agricultural capabilities are closely similar, but while much of the lower Nile valley is utilized the Colorado valley is just beginning to be settled. The watershed area of the Colorado, with its two head branches, the Green and the Grand, is over 200,000 square miles, its course 2,000 miles in length, and its annual discharge is 11,000,000 acre-feet, or enough to cover that number of acres one foot deep.

The sediment which it carries each year into the gulf is estimated to be sufficient to cover 53 square miles one foot deep. For 200 miles of its course across the high plateau of northeastern Arizona it cuts the wonderful Grand canyon, which in places is nearly a mile deep. South of the canyon it flows mostly in broad valleys, but cuts through several desert ridges, finally passing out into the wide delta plain extending to its mouth.



GROOKED CREEK LONG VALLEY, CALIFORNIA



GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO NEAR THE HANCE TRAIL

The Rio Grande is a large river rising in the mountains of Colorado, traversing New Mexico from north to south, and finally constituting the boundary line between Texas and Mexico.

The definition of a desert given by the dictionaries, "a dry, sandy region without vegetation or inhabitants," is defective, and the idea that it is necessarily flat is erroneous. Most portions of the average desert bear an extensive, though somewhat widely spaced, flora. Many desert regions contain numerous settlements, the Sahara desert for instance having a population of 2,500,000. Loose sand is a minor feature, and much more prevalent on the seacoasts and along the bottom lands of rivers. There are wide areas of bare rocks, and the larger deserts include mountains, ridges, mesas and deep canyons.

The deserts of the southwest are regions of very scanty rainfall, parts of them having only three inches a year and evaporation of eighty inches or more.

This canyon is the mile-deep gorge cut by the Colorado river across the high plateau of northern Arizona. The view from the rim reveals the most stupendous panorama imaginable, for one sees into an area of about 600 square miles filled with an endless variety of most rugged topographic forms of many beautiful colors. On the sky-line, ten to fifteen miles away, is the edge of a wide-reaching plateau, and in the middle ground of the picture flows the Colorado river, nearly a mile below one's feet.

The features are so gigantic and so plainly in view that all sense of scale is lost, and it is not until one has been down to the bottom of the canyon at the river level that any adequate sense of proportion can be gained.

The canyon was discovered by Cardenas, who went to its edge in 1540 on a branch trip from Coronado's expedition, on information obtained by Tovar from the Hopi Indians. The original name given to the river was Tison, Spanish for firebrand, and it is to be regretted that the name has not been retained to avoid the present confusion due to the river having the same name as the state.

Coon butte, another of the greatest wonders in our country, is also situated in the southwest, but owing to its distance from the railroad it is seldom visited. It is a great crater-like bowl in the plateau, about ten miles south of Canyon Diablo station. "The crater" is 70 miles south of Flagstaff. It does not, however, rival the great bridges recently discovered in Utah. Its span is 80 feet, its height about 125 feet, and its length up and down the creek is over 400 feet.

CAPTAINS OF THE CANYON, NORTHEASTERN ARIZONA

Canyon de Chelly is one of the most notable scenic features in Arizona, but it is so far off the main line of travel that it is rarely visited. It is cut deeply into soft sandstones, which rise in vertical walls, with many outlying pinnacles and monuments. Some of these features appear also in the great wall of red sandstone on the north side of the wide depression through which the Santa Fe railroad crosses the continental divide east of Gallup. One of the most remarkable pinnacles of this wall is fancifully termed the Navajo Church.

Few persons who travel across the southwest realize that in Arizona and New Mexico there are enormous forests of valuable timber and that the lumbering is an important industry. In both territories there are several large forest reservations, and one of these in Arizona, the Coconino forest, with nearly 6,000 square miles, is the largest single reserve in the United States. The total forest area reserved in Arizona is 15,250,130 acres, or more than 24,000 square miles, and in New Mexico there are 10,971,711 acres, or more than 17,000 square miles. Southern California also has several large reserves.

The Coconino forest in Arizona occupies part of the great plateau in which the Grand Canyon is cut, and extends to the brink of the canyon.

The visitor to the southwest usually takes keen interest in the Indians, who are numerous not only along the main lines of travel, but in many remote villages. Some tribes, notably the Apaches, who continued to be troublesome until a relatively recent date, have become famous for the misdeeds that materially retarded the development of Arizona and western New Mexico. Now, however, all is peace and tranquillity. The newspapers, especially eastern ones, occasionally print accounts of uprisings, but these prove to be local quarrels with a few individuals.

The Indians of the southwest are of two kinds, differing greatly in most of their characteristics. One is the nomad type, represented by the Apaches, Navajos, the Yumas, Papagoes and Pimas, and smaller tribes; the other is the pueblo type, which is comprised of 26 pueblos, or villages, scattered through central and western New Mexico, and in the Hopi reserve, in northwestern Arizona.

Probably there is greater popular interest in the pueblo people, for their settlements are permanent and mostly very ancient, and their religious ceremonies are extremely elaborate and picturesque. They live in villages of several hundred inhabitants, in substantial stone or adobe houses, some of which are in groups, rising in tiers to a height of four or five stories, with streets and central plaza. They are peaceful and industrious, raising crops largely by irrigation. They have herds of cattle and sheep, and spinning, weaving and making their garments is one of their important occupations.

Work appears evenly divided between men and woman in the pueblos. The men do the farming, tend to the cattle and sheep, do the hunting, build the houses, and have many smaller trades and occupations. The women do the housework, grind the corn, make pottery, blankets and clothes.

The visitor is generally impressed by the pueblo people and pleased with the agreeable home life and simple hospitality which they readily offer.

The interesting features of the southwest, notably the beauty of the coast region and the special climatic advantages, draw a large number of tourists and health-seekers, especially in winter, and every year sees a substantial increase in the influx of visitors.

Because of its dry air and mild climate the southwest has become famous as a health resort, especially for those having tuberculosis of the respiratory organs. The percentage of cures made in New Mexico, Arizona and California, great as it is, would be much greater if a larger proportion of those who are seeking health came in time. It is necessary to come before the vitality is too greatly diminished and then to live under favorable conditions, the most essential of which is to be out of doors as much as possible.

Many health-seekers spend most of their money in railroad fare to reach the desired resorts. Physicians do a great wrong to patients in sending them so far from home, friends and care without means to provide suitable quarters, nourishment and attention to sustain them while making their fight against death.

The climate of the southwest presents considerable variety, but in all the lower lands the winters are delightfully mild, and everywhere blue sky is in evidence for more than 300 days in the year. The summers are warm; in the southern desert area they are decidedly hot for several months, but the dry air even then is much more endurable than the sultry summer weather of the eastern and central states. Sunstroke is unknown, and laborers continue their work without distress.

The valley of southern California is protected from the cold northern winds of winter by high mountain ranges, while to the south it is open to the Pacific. Owing to the peculiar configuration of the coast the cold California current from the north is deflected west near Point Conception, and hence the southern California shores have waters warmer by about ten degrees than those to the north.

This beneficent climate is responsible for the giant industry of fruit growing which has made California famous over the globe. California furnishes the major part of the very large amount of oranges and other citrus fruits consumed in the United States, and this business has been the potent cause in the development of southern California.

The orange and other citrus fruits of southern California have an output of about 30,000 carloads a year, with a net value of more than $15,000,000.

East of the mountains in southern California is an extensive desert country, much of it without water, but large areas can be reached by ditches from the Colorado river. The most notable district of the sort of in the Salton desert, near the Mexican boundary. A few years ago this was a lonely and forbidding region, but now, by aid of irrigation from the Colorado river, it has several thriving settlements, with 100,000 people and 200,000 acres of cultivated land. That portion of it known as Imperial valley has the greatest development, and with rich soil and semi-tropical climate phenomenal results have been obtained when water is applied.

One of the best known products of this region is the canteloupe, of which the annual shipments are over 1,800 cars, bringing nearly a million dollars. This valley contains over 400,000 acres of land, and just across the Mexican line are 200,000 more.

The great oil fields of California are in the southern part of the state, and with rapidly increasing production they promise to be the largest producers in the country.

She.

A sunny sparkle in a pool,
A flash and a surprise,
A mist that's drawn across the stars,
Her eyes.
A touch of vapor and of fire,
A lemading bird that slips
The torrid teachings from the rose,
Her lips.
A garden filled with fadeless flowers,
Where lilies bloom apart—
The wonder in that garden's mine—
Her heart.

—J. C. Gerndt, in Smart Set Magazine.

The Silver Purse

By TEMPLE BAILEY

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Now and then a little jealousy of Carter's mother crossed Juliet's mind. The older woman was fascinating and beautiful in a way that Juliet had never been and never could be. Juliet was pretty and fresh and pink and white, while Carter's mother was stately and classic.

The two women talked of the son and lover who was in the far west, and planned for his homecoming.

"He will get here in our birthday week," the mother said, "and we will have two cakes; a white one for you and a gold cake for me. You shall have white candles and I'll have yellow ones, and we will have jonquils and lilies of the valley in the middle of the table."

Their disappointment came when Carter wrote that he could not get back in time for the celebration. He sent a box with his letter. In it was a silver purse and a set of Browning. The two cards told that the purse was for Mrs. Crowell, the books for Juliet.

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Talked of the Son and Lover.

She took her books and went home rather soberly. That night she read them and finding certain of the exquisite love poems, was thrilled and enraptured. She wrote to Carter and told him how lovely it was of him to think of her and to send a message of his love in the words of his favorite poet.

The next day the two women went downtown together. Mrs. Crowell wore the silver purse. Juliet with her shabby pocketbook, and away from the glamour of the love passages, again felt slightly aggrieved. Why should Carter add to his mother's beauty with dainty trifles, when that of his sweetheart needed enhancing? Moreover he had heard her speak of her love of pretty things. Yet he had sent her grave books that must stand on the shelf.

Mrs. Crowell fingered the silver handbag with delight. "It was dear of Carter to send me this," she said. "Did you like the books, Juliet?"

Juliet answered faintly. The purse at close range seemed so desirable and the books on the shelf were remote. She wanted something that she could show the girls, something that would glitter and swing from a silver chain and add the final touch to her costume. On the way home she still cherished her sense of grievance. To quiet her doubts she got out Carter's letter. It was written in his usual difficult scrawl, and she read it slowly. It breathed his love for her and she went to bed comforted.

But the next day her best girl friend came to see her. "What did Carter give you for your birthday?" Mary asked.

Juliet hesitated. "Books," she said at last.

"Oh;" Mary's voice held no enthusiasm. "I hope no one will give me books for my birthday. I think a man ought to pick out something personal. Did you see the purse he gave his mother?"

Juliet sighed. "Yes," she said.

"It would have been more appropriate for you," Mary said. "I don't see what an old woman like his mother wants with a thing like that."

The next morning Mrs. Crowell telephoned to Juliet. "I have a long letter from Carter," she said, "and I can't read it, my eyes are so bad, and you know his scrawl, my dear."

"I'll come up," Juliet promised, "this afternoon and read it for you."

"Come to lunch," Mrs. Crowell invited, and Juliet agreed.

While Mrs. Crowell prepared the lunch Juliet looked over the letter.

"It's a little hard to make out," she called to the older lady in the other room. "I'll read it aloud when I have deciphered it."

As she read a flush came to her cheeks and a light to her eyes, for this was the letter:

"Mother Dear: I have just received a note from Juliet. In it she thanks me for my gift of Browning's poems. I also have a letter from you in which you thank me for a purse. Now, as a matter of fact, I sent the silver purse to Juliet, and the poems to you. I know how you love Browning. I am so sorry that you should have been disappointed because I intended you should have the books you have so long coveted. But Juliet seems so pleased that I hate to tell her of her mistake. Will you buy yourself the books? I want Juliet to have pretty things, yet knowing her, I feel that if I explain she will feel it necessary to return the books to you and to take the silver purse which would mean so much loss to her. Some day I can give her all the trifles to wear that she needs, and she has called the books "precious." So don't tell her anything about it. I'll write again soon and give you the news; this is simply to correct my blunder. I suppose the cards were mixed in some way.

Yours always,

Carter."

When she had finished Juliet drew a quick breath. He had wanted her to have the purse, he had remembered her love of pretty things. The exchange would be easy. Mrs. Crowell coveted the books.

At this moment the elder woman came in with the salad in a silver dish. "Did he say anything about the purse?" she asked. "It was so lovely of him to send it to me. Men are so apt to think that we older women care nothing for the dainty things of dress. I get books, and books, and books, and practical things. It's a pleasure now and then to have something different."

Juliet's breath came quickly. Surely Carter would want his mother saved from disappointment. It seemed to bring her closer to him to think that she might have a secret with him, something that they could hide from his mother, rather than something that he and his mother should hide from his sweetheart.

"Read the letter," the older woman said as they sat down to the table, and Juliet read it, making up as she went along sentences which told that he was glad she liked the purse, glad that Juliet liked the books and said nothing of his mistake. After that they chatted of the coming marriage and Juliet's plans for it.

When Juliet went home she wrote to her lover and told him all about it—how she loved the books and how his mother had delighted in the silver purse.

"I want her to keep it," she said, "and you must not send me another to make up to me, for I like to feel that it is my gift to your mother as well as yours. Some day I'll give her a set of Browning and then she will have both things, and never know the difference."

The answer that came from him repaid her for her sacrifice. "I am going to take you at your word," he said, "and let you do without the purse."

But on their wedding day, besides the diamond pendant that he gave her, there was another gift. Wrapped in tissue paper and tied with white ribbon, it made a rather bulky package. Within she found a golden bag, all glittering mesh and sparkling stones. It was a thing beautiful enough for a duchess, a thing a prince might have presented to the lady he loved, and that was what it meant to Juliet; the gift of the lover who had given her the greatest gift of all—his heart's best and purest adoration.

Money Saved to Apple Growers.

Evaporating low grade apples for export has lately had a good start in the apple-producing districts of Tasmania, and promises much increase. During the last year on account of the establishment of several good apple evaporating plants, utilizing up-to-date American machinery, about $500,000 was saved to apple growers on apples which would otherwise have nealy all been thrown away as unsalable waste on account of low grade.

THE STATUE OF WASHINGTON

Now Stands in Versailles, a Gift From the State of Virginia to the French Republic.

Washington M. Jusserand, [illegible] ambassador, went from Washington to help the French government accept the statue of Washington [illegible] the state of Virginia and in the Napoleon hall of the chateau at Versailles, in the presence of the French minister of war, General Brun, the French ambassador to the United States, M. Jusserand, and [illegible] and the American ambassador, Robert



Houdon's Statue of Washington.

Bacon, and Mrs. Bacon, the bronze replica of Houdon's celebrated statue of Washington in the statehouse at Richmond, Va., presented by the state of Virginia to the French republic, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. The dedication ceremonies took place before a distinguished assemblage of Frenchmen and Americans, including Marquis de Lafayette, members of the French mission that presented to America the statue of Rochambeau, now at Washington, and Nathan B. Scott, once United States senator from West Virginia.

They had great doin's there, largely military, with a heap of French notables and a good many Americans. The band played the "Star-Spangled Banner" as Count Chambrun, brother-in-law of Congressman Longworth of Ohio, great grandson of Lafayette, unveiled the bronze, which was veiled, not with the Stars and Stripes, but with the "Sic Semper Tyrannis" flag of Virginia. When M. Jusserand made his speech he said, among other things: "America is the only country with which France has never fought. France is the only country with which American was ever an ally." And he added: "No gift could be more valuable, as no part of America is dearer than historical Virginia, the birthplace of the United States."

In the pedestal on which the statue will stand will be a list of 46,000 names of French soldiers and sailors who fought in the United States during the revolution.

THE GEN. MOULTON HOUSE

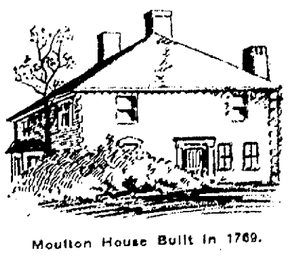
Historic Old Building in Hampton, Mass., Which Was Owned by Noted Revolutionary Hero.

Boston.—Of more than passing interest in historic old Hampton is the Gen. Jonathan Moulton house in the heart of the town which was built in 1769.

The home of this sterling local public functionary of those early days was burned to the ground on March 15, 1769, and a long account of the event, for that period of news gathering, appeared in the Boston Chronicle of March 20.

General Moulton immediately built, near the site of the destroyed building, the house which now stands at the familiar corner near Rand's hill and which since his death in 1787 has been occupied by various first families of the hamlet by the sea.

There have been many traditions, ghostly and otherwise, connected with



Moulton House Built in 1769.

the old Moulton house; and a landlord with a reputation for geniality and imagination combined, has often paraded the old Moulton boot with which General Moulton "caught the gold from the devil's coffers" in the olden time when superstition ran rife in the neighborhood.

General Moulton was a mighty man in the years that called for men. He served with the rank of colonel throughout the Revolutionary war. In return for the present of a fatted ox to Gov. Benning Wentworth, in the colonial era, Colonel Moulton, as he was then known, was given a large territory of wild lands in Coos county, and counties south of Coos, until this resident of Hampton was the largest landowner in the state. He doubtless never knew the extent of his possessions. But he died a bankrupt, and his property was sold far and wide to different purchasers.

This Hampton patriarch left 12 children, out of a family total of 15, to mourn his departure from earthly scenes.

Historical.

"Mrs. Green and Mrs. Smith came in before sunrise today and settled their bills," said the clerk in the corner grocery.

"Ah, indeed," laughed the fat grocer. "Well, I always was interested in the early settlers."

Record on the Bench.

J. S. Dugdale, K. C., recorder of Birmingham, England, and chairman of the Warwickshire quarter sessions, who celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday recently, has tried ten thousand prisoners.

Cultivate Self-Reliance.

By relying on our own resources we acquire mental strength, but when we lean on others for support we are like an invalid who, having accustomed himself to a crutch, finds it difficult to walk without one.

MAINLY MATTER OF BARTER

The men in Germany do not marry—they are married; they are more or less passive articles of sale, which stand in rows in the matrimonial shop-window with their price labeled in large letters in their buttonhole, waiting patiently for a purchaser. They are perfectly willing, even eager, victims; they want to be bought, but their position does not allow them to grasp the initiative, and they are thankful when at last some one comes along and declares herself capable and willing to pay the price.

The girl and her mother, with their purse in hand, pass the articles in review, and choose out the one which best suits their means and fancy.

"I shall marry an officer," one girl told me some time ago, with the easy confidence of a person about to order a new dress; and lo! and behold, before the year was out she was walking proudly on the arm of a dragoon lieutenant. I even knew of three women who swore to each other that they would only marry geniuses, and here also they had their will. One married a great painter, one a poet and another a famous diplomatist. That they were all three peculiarly unhappy is not a witness against the system, but a proof that geniuses may—occasionally—be very uncomfortable partners. In this case the purchasers were rich, and popular—and could, therefore, make their choice. Others had to content themselves with an officer, cavalry or infantry, according to the "dot," or a lawyer, or a doctor, or a merchant, and so on down the scale.—From Miss Wylie's "My German Year."

Wu at the Top Again.

The wheel of fate has turned another full circle, and Wu Ting-fang comes to top again in China's politics, having just been appointed a councillor to the foreign office. Wu Ting-fang alternates submersion and emergence with a frequency and regularity that is fascinating to behold. Now you see him at Washington, and now you don't. Now he is influential with the closest advisers of the emperor and now he is in disfavor. He has as many official lives as a cat, thanks to a longevity born of a good constitution and the practise of vegetarianism, and to the fine habit he has of not knowing when he is down and out.—Boston Herald.

PROOF OF SWIFT SERVICE

Anecdote That Should Confound Those Who Rail at Delay in Restaurants.

"Gentlemen," said a Broadway diner to his impatient companions, "keep your tempers. The marvel is not that the service is so slow, but that it is so swift. Shall I prove it?"

They jovially encouraged him.

"Last week," he continued, "I went one noon for a hurried bite at a popular lunch place. I took my seat at a crowded table just as the waiter addressed a neighbor whose mouth was full of sinkers.

"'Dessert?'

"'Sure. Watermelon.'

"It was brought—a large tempting section of melon. The man uttered an ejaculation and turned to me.

"'This is the first meal I have eaten in New York,' he said. 'Last thing I did in Georgia yesterday morning I cut my initials on the rind of a watermelon. There they are.'

"He pointed to the green surface, on which the letters showed in white. It was the very melon. It had reached the consignee with a shipment, had been delivered to the kitchen of the restaurant and had been carved, all in time for the farmer's first luncheon away from home."

Boston Wants to Know.

And now Boston is trying to find out why the city spends $3 more a head for its inhabitants than any other city in the United States, and all sorts of excuses are being given by those responsible for the heavy outlay. One man, a member of the chamber of commerce, says that the Hub suffers from a plethora of little politicians, while New York deals with the big fellows, who control the little ones.

Use Glass Bricks.

German architects are making more and more use of glass bricks, in cases where walls instead of windows are essential, while light must be provided.

Handed Down From the Past.

The fear of the dark has lasted long after the reason for that fear has gone. Just as the dog's habit of turning round and round before he lies down to sleep has lasted since the time when his ancestors, the wild wolf-dogs, used to turn round and round in the deep drifted leaves of the forest to make warm, sheltered beds to sleep in. The habit has lasted long after the need for it is over, and on the smooth hearth the dog still turns round and round.

EXPLORING BARKING ABBEY

In the course of excavations for a new street at Barking a subterranean passage was discovered which had evidently led from the old abbey.

A workman, while digging at a depth of ten feet, drove his pick into some soft stonework, and after the subsequent collapse of earth the passage was revealed. It was found that the pick had been driven through the arched ceiling of a stone-built passage some eight feet six inches high and about six feet wide. Exploring parties have investigated the interior by the aid of candle light. The walls were found to be damp and clammy, and the floor was covered with a thick carpet of spongy substance, into which the feet sank slightly. For a distance of nearly 20 yards the passage is clear, and at either end of this stretch it is blocked, in one case by a fall of earth and in the other case, presumably, by the character of the structure itself. Two smaller passages turn off the first passage, and in one of the side turnings there were found half a dozen human skulls and a quantity of bones. Among the latter is a number of jaw bones of horses or other large animals. All the bones and skulls are charred.

The Abbey of Barking is reported to have been built in A. D. 679 by Erkenwald, who afterwards became Bishop of London, and whose sister Ethelberga became first abbess at Barking. It was the first nunnery established in this country. In A. D. 870 the Danes destroyed it by fire, and it lay desolate for a century until restored by King Edgar. Many members of royal families were among its abbesses. From the fact that the main passage runs in the direction of Barking creek, a short distance away, it is believed to have afforded a channel of communication from the abbey to the waterway and thence to the Thames.—London Standard.

AFTER SUFFERING FOR YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Park Rapids, Minn.—"I was sick for years while passing through the Change of Life and was hardly able to be around. After taking six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I gained 20 pounds, am now able to do my own work and feel well."—Mrs. ED. LA DOU, Park Rapids, Minn.

Brookville, Ohio.—"I was irregular and extremely nervous. A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I have become regular and my nerves are much better."—Mrs. R. KINNISON, Brookville, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

His Finish.

She—They say her husband was driven to his grave.

He—Well, he couldn't very well walk.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

AN EXCUSE FOR EACH.



Mother (severely) — How many strawberries have you eaten out of this basket, Ethel?

Ethel—Only two. One to see how it tasted, and the other to take the taste out of my mouth.

NO HEALTHY SKIN LEFT

"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was one mass of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heartbreaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is to-day, twelve years or more since the cure was effected. Robert Waltam, 1148 Forty-eighth St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1909."

His Only Affliction.

"Have you ever had writer's cramp?" asked the beautiful maiden.

"No," replied the poet, "but I've often had writer's kink."

"Writer's kink? What is that?"

"It's a trouble that consists of the kinking of the stomach around the spine, due to non-eating."

The Guilty Party.

Cook (to her young man)—"Here, take the rest of the roast duck. (Sighing) Poor pussy!"

Young Man—"What has the cat got to do with it?"

Cook—"Well, she'll be blamed for it tomorrow."—Fliegende Blatter.

Diplomatic.

"No, I can never be your wife."

"What? Am I never to be known as the husband of the beautiful Mrs. Smith?

She succumbed.—Lippincott's.

Power of a Magnet.

A steel horseshoe magnet can hold in suspension a weight up to twenty times its own.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Has Cured Thousands and Is Curing Others Every Day. Relieves from the First. All Druggists, 25c

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water



"You Are Not Glad to See Me?"

The MASTER of CRAVEN

By MARIE VAN VORST

PICTURES BY CHAS. W. ROSSER

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SYNOPSIS.

Basil Tempest, world's greatest poet and novelist, retires, mother to be buried, shuts himself up in Craven, his country home. His gloomy meditations are broken by the admission of an American, Lucy Carew, who has come to England to get study of the author, but more especially a synopsis of his new suite of poems. Tempest, angry at being disturbed, declares will neither be met, and sets out to go Repenting his rude-ness in sending her out at night to the rain Tempest hastens after her, but she refuses to return to Craven with him and takes lodging with a cottager. Next morning Lucy receives an apology from Tempest and an offer to assist her in writing her essay. Tempest dictates to Lucy, who begins spellbound as she writes. Lucy decides to go to London, but Tempest induces her to remain and read her manuscript to him. Lucy declines an invitation to dine with Tempest who in anger and disappointment, goes to Lord Jon Penthuen's. Lady Penthuen, with whom his name has been linked, to have her husband, promising to marry her when the husband gets a divorce. She insists on the divorce first. Tempest departs for Craven. He hates Lady Ormond's picture after finding a reluctant opinion of that lady from Lucy. The latter resents to confuse the writing. Tempest burns the letters and photographs of Lady Ormond. He takes great pleasure in Lucy's presence as their work progresses.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

At Mrs Ramsdill's during the long afternoon hours she tried to set her mind in order, to ask herself what she was doing, and towards what end she went. There was no one in the world to whom she was responsible; unfortunately free, her life was her own But this was no reason why she should create for herself especial unhappiness or danger! Her idea of writing a sketch of Mr Tempest appeared the acme of folly! She would sink down on her bed in a state of nervous excitement, overstrained by the morning's effort and bewildered at her indifference to everything that was not Craven. But the character of her reflections left her no time to dwell on the practical face of the case or to tremble for an uncertain future. Tempest, live and absorbing, filled her thoughts. She had no need to control her attitude in her attic room and would throw herself on her bed, her dark head hidden in her arms, and thus relive the day until her feelings terrified her, and close to unhappiness she would rise, wander up and down, look out of the low window in the eaves to search the road to Craven. How long it seemed; and how it stretched away into her life as she looked, leading to an end she could not divine.

She usually ended by vigorously composing her mind and forcing herself to see that the folly of her interest was no indication for ultimate happiness. Her heart contracted at the reasonable thought that she was probably not at all in the mind of Mr. Tempest except as an unknown American, a woman of different taste and race—nothing more than an agreeable machine, an impersonal aid that ministered to some caprice of his, and which he had not hesitated to employ. This frank view hurt and harmed her, and before it could cure her—had it been able to do so—its falseness shook her control anew. She had at first known him for a frowning, threatening, discourteous gentleman. He now gave himself pains to charm her, or, rather, let himself charm her as he could, and certainly he bewitched and frightened her. To her live imagination he seemed to call her across the miles that lay between them. As she took her leave of him his look claimed that she should return, and although he never said anything to bring her, even was forbidding in his good-bys, Lucy Carew fancied she could at night hear him calling her across the dark. And it gave her troubled dreams.

Tempest each day after Miss Carew left, lunched in lonely splendor, smoked and meditated, rode or walked as if he had a goal to make before nightfall. He turned from the Ford and chose the most out-of-the-way roads, for fear he might come upon Lucy Carew in some one of her lonely wanderings! She took them, he knew, but she could not have followed his Mad Anthony tramps.

One day before she began to write he said:

"I want you to lunch here to-day and go over to Penthuen with me. I can't write any more until I've been to the castle. It's an aesthetic tonic I take every now and then, and I know this weather—it's changing, this is the last fine day we'll have for ages. Let's squander it together. Why do you hesitate?" he asked, sharply. "I want you to go."

The day was clear and mild; along the hedges the holly reddened and the warm dampness of the air bespoke rain. The windows of the brougham motor were open, and the golden air swam in upon them soft and sweet.

Miss Carew's dress was red, her coat tight-fitting buttoned up to her chin, and a toque of cloth from under whose furry edges the bright line of her hair ran like copper. She glowed in her corner of the car. The day's brilliance seemed held in her as in a fulcrum.

Penthuen stands in a park of oaks through whose bare branches the gray and red of the towers burned and shone.

"It's Elizabethan," Tempest said. They passed through the gates into a broad court between two porters' lodges and rolled slowly along the avenue.

"It's not so beautiful as Craven."

"Ah!" Tempest looked delighted. "Do you really think that? I wouldn't have you feel otherwise, but I'm afraid you're only kind. Penthuen is more historic. On dit that Elizabeth had it built for an obscure favorite of hers. She made merry here as ever she made; poor, vacillating woman, she was one of love's cowards. There's no one here to-day."

He held out his hand to help her from the car. "We have Penthuen to ourselves and with the Past."

The castle was a museum, its treasures famous in two continents.

At the door they dispensed with the old servant who acted as guide and who knew Mr. Tempest to have the privilege of the house.

Miss Carew passed through the castle by his side, from room to room, an enchanted pilgrim down the avenues of history, from picture to picture, from knight templar to the Spanish Armada. Every now and then Tempest would turn from the object he was discussing to look at her, but after the first time, when she caught his eyes in all their brilliance and passion, she did not meet them again. At the end of the great gallery where the stained windows let in floods of yellow and crimson light he opened the doors and led her out on to a balcony running the round of the towers.

"Let me show you ——shire as nowhere else you will be able to see it." She leant with him over the railing and silently enjoyed, and at length he said to her in a tone whose vibrant feeling made her shake as if he had struck the stone on which she leaned and it had trembled:

"Why do you keep your eyes from me?"

His question and tone were so unexpected that she could not for the soul of her speak—nor move. She leaned as she was, her face from him. After a second, in which she could hear her heart beat, he said quietly: "You are right to do so. Never look at me—or my like—again."

There was such depth of melancholy and despair in his voice that she involuntarily lifted her head—to see that he had started sharply and was looking through the open door behind him into the picture hall; then he gave an exclamation and she saw him flush and start; he turned and took her by the arm, thrusting her a little around the balcony's curve out of sight of the window.

"Stand there," he commanded; "don't move till I come for you." He had averted his face from her, and bowed and lifted his hat and stepped half way out of the balcony back into the rooom.

"Basil!" What a fortunate encounter!"

"How do you do?" Tempest said, coolly. "Where are the rest of your party?"

"The rest of my party is one Frenchman'—we have driven over from Galeswater, where we are at a dismal house party. I have left the viscount at the porter's lodge, for when I heard that Mr. Tempest was doing the castle I decided I would rather see you than the treasure with my gentleman. So I told him that, par grand malheur, the castle was refused to-day—that Lady Penthuen was ill and I should run in and try to see her."

"How well you lie."

"I have often lied well for you," she said gravely. "Let me come out and see the sunset,' and she pushed past him. Tempest made no effort to retain her. Lady Ormond leaned as Miss Carew had done on the balcony rail, but she looked at Tempest fearlessly and not at the sunset.

"Basil, I have scarcely eaten or slept since I saw you."

"You are foolish," he said coldly, "but perhaps you are in love."

"Oh, you will say what you please and I can't blame you. But you are cruel. How well you look, how handsome, and how austere."

She put her hand on his arm. "I don't believe one word of what you wrote to me."

"Hush," he said, furiously. "I forbad you to speak of it."

Lady Ormond said gently: "Forgive me—only don't blame me too hardly."

"I don't blame you."

Leaning as she did towards him, her hands on his arm, she failed to draw from his face animation or interest—nothing save cold regard, impatient and annoyed.

"You are not glad to see me?"

"No, Lady Ormond."

"Ah," she cried sharply, "you are never polite. Why do I tempt your rudeness? It was a trap you set for me, Tempest, you tried me—I believe it now."

"Lady Ormond," he said, "you must go to your guest. He will be impatient."

Her eyes filled with angry tears.

"Come," he said more kindly "scenes are unlike you. What does all this avail?"

"Nothing," she said, "If you have ceased to care for me. You don't believe in me, Basil?"

He shrugged "There is no question of belief or disbelief. I had your answer—it was a natural one. I would not have had you make any other."

"Not if you loved me?"

"If I loved you, I would pray Heaven for you to do as you did."

"I understand," she said, narrowly reading him. "There is another woman. I was a fool not to see it before." He smiled, and it angered her beyond her control. "I see it all—all," she reiterated in a voice strained between tears and anger. "You put before me an alternative no woman could accept—you wished to be free of me, Basil, you have played a wretched game."

He bowed. "You will think what you like. The principal thing is, you are free."

He had led her from the fatal balcony into the long hall, where he breathed more easily, now they were out of hearing. He could be temperate now.

"Letty," he said, "why do you do yourself such injustice? You make yourself a termagant. You're really only a nice woman; you know."

She said nothing. She had lost him and must accept it, but it angered her beyond her grief. She looked at him fixedly. "What is her name?"

He hesitated, and then, the idea pleasing him, he smiled and said:

"It is what a man in my need would choose it should be—a Latin name. You can follow it out for yourself—it means 'light.'"

She studied him. "If what you told me is true—" but his expression stopped the words on her lips. She bade him good-by without giving him her hand and hastily left the gallery.

Tempest did not retrace his steps quickly, but went back as slowly as he could, at loss what to say or do—irritated, discomfited, and somewhat amused. As he stepped out on the balcony and made the turn, expecting to see the flash of the red dress and to encounter with his own Miss Carew's embarrassment, he started—she was gone!

Tempest actually looked over the parapet before he saw that there was an open window leading to another apartment, and he went hastily into a library which he found that he knew of old. In a high-backed chair in the deep ensconse of a window Miss Carew sat reading. The full glory of the sunset wrapped her. Her face was perfectly colorless, but this he did not see, for the light reddened it. Her hands were trembling, but this he did not see, for they were beneath the book she held. She appeared to sit there in peace and to lift to him a serene, untroubled face. He could have fallen at her feet.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

New Uses of Cement.

European engineers are said to be very appreciative of the value of cement grouting for repairing defective masonry, lining wells and for making tunnel roofs water tight. In Germany a well polluted by infiltrations was put into satisfactory condition by lowering into it a sheetiron drum, filling the space between the drum and the walls of the well with Portland cement and withdrawing the drum after the cement had set. The damaged masonry of a tunnel was repaired by injecting liquid cement under pressure. Air at a pressure of seventy-eight pounds per square inch sufficed to force the cement into place.—Youth's Companion.

WILL CURTAIL COST

DR. FREDERICK A. CLEVELAND, NEW YORK, IS TO HEAD THE SERVICE.

SQUARE DEAL FOR RAILROADS

President Taft Tells Visiting Labor Leader He Will See They Get It in Pending Rate Revision Proceedings. Talks on Postal Banks.

Washington.—President Taft announced the appointment of Dr. Frederick A. Cleveland, director of the bureau of municipal research of New York, to head a federal staff of experts to investigate the expenditures in the executive departments. Mr Cleveland has entered on his duties.

Each cabinet officer will employ three experts to improve the efficiency and to promote economy in his department, and Mr Cleveland will investigate every department to see what results are being obtained.

The president hopes by this method to reduce the running expenses of the government and at the same time to improve the efficiency. It is not the purpose to get rid of any of the old employes, but merely that those now employed may work to better advantage.

"The president told me that he could be depended upon to give the railroads a square deal regardless of the clamor of political influence, and that furthermore he was going to see that they get it," said T. J. Nolan, general secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredgemen.

Mr Nolan called on the president relative to the proposed increase in freight rates, which his organization approves.

Mr. Nolan said that labor organizations had reached the conclusion that the proposed increases were right and should be allowed, that unless they were made the railroads would be compelled to reduce expenses, in which event labor would be the first to suffer.

At a cabinet meeting the president and his advisers received a report from the postal savings banks trustees regarding the putting of postal banks into operation.

The matter was under discussion for several hours, and it was announced that the cabinet probably would be compelled to have another session.

Estimates for the several departments also were under discussion.

Archbishop Ireland called at the whitehouse and saw President Taft. He remained but a few moments and announced on leaving that he had merely called to pay his respects.

STRIKERS RIOTING IN BERLIN

Officers and Strikers in Fierce Pitched Conflict—Four Journalists Attacked.

Berlin.—A sensational attack was made by the police on four newspaper correspondents.

Six policemen with swords leaped on an automobile in which were seated correspondents of the New York World, Reuter's Telegraph agency, the London Daily Mail and New York Sun, and slashed all four so badly that they had to seek surgical aid. All had regularly signed police passes authorizing them to go where they liked.

The newspaper men had been watching the police attacks on the rioters.

For two days the Moabit section has been the scene of riots. Hundreds have been injured and pitched battles between strikers, their sympathizers, and the police have been fought.

Before daylight disorder was renewed in the Moabit section. A force of 4,000 policemen marched through the streets in darkness, fired on at frequent intervals and returning the fire, aiming at the points whence came the pistol flashes. More than a hundred policemen are said to have been wounded. About fifty workingmen were taken to hospitals.

FOR HOME RULE CAUSE

Convention Delegates Indorse Work of Parliamentary Party and the Leadership of Redmond.

Buffalo.—A pledge to raise $100,000 within two years for the cause of home rule in Ireland was enthusiastically made by the 885 delegates at the convention of the United Irish League of America.

The pledge followed unanimous adoption of the report of the committee on ways and means, which indorsed "the great work done for the amelioration of the Irish people within the last year by the Irish parliamentary party."

"Believing this work is to be crowned in the near future by the realization of the Irishman's fondest dream, home rule," the report of the committee continues, "and having the fullest confidence in the continued leadership of John E. Redmond, we pledge $100,000 to be raised before the next convention."

Hunts Deer and Kills Friend.

Marinette.—William Pontow, 40, of Menominee was shot and killed while hunting deer.

Otto Schwartz, aged 30, a graduate of Michigan Agricultural college, who shot him, gave himself up and is now in jail awaiting examination on the charge of manslaughter.

Pontow, Schwartz and two other men were hunting with headlights. The headlight on Pontow's cap became very dim and Schwartz mistook it for the eyes of a deer and fired. The bullet passed through Pontow's heart, killing him instantly.

Injuries Kill Switchman.

Waukesha.—Frank Loomis, aged 34 years, died from the result of injuries received by being struck by several freight cars on the siding at the Milwaukee and Soo roads' crossing, near Duplainville. Loomis was employed as a switchman on the Soo line.

Robber Returns His Loot.

St Paul.—A highwayman who held up a bartender and stole $51.05 from the saloon of Chris Ratroat nearly three years ago returned the money through the mails.

Death Follows Gun Wound.

Escanaba.—Alphonso Ethier, Perronville, is dead from lockjaw due to a gunshot wound. While hunting he dropped his gun, and picked it up by the muzzle. The trigger caught in a twig and he was shot in the arm.

Former Eau Claire Man Murdered.

Eau Claire.—Mrs. William Yule of this city received the news of the murder near Austin, N. D., of her brother-in-law, Adelbert Crow, who formerly lived in this city.

RULER A PATRIARCH

One of the World's Most Interesting Monarchs.

Nicholas of Montenegro Affectionately Known as "the Father of His People" Literally Worshiped by His Subjects.

Vienna.—One of the most interesting monarchs in Europe perhaps anywhere, is Prince, now King, Nicholas of Montenegro, who has recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his reign. During this half century he has been to the people a father and a friend, and it is asserted that he knows every one of his subjects by name which probably is an exaggeration. He spends his summers in Cetinje and his winters in Antivari down on the Adriatic coast but has residences in the principal towns of the kingdom and occupies each for a few weeks every year in order to keep in touch with local affairs. He is very democratic in his manners and although he dresses in the national costume of his country, which looks fantastic for a man of his age, his tastes are simple, and his habits and manners are those of a country gentleman.

Nicholas was born at the little village of Njegos, a nest in the mountains, in 1841. His uncle Danilo, the late Vladika of Montenegro, designated him for his successor. He was educated in Vienna, Trieste and Paris and was not quite twenty years old when he was elevated to the throne.

In 1860, a few months after he was crowned, Nicholas married a Montenegrin girl, Milena Vukotich, daughter of Peter Vukotich, president of the council of state, who was also a farmer and one of the largest land owners in the country, and she has been a congenial companion and valuable help meet.

The Princess Mellena is as popular as her husband, and presides over the palace with simple but graceful dignity. She wears the native costume when she is in Montenegro, but has a



Nicholas of Montenegro.

Paris outfit when she visits foreign countries. She insists upon her daughters-in-law wearing the same dress as her subjects when they are at home and encourages the people to continue the ancient customs and practise the old-fashioned arts and accomplishments of past generations.

Nicholas usually rides around in a little pony chaise, drawn by a diminutive animal like that Queen Victoria used to use in her garden at Osborne and in the park at Balmoral. The pony is led by a page and the prince sits back in the cushions and talks to everybody he meets on the street in a most condescending and fatherly manner. The women come out from their houses and kiss the hem of his cloak and the little children worship him as if he were a demi-god. In the eyes of these simple people he is the author of all the good that they enjoy; the protector of their lives and homes; their guardian and benefactor in every sense.

From 1460 to 1851 the executive authority in Montenegro was exercised by Vladikas, or prince bishops as they were called, the same man being the head of the church and the head of the state. He performed the ecclesiastical functions of a patriarch of the Orthodox Greek church as well as the civil duties of a king. At first the Vladikas were elected by ballot, but about 1696 a powerful and progressive leader named Babylas founded the present dynasty, and, as the Vladika was not permitted to marry, the crown has descended from uncle to nephew in the same family ever since. King Nicholas, the present ruler of Montenegro, is the second who has not been ordained as a priest. He simply refused to assume ecclesiastical authority and the people, who idolized him as a young man, unanimously sustained him in his violation of precedent. Ecclesiastical authority is therefore exercised by a regular bishop, elected by the clergy.

The daughters of King Nicholas are uncommonly beautiful and accomplished and those of them who have married have done well. Princess Helena married the king of Italy; Anna became the wife of Prince Francis Joseph of Battenberg; Militza married Grand Duke Peter, brother of the czar, and Stena wed Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolarevitch, cousin of the czar. Of the sons, Crown Prince Danilo married Militza, daughter of the grand duke of Mecklenberg, and Mirko took for wife Natalie Constantinovitch, daughter of a Russian grand duke. There are two daughters left, and a son, Prince Peter.

Mother Breathes Life to Baby.

Allentown, Pa.—Mrs. Milton Ruch of Schadt's Schoolhouse found her year old baby apparently dead in its cradle, choked by mosquito netting in which he had become entangled while she was preparing supper.

With admirable presence of mind she employed artificial respiration and the child recovered consciousness just as the doctor arrived. The physician said but for the mother's work the little one would have died.

His Preference.

Mrs. Mountjoy Belassis (after several collisions)—It strikes me, Mr Rudderford, you're much more at home in a boat than in a ballroom! Little Bobby Rudderford (the famous Oxford coxswain)—Yes, by Jove! And I'd sooner steer eight men than one woman any day!—London Mail.

Morality.

My duty to my neighbor is most nearly expressed by saying that I have to make him happy—if I may.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—



$1000 In it for you

Calumet has been backed for years by an offer of $1,000 for any substance injurious to health found in the baking prepared with it.

Does not this and the fact that it complies with all pure food laws, both State and National, prove that Calumet is absolutely **pure?**

With the purity question settled—then Calumet is undoubtedly the **best** Baking Powder. It contains more leavening power; it is more uniform—every can is the same. It assures better results—and is **moderate in price.**

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CALUMET BAKING POWDER

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THE Famous Rayo Lamp



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more but there are none better. Constructed of solid brass, nickel plated, with all latest improvements. Found in every up-to-date home. There is no lamp known to the art of lamp making that can add to the value of the Rayo Lamp as a lasting, useful gift. Dealers everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

IN THEIR GOWNS.



Papa—That was the supreme court of the United States we just came out of.

Tommy (aged seven)—Gee, pop! dere wasn't anybody dere but a lot of bearded old women dressed in black.

USED HYPODERMICS.

Only Relief From Terrible Suffering.

Thomas E. Yeat, 1605 S 12th St., Terre Haute, Ind., says, "I had no control over the urine and the pain when voiding it was so great I often screamed. I grew worse and lay in bed for weeks, the only relief being from hypodermics. I was treated by three physicians without help and the last one said an operation was necessary. At this time I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and passed a gravel stone as large as a pea. The next day I passed two more and from then on improved rapidly until cured."



Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers, 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Explanation.

Old Podkins lay back in his chair in calm content, and though his wife was quite near him he was happy, for she had not broken the silence for nearly five minutes.

He had been married for five and twenty long years, and Mrs. Podkins, almost daily during 24 of them, had disturbed the domestic peace by a too full exercise of her tongue.

"My dear," broke in Mrs. P——" thinking it time she said something to interrupt the quiet, "I see by the papers that a petrified jaw two yards long has been found in Cornwall."

"What!" cried Podkins, starting up. "Now I know my secret. But you never told me your ancestors came from that part of the world!"

African Logic.

Dusky Driver (ushering ladies from steamer)—Yes, marm—dis way, marm; ca'lage to de hotel.

First Lady (hesitating at step)—And what will you charge?

D. D.—One dollar, marm.

Second Lady—Half a dollar apiece, when the hotel is barely a block away? Why, we'd just as lief—

D. D. (interrupting)—Would you jest as lief go in de hotel bus? Dey charges a quarter.

Ladies (in chorus)—Just as lief.

D. D. (with flourish)—Den step right into de ca'lge, marm, an' I'll take yu fer de same as de bus—dey is some folks prefers de ca'lge and I has to charge accordin'! —Virginia Vintage.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Forgive the man who smites you on one cheek and he will generally swat you on the other.

Happiness grows at our own firesides, and is not to be picked up in strangers' galleries.—Douglas Jerrold.

If Your Eyes Bother You

get a box of PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, old reliable, most successful eye remedy made. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

The wise know better than to try to live on the spice of life alone.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Woman's sphere now seems to be the whole earth.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.



Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

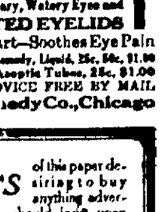
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MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

WOMEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4

BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

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what Liver or Bowel medicine you are using, stop it *now*. Get a 10c box—week's treatment—of CASCARETS today from your druggist and learn how easily, naturally and delightfully your liver can be made to *work*, and your *bowels* move every day. There's *new life* in every box. CASCARETS are nature's helper. You will *see the difference!* 883

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

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For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS

Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

ROOSEVELT new book, "Battling for the Right." Fight for honesty, war on "invisible." Agents wanted; $5.00 a day easily; outfit free. "Roosevelt Politics," great speeches, African trip. International Bible Houses, Dept. 9-F, Philadelphia.

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AGENTS Either sex, for household specialties. Large commission to right parties. Apply immediately. K. & A. SPECIALTY CO., Box 74, Johnstown, Pa.

WE HAVE CHOICE LANDS to sell on easy terms. Write to Mark Land Co., Tracy, Minn.

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Fate in an Unkind Mood

Floating Money That Meant So Much to Shabby Woman Could Not Be Hers.

On Fifth avenue at Fifty-eighth street yesterday morning was a woman taking a stroll for her health, says the New York Sun. She wore a Paris dress and rich furs. Some distance behindw her was another woman shabbily clad. Out in the street was one of those big policemen of the traffic squad.

Almost alongside the curb something that looked like green paper was dancing about in the breeze. It caught the attention of the two women and the policeman almost simultaneously. Each made in the direction of it, but the woman in the furs got there first. What she picked up was a bunch of five, ten and twenty dollar bills. She called the policeman.

"Here, officer," she said, "take this to the station house and have it kept until the owner calls for it."

The policeman took the bills and counted them. There was $125 in all.

The shabbily dressed woman, who was watching the proceedings, sighed. "How I'd like to have had one of those bills," she said.

It is supposed that the money was lost by a person who had just cashed a check at the Plaza bank near by.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AFTER SUFFERING FOR YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Park Rapids, Minn.—"I was sick for years while passing through the Change of Life and was hardly able to be around. After taking six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I gained 20 pounds, am now able to do my own work and feel well."—Mrs. ED. LA DOU, Park Rapids, Minn.

Brookville, Ohio.—"I was irregular and extremely nervous. A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I have become regular and my nerves are much better."—Mrs. JI. KINNISON, Brookville, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

His Finish.

She—They say her husband was driven to his grave.

He—Well, he couldn't very well walk.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

AN EXCUSE FOR EACH.



Mother (severely) — How many strawberries have you eaten out of this basket, Ethel?

Ethel—Only two. One to see how it tasted, and the other to take the taste out of my mouth.

NO HEALTHY SKIN LEFT

"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was one mass of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heartbreaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is to-day, twelve years or more since the cure was effected. Robert Wattam, 1148 Forty-eighth St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1909."

His Only Affliction.

"Have you ever had writer's cramp?" asked the beautiful maiden.

"No," replied the poet, "but I've often had writer's kink."

"Writer's kink? What is that?"

"It's a trouble that consists of the kinking of the stomach around the spine, due to non-eating."

The Guilty Party.

Cook (to her young man)—"Here, take the rest of the roast duck. (Sighing) Poor pussy!"

Young Man—"What has the cat got to do with it?"

Cook—"Well, she'll be blamed for it tomorrow."—Fliegende Blatter.

Diplomatic.

"No, I can never be your wife."

"What? Am I never to be known as the husband of the beautiful Mrs. Smith?

She succumbed.—Lippincott's.

Power of a Magnet.

A steel horseshoe magnet can hold in suspension a weight up to twenty times its own.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE Has cured thousands and it can cure you. Relieves from the first. All Druggists, 25¢

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water



"You Are Not Glad to See Me?"

The MASTER of CRAVEN

By MARIE VAN VORST

PICTURES BY CHAS W. ROSSER

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SYNOPSIS.

Basil Tempest, world's greatest poet and novelist, refusing further to be lionized, shuts himself up in Craven, his country home. His gloomy meditations are broken by the admission of an American, Lucy Carew, who has come to England to study the author, but limit to see him, especially a synopsis of his new suite of poems. Tempest, angry at being disturbed, declares he will write no more, and asks Lucy to leave. Repenting his rudeness, scolding her out at night in the rain, Tempest hastens after her, but she refuses to return to Craven with him and takes lodgings with a cottager. Next morning Lucy receives an apology from Tempest and an offer to assist her in writing her essay. Tempest dictates to Lucy, who begins spellbound as she writes. Lucy decides to go to London, but Tempest induces her to remain and read her manuscript to him. Lucy declines an invitation to dine with Tempest, who in anger and disappointment, goes to London. He asks Lady Ormond, with whom his name has been linked, to leave her husband, promising to marry her when the latter gets a divorce. She insists on the divorce first. Tempest departs for Craven. He burns Lady Ormond's picture after forming a reluctant opinion of what Lucy's love may be. The latter consents to continue the writing. Tempest burns the letters and photographs of Lady Ormond. He takes great pleasure in Lucy's presence as their work progresses.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

At Mrs. Ramsdill's during the long afternoon hours she tried to set her mind in order, to ask herself what she was doing, and towards what end she went. There was no one in the world to whom she was responsible; unfortunately free, her life was her own. But this was no reason why she should create for herself especial unhappiness or danger! Her idea of writing a sketch of Mr. Tempest appeared the acme of folly! She would sink down on her bed in a state of nervous excitement, overstrained by the morning's effort and bewildered at her indifference to everything that was not Craven. But the character of her reflections left her no time to dwell on the practical face of the case or to tremble for an uncertain future. Tempest, live and absorbing, filled her thoughts. She had no need to control her attitude in her attic room and would throw herself on her bed, her dark head hidden in her arms, and thus relive the day until her feelings terrified her, and close to unhappiness she would rise, wander up and down, look out of the low window in the eaves to search the road to Craven. How long it seemed; and how it stretched away into her life as she looked, leading to an end she could not divine.

She usually ended by vigorously composing her mind and forcing herself to see that the folly of her interest was no indication for ultimate happiness. Her heart contracted at the reasonable thought that she was probably not at all in the mind of Mr. Tempest except as an unknown American, a woman of different taste and race—nothing more than an agreeable machine, an impersonal aid that ministered to some caprice of his, and which he had not hesitated to employ. This frank view hurt and harmed her, and before it could cure her—had it been able to do so—its falseness shook her control anew. She had at first known him for a frowning, threatening, discourteous gentleman. He now gave himself pains to charm her, or, rather, let himself charm her as he could, and certainly he bewitched and frightened her. To her live imagination he seemed to call her across the miles that lay between them. As she took her leave of him his look claimed that she should return, and although he never said anything to bring her, even was forbidding in his good-bys, Lucy Carew fancied she could at night hear him calling her across the dark. And it gave her troubled dreams.

Tempest each day after Miss Carew left, lunched in lonely splendor, smoked and meditated, rode or walked as if he had a goal to make before nightfall. He turned from the Ford and chose the most out-of-the-way routes, for fear he might come upon Lucy Carew in some one of her lonely wanderings! She took them, he knew, but she could not have followed his Mad Anthony tramps.

One day before she began to write he said:

"I want you to lunch here to-day and go over to Penthuen with me. I can't write any more until I've been to the castle. It's an aesthetic tonic I take every now and then, and I know this weather—it's changing; this is the last fine day we'll have for ages. Let's squander it together. Why do you hesitate?" he asked, sharply. "I want you to go."

The day was clear and mild; along the hedges the holly reddened and the warm dampness of the air bespoke rain. The windows of the brougham motor were open, and the golden air swam in upon them soft and sweet.

Miss Carew's dress was red, her coat tight-fitting buttoned up to her chin, and a toque of cloth from under whose furry edges the bright line of her hair ran like copper. She glowed in her corner of the car. The day's brilliance seemed held in her as in a fulcrum.

Penthuen stands in a park of oaks through whose bare branches the gray and red of the towers burned and shone.

"It's Elizabethan," Tempest said. They passed through the gates into a broad court between two porters' lodges and rolled slowly along the avenue.

"It's not so beautiful as Craven."

"Ah!" Tempest looked delighted. "Do you really think that? I wouldn't have you feel otherwise, but I'm afraid you're only kind. Penthuen is more historic. On dit that Elizabeth had it built for an obscure favorite of hers. She made merry here as ever she made; poor, vacillating woman, she was one of love's cowards. There's no one here to-day."

He held out his hand to help her from the car. "We have Penthuen to ourselves and with the Past."

The castle was a museum, its treasures famous in two continents.

At the door they dispensed with the old servant who acted as guide and who knew Mr. Tempest to have the privilege of the house.

Miss Carew passed through the castle by his side, from room to room, an enchanted pilgrim down the avenues of history, from picture to picture, from knight templar to the Spanish Armada. Every now and then Tempest would turn from the object he was discussing to look at her, but after the first time, when she caught his eyes in all their brilliance and passion, she did not meet them again. At the end of the great gallery where the stained windows let in floods of yellow and crimson light he opened the doors and led her out on to a balcony running the round of the towers.

"Let me show you ——shire as nowhere else you will be able to see it." She leant with him over the railing and silently enjoyed, and at length he said to her in a tone whose vibrant feeling made her shake as if he had struck the stone on which she leaned and it had trembled:

"Why do you keep your eyes from me?"

His question and tone were so unexpected that she could not for the soul of her speak—nor move. She leaned as she was, her face from him. After a second, in which she could hear her heart beat, he said quietly: "You are right to do so. Never look at me—or my like—again."

There was such depth of melancholy and despair in his voice that she involuntarily lifted her head—to see that he had started sharply and was looking through the open door behind him into the picture hall; then he gave an exclamation and she saw him flush and start; he turned and took her by the arm, thrusting her a little around the balcony's curve out of sight of the window.

"Stand there," he commanded; "don't move till I come for you." He had averted his face from her, and bowed and lifted his hat and stepped half way out of the balcony back into the rooom.

"Basil! What a fortunate encounter."

"How do you do?" Tempest said, coolly. "Where are the rest of your party?"

"The rest of my party is one Frenchman!—we have driven over from Galeswater, where we are at a dismal house party. I have left the viscount at the porter's lodge, for when I heard that Mr. Tempest was doing the castle I decided I would rather see you than the treasure with my gentleman. So I told him that, par grand malheur, the castle was refused to-day—that Lady Penthuen was ill, and I should run in and try to see her."

"How well you lie."

"I have often lied well for you," she said, gravely. "Let me come out and see the sunset," and she pushed past him. Tempest made no effort to retain her. Lady Ormond leaned as Miss Carew had done on the balcony rail, but she looked at Tempest fearlessly and not at the sunset.

"Basil, I have scarcely eaten or slept since I saw you."

"You are foolish," he said coldly, "but perhaps you are in love."

"Oh, you will say what you please! and I can't blame you. But you are cruel. How well you look, how handsome, and how austere."

She put her hand on his arm. "I don't believe one word of what you wrote to me."

"Hush," he said, furiously. "I forbid you to speak of it."

Lady Ormond said gently: "Forgive me—only don't blame me too hardly."

"I don't blame you."

Leaning as she did towards him, her hands on his arm, she failed to draw from his face animation or interest—nothing save cold regard, impatient and annoyed.

"You are not glad to see me?"

"No, Lady Ormond."

"Ah," she cried sharply, "you are never polite. Why do I tempt your rudeness! It was a trap you set for me, Tempest, you tried me—I believe it now."

"Lady Ormond," he said, "you must go to your guest. He will be impatient."

Her eyes filled with angry tears.

"Come," he said more kindly "scenes are unlike you. What does all this avail?"

"Nothing," she said, "if you have ceased to care for me. You don't believe in me, Basil?"

He shrugged. "There is no question of belief or disbelief. I had your answer—it was a natural one. I would not have had you make any other."

"Not if you loved me?"

"If I loved you, I would pray Heaven for you to do as you did."

"I understand," she said, narrowly reading him. "There is another woman. I was a fool not to see it before." He smiled, and it angered her beyond her control. "I see it all—all," she reiterated in a voice strained between tears and anger. "You put before me an alternative no woman could accept—you wished to be free of me. Basil, you have played a wretched game."

He bowed. "You will think what you like. The principal thing is, you are free."

He had led her from the fatal balcony into the long hall, where he breathed more easily, now they were out of hearing. He could be temperate now.

"Letty," he said, "why do you do yourself such injustice? You make yourself a termagant. You're really only a nice woman; you know."

She said nothing. She had lost him and must accept it, but it angered her beyond her grief. She looked at him fixedly. "What is her name?"

He hesitated, and then, the idea pleasing him, he smiled and said:

"It is what a man in my need would choose it should be—a Latin name. You can follow it out for yourself—it means 'light.'"

She studied him. "If what you told me is true—" but his expression stopped the words on her lips. She bade him good-by without giving him her hand and hastily left the gallery.

Tempest did not retrace his steps quickly, but went back as slowly as he could, at loss what to say or do—irritated, discomfited, and somewhat amused. As he stepped out on the balcony and made the turn, expecting to see the flash of the red dress and to encounter with his own Miss Carew's embarrassment, he started—she was gone!

Tempest actually looked over the parapet before he saw that there was an open window leading to another apartment, and he went hastily into a library which he found that he knew of old. In a high-backed chair in the deep ensconse of a window Miss Carew sat reading. The full glory of the sunset wrapped her. Her face was perfectly colorless, but this he did not see, for the light reddened it. Her hands were trembling, but this he did not see, for they were beneath the book she held. She appeared to sit there in peace and to lift to him a serene, untroubled face. He could have fallen at her feet.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

New Uses of Cement.

European engineers are said to be very appreciative of the value of cement grouting for repairing defective masonry, lining wells and for making tunnel roofs water tight. In Germany a well polluted by infiltrations was put into satisfactory condition by lowering into it a sheetiron drum, filling the space between the drum and the walls of the well with Portland cement and withdrawing the drum after the cement had set. The damaged masonry of a tunnel was repaired by injecting liquid cement under pressure. Air at a pressure of seventy-eight pounds per square inch sufficed to force the cement into place.—Youth's Companion.

Fate in an Unkind Mood

Floating Money That Meant So Much to Shabby Woman Could Not Be Hers.

On Fifth avenue at Fifty-eighth street yesterday morning was a woman taking a stroll for her health, says the New York Sun. She wore a Paris dress and rich furs. Some distance behindw her was another woman shabbily clad. Out in the street was one of those big policemen of the traffic squad.

Almost alongside the curb something that looked like green paper was dancing about in the breeze. It caught the attention of the two women and the policeman almost simultaneously. Each made in the direction of it, but the woman in the furs got there first. What she picked up was a bunch of five, ten and twenty dollar bills. She called the policeman.

"Here, officer," she said, "take this to the station house and have it kept until the owner calls for it."

The policeman took the bills and counted them. There was $125 in all.

The shabbily dressed woman, who was watching the proceedings, sighed.

"How I'd like to have had one of those bills," she said.

It is supposed that the money was lost by a person who had just cashed a check at the Plaza bank near by.

WILL CURTAIL COST

DR. FREDERICK A. CLEVELAND, NEW YORK, IS TO HEAD THE SERVICE.

SQUARE DEAL FOR RAILROADS

President Taft Tells Visiting Labor Leader He Will See They Get It in Pending Rate Revision Proceedings.—Talks on Postal Banks.

Washington.—President Taft announced the appointment of Dr. Frederick A. Cleveland, director of the bureau of municipal research of New York, to head a federal staff of experts to investigate the expenditures in the executive departments. Mr. Cleveland has entered on his duties.

Each cabinet officer will employ three experts to improve the efficiency and to promote economy in his department, and Mr. Cleveland will investigate every department to see what results are being obtained.

The president hopes by this method to reduce the running expenses of the government and at the same time to improve the efficiency. It is not the purpose to get rid of any of the old employes, but merely that those now employed may work to better advantage.

"The president told me that he could be depended upon to give the railroads a square deal regardless of the clamor of political influence, and that furthermore he was going to see that they get it," said T. J. Nolan, general secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredgemen.

Mr. Nolan called on the president relative to the proposed increase in freight rates, which his organization approves.

Mr. Nolan said that labor organizations had reached the conclusion that the proposed increases were right and should be allowed; that unless they were made the railroads would be compelled to reduce expenses, in which event labor would be the first to suffer.

At a cabinet meeting the president and his advisers received a report from the postal savings banks trustees regarding the putting of postal banks into operation.

The matter was under discussion for several hours, and it was announced that the cabinet probably would be compelled to have another session.

Estimates for the several departments also were under discussion.

Archbishop Ireland called at the whitehouse and saw President Taft. He remained but a few moments and announced on leaving that he had merely called to pay his respects.

STRIKERS RIOTING IN BERLIN

Officers and Strikers in Fierce Pitched Conflict—Four Journalists Attacked.

Berlin.—A sensational attack was made by the police on four newspaper correspondents.

Six policemen with swords leaped on an automobile in which were seated correspondents of the New York World, Reuter's Telegraph agency, the London Daily Mail and New York Sun, and slashed all four so badly that they had to seek surgical aid. All had regularly signed police passes authorizing them to go where they liked.

The newspaper men had been watching the police attacks on the rioters.

For two days the Moabit section has been the scene of riots. Hundreds have been injured and pitched battles between strikers, their sympathizers, and the police have been fought.

Before daylight disorder was renewed in the Boabit section. A force of 4,000 policemen marched through the streets in darkness, fired on at frequent intervals and returning the fire, aiming at the points whence came the pistol flashes. More than a hundred policemen are said to have been wounded. About fifty workingmen were taken to hospitals.

FOR HOME RULE CAUSE

Convention Delegates Indorse Work of Parliamentary Party and the Leadership of Redmond.

Buffalo.—A pledge to raise $100,000 within two years for the cause of home rule in Ireland was enthusiastically made by the 885 delegates at the convention of the United Irish League of America.

The pledge followed unanimous adoption of the report of the committee on ways and means, which indorsed "the great work done for the amelioration of the Irish people within the last year by the Irish parliamentary party."

"Believing this work is to be crowned in the near future by the realization of the Irishman's fondest dream, home rule," the report of the committee continues, "and having the fullest confidence in the continued leadership of John E. Redmond, we pledge $100,000 to be raised before the next convention."

Hunts Deer and Kills Friend.

Marinette.—William Pontow, 40, of Menominee was shot and killed while hunting deer.

Otto Schwartz, aged 30, a graduate of Michigan Agricultural college, who shot him, gave himself up and is now in jail awaiting examination on the charge of manslaughter.

Pontow, Schwartz and two other men were hunting with headlights. The headlight on Pontow's cap became very dim and Schwartz mistook it for the eyes of a deer and fired. The bullet passed through Pontow's heart, killing him instantly.

Injuries Kill Switchman.

Waukesha.—Frank Loomis, aged 34 years, died from the result of injuries received by being struck by several freight cars on the siding at the Milwaukee and Soo roads' crossing, near Duplainville. Loomis was employed as a switchman on the Soo line.

Robber Returns His Loot.

St Paul.—A highwayman who held up a bartender and stole $51.05 from the saloon of Chris Ratroat nearly three years ago returned the money through the mails.

Death Follows Gun Wound.

Escanaba.—Alphonso Ethier, Perronville, is dead from lockjaw due to a gunshot wound. While hunting he dropped his gun, and picked it up by the muzzle. The trigger caught in a twig and he was shot in the arm.

Former Eau Claire Man Murdered.

Eau Claire.—Mrs. William Yule of this city received the news of the murder near Austin, N. D., of her brother-in-law, Adelbert Crow, who formerly lived in this city.

RULER A PATRIARCH

One of the World's Most Interesting Monarchs.

Nicholas of Montenegro Affectionately Known as "the Father of His People" Literally Worshiped by His Subjects.

Vienna.—One of the most interesting monarchs in Europe, perhaps anywhere, is Prince, now King, Nicholas of Montenegro, who has recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his reign. During this half century he has been to the people a father and a friend, and it is asserted that he knows every one of his subjects by name, which probably is an exaggeration. He spends his summers in Cetinje and his winters in Antivari, down on the Adriatic coast, but has residences in the principal towns of the kingdom and occupies each for a few weeks every year in order to keep in touch with local affairs. He is very democratic in his manners, and although he dresses in the national costume of his country, which looks fantastic for a man of his age, his tastes are simple, and his habits and manners are those of a country gentleman.

Nicholas was born at the little village of Njegos, a nest in the mountains, in 1841. His uncle, Danilo, the late Vladika of Montenegro, designated him for his successor. He was educated in Vienna, Trieste and Paris, and was not quite twenty years old when he was elevated to the throne.

In 1860, a few months after he was crowned, Nicholas married a Montenegrin girl, Milena Vukotich, daughter of Peter Vukotich, president of the council of state, who was also a farmer and one of the largest land owners in the country, and she has been a congenial companion and valuable help meet.

The Princess Mellena is as popular as her husband, and presides over the palace with simple but graceful dignity. She wears the native costume when she is in Montenegro, but has a



Nicholas of Montenegro.

Paris outfit when she visits foreign countries. She insists upon her daughters-in-law wearing the same dress as her subjects when they are at home and encourages the people to continue the ancient customs and practise the old-fashioned arts and accomplishments of past generations.

Nicholas usually rides around in a little pony chaise, drawn by a diminutive animal like that Queen Victoria used to use in her garden at Osborne and in the park at Balmoral. The pony is led by a page and the prince sits back in the cushions and talks to everybody he meets on the street in a most condescending and fatherly manner. The women come out from their houses and kiss the hem of his cloak and the little children worship him as if he were a demi-god. In the eyes of these simple people he is the author of all the good that they enjoy; the protector of their lives and homes; their guardian and benefactor in every sense.

From 1460 to 1851 the executive authority in Montenegro was exercised by Vladikas, or prince bishops as they were called, the same man being the head of the church and the head of the state. He performed the ecclesiastical functions of a patriarch of the Orthodox Greek church as well as the civil duties of a king. At first the Vladikas were elected by ballot, but about 1696 a powerful and progressive leader named Babylas founded the present dynasty, and, as the Vladika was not permitted to marry, the crown has descended from uncle to nephew in the same family ever since. King Nicholas, the present ruler of Montenegro, is the second who has not been ordained as a priest. He simply refused to assume ecclesiastical authority and the people, who idolized him as a young man, unanimously sustained him in his violation of precedent. Ecclesiastical authority is therefore exercised by a regular bishop, elected by the clergy.

The daughters of King Nicholas are uncommonly beautiful and accomplished and those of them who have married have done well. Princess Helena married the king of Italy; Anna became the wife of Prince Francis Joseph of Battenberg; Militza married Grand Duke Peter, brother of the czar, and Stena wed Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolarevitch, cousin of the czar. Of the sons, Crown Prince Danilo married Militza, daughter of the grand duke of Mecklenberg, and Mirko took for wife Natalie Constantinovitch, daughter of a Russian grand duke. There are two daughters left, and a son, Prince Peter.

Mother Breathes Life to Baby.

Allentown, Pa.—Mrs. Milton Ruch of Schadt's Schoolhouse found her year old baby apparently dead in its cradle, choked by mosquito netting in which he had become entangled while she was preparing supper.

With admirable presence of mind she employed artificial respiration and the child recovered consciousness just as the doctor arrived. The physician said but for the mother's work the little one would have died.

His Preference.

Mrs. Mountjoy Belassis (after several collisions)—It strikes me, Mr. Rudderford, you're much more at home in a boat than in a ballroom! Little Bobby Rudderford (the famous Oxford coxswain)—Yes, by Jove! And I'd sooner steer eight men than one woman any day!—London Mail.

Morality.

My duty to my neighbor is most nearly expressed by saying that I have to make him happy—if I may.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—



$1000 In it for you

Calumet has been backed for years by an offer of $1,000 for any substance injurious to health found in the baking prepared with it.

Does not this and the fact that it complies with all pure food laws, both State and National, prove that Calumet is absolutely **pure?**

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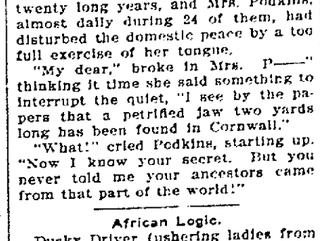


The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more but there is no better lamp made. Perfectly constructed of solid brass. Finish will not tarnish. No nickel to scale off. Easily lighted, no dripping of oil. Simple central draft burner. Gives a bright, steady, white light. Can be found in nearly every home in the land. If your dealer does not keep it, write to our nearest station for descriptive circular.

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Papa—That was the supreme court of the United States we just came out of.

Tommy (aged seven)—Gee, pop! dere wasn't anybody dere but a lot of bearded old women dressed in black.

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Only Relief From Terrible Suffering.

Thomas E. Vest, 1505 S. 12th St., Terre Haute, Ind., says: "I had no control over the urine and the pain when voiding it was so great I often screamed. I grew worse and lay in bed for weeks, the only relief being from hypodermics. I was treated by three physicians without help and the last one said an operation was necessary. At this time I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and passed a gravel stone as large as a pea. The next day I passed two more and from then on improved rapidly until cured."



Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers, 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Explanation.

Old Podkins lay back in his chair in calm content, and though his wife was quite near him he was happy, for she had not broken the silence for nearly five minutes.

He had been married for five-and-twenty long years, and Mrs. Podkins, almost daily during 24 of them, had disturbed the domestic peace by a too full exercise of her tongue.

"My dear," broke in Mrs. P——," thinking it time she said something to interrupt the quiet, "I see by the papers that a petrified jaw two yards long has been found in Cornwall."

"What!" cried Podkins, starting up. "Now I know your secret. But you never told me your ancestors came from that part of the world!"

African Logic.

Dusky Driver (ushering ladies from steamer)—Yes, marm—dis way, marm; ca'lage to de hotel.

First Lady (hesitating at step)—And what will you charge?

D. D.—One dollar, marm.

Second Lady—Half a dollar apiece, when the hotel is barely a block away? Why, we'd just as lief—

D. D. (interrupting)—Would you jest as lief go in de hotel bus? Dey charges a quarter.

Ladies (in chorus)—Just as lief.

D. D. (with flourish)—Den step right into de ca'lage, marm, an' I'll take yu fer de same as de bus—dey is some folks prefers de ca'lage and I has to charge accordin'!—Virginia Vintage.

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Forgive the man who smites you on one cheek and he will generally swat you on the other.

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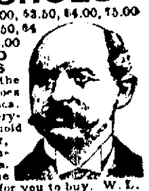
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(Incorporated)

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Oct. 5, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

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JOHN SCHMITT

Clerk of Court
WM H GETTS

District Attorney
JOHN A. GAYNOR

Register of Deeds
HERMAN J. PANKOW

Surveyor
WILLIAM CORCORAN

Warning to Merchants.

A new law enacted by congress which went into effect the first of last January is liable to produce some sort of a sensation if not observed to the letter. The new law is for the purpose of doing away with all enterprises which bear any semblance to a lottery or game of chance and its provisions carry a severe penalty for lack of observance In times gone by it has been customary for merchants to conduct guessing contests, gift schemes and the like, and these have been freely exploited in the newspapers. Under the new law there will be an opportunity for the violator of its provisions, or for the newspaper publisher who advertises any of the lottery or chance schemes, to meditate long and deeply o'er their lack of foresight, for such violation carries with it a penitentiary sentence with a fine not to exceed $1,000. The new law, which is published below, should be read carefully by every merchant in order that he may understand its provisions, and not allow himself to wander into realms which will tend toward his undoing.

"No letter, package, postal card or letter containing any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar schemes offering prizes depending in whole or in part thereof, or paper, certificate, or instrument purporting to be or to represent a ticket chance, share or interest in or dependent upon a lot or chance; and no check, draft, bill, money order or money postal note for the purchase of any ticket or part thereof or of any share or chance in any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme of any kind, or offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon chance, or containing any list of the prizes drawn or awarded by means of any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme, whether such list contains any part or all of such prizes, shall be deposited in or carried by the United States mails, or delivered by any postmaster or letter carrier."

Cattle Must Be Tested.

The last legislature enacted a law of great importance to farmers. It makes the application of the tuberculin test to all cattle offered for sale or slaughter compulsory. The law goes into effect Dec. 1, next, and is as follows:

"From and after December 1, 1910, it shall be unlawful to sell or otherwise transfer any bull, cow or heifer of the bovine family, over six months old, for other than temporary feeding purposes or to be exported from the state or slaughtered, unless the same has within two years prior to such sale or transfer been tuberculin tested by some competent person, approved by the state live stock sanitary board, and been found to be free from tuberculosis, the same to be shown by the temperature sheets of such test, one copy of which shall be delivered to the purchaser at time of sale, and another at the same time shall be sent by mail to the state live stock sanitary board; and no person shall purchase any such animal except as above provided unless the same has been tuberculin tested, and the evidence of such test as provided in this act accompanies the animal, and no person shall at any time, or in any manner apply tuberculin to any animal unless such application de reported to the state live stock board."

Captain Bogardus Again Hits the Bull's Eye

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Mr. and Mrs. John Beck and children spent the past week at LaCrosse visiting relatives.

Mrs. August Kempfert and children Dorothy and Clarence of Appleton, are visiting relatives and friends here at present.

Mrs. Joe Conway was the guest of Mrs. J. T. Herron in your city one afternoon last week.

Steve Snyder was unable to work a part of last week on account of a sore hand.

ABEL & PODAWILTZ

BIG FALL OPENING SALE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8 to SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15

SEVEN BIG DAYS

THIS being the first sale that has ever been given by the above named firm, we will make it the SALE OF THE SEASON. Everything we sell at this sale is all Standard Goods, No Seconds. ***We Guarantee All Goods.*** All goods bought at this sale that are not satisfactory will be cheerfully exchanged or money refunded. Below are only a few of the many bargains we are offering, and remember WE DO JUST AS WE ADVERTISE.



MEN'S SUITS

We have a few suits that we are closing out at very low prices. All new styles. Every suit guaranteed. In this lot you will find

$20.00 suits for.....$13.00

$18.00 suits for.....$12.00

$15.00 suits for.....$10.00

$12.00 suits for.....$8.00

$10.00 suits for.....$6.50

MEN'S OVERCOATS

Our new fall stock is now ready for your inspection and you will find one of the largest and best overcoat lines ever shown in Grand Rapids. We have all the new shades in Brown, Gray and Tan, with all the new style collars.

When you buy an overcoat of us you are sure of getting this year's style, as we have no overcoats that were carried over from last year.

Browns, Tans and Grays from

$7.50 to $28.00

Blacks from

$10.00 to $30.00

We have a line of Men's Work Shoes, Shirts, Overalls, Sweater Coats, Etc., that we bought from Sampson & Halverson that must go regardless of cost.

Men's fleece lined underwear, no seconds but all standard goods, 50c values at 42c.

MEN'S SHIRTS

With or without collars, 50c values.....38c

Men's work shirts, 50c values.....38c

MEN'S WORK SHOES

$2.75 shoes at only.....$1.95

$2.00 shoes at only.....$1.55

MEN'S SWEATER COATS

$1.00 values at.....65c

$1.50 values at.....$1.05

$2.00 values at.....$1.45

We are also showing a strong line of sweater coats at $2.00, $2.50, $3, $4 and $6.

MEN'S MITTENS

Men's mule skin mittens, 50c values.....15c

Men's canvas gloves, 10c sellers.....5c

15c gauntlets, only.....10c

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS

Blue, brown gray, nearly all colors

$1.00 shirts at.....78c

$1.50 shirts at.....$1.10

$2.00 shirts at.....$1.38

$2.50 shirts at.....$1.75

MEN'S SOFT HATS

In browns, grays and blues. We bought a sample line of hats which we are selling at each.....$1.50



BOYS' SUITS

We have a new and complete line of Boys' Suits in single and double breasted styles, in all the new shades of Brown, Gray and Blue.

These Suits are Marked Very Low and You will Find Them Bargains.

Age 3 to 8, all new shades

75c to $4.00

Age 8 to 17, all new shades

$2.00 to $8.00

Here is a Chance to Get the Boys Ready for Winter at Nearly Half the Cost that You will have to spend elsewhere.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES

$2.50 shoes for.....$1.95

$2.00 shoes for.....$1.45

$1.75 shoes for.....$1.20

BOYS' UNDERWEAR

25c fleece lined at.....16c

50c union suits at.....38c

BOYS' SHIRTS

With or without collar, 50c values.....38c

BOYS' WAISTS

50c values at.....38c

BOYS' STOCKINGS

25c sellers at only.....16c

BOYS' CAPS for Winter Wear

100 caps to go at each.....25c

BOYS' PANTS

$1.00 pants at.....72c

85c pants at.....60c

75c pants at.....50c

50c pants at.....35c

BOYS' SWEATER COATS

all colors

50c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1.50

The Best 50 Cent Overall on the Market

42 CENTS

ARROW COLLARS - GIMBEL HATS - HOLE PROOF HOSE - HIRSH WICKWIRE CLOTHES

ABEL & PODAWILTZ

GOOD CLOTHES ONLY

Next Door to Wood Co. National Bank :: :: :: :: Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Apples. Apples

—Another car of fancy large red apples. Come and see them. You will buy at $1.20 per bushel. Johnson & Hill Co.

For Chapped Skin.

Chapped skin whether on the hands or face may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequaled for sore nipples, burns and scalds. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

The Pharmaceutical Wink.

Church—"I see the pharmacists are going to have a ball in New York." Gotham—"Yes, just come over the bridge if you want to go, and wink, and I guess you'll get in right."—Yonkers Statesman.

A Slight Jolt.

Sapleigh—I'd nevah mawry a stwong-minded woman, doncher know. Miss Caustique—I can readily believe that. In fact, I don't believe the woman who faces the parson with you will have any mind at all.

More Like the Other Place.

Mrs. A.—"The lecturer described heaven as consisting of seven entirely distinct heavens, one above the other." Mrs. B.—"Dear me! I shouldn't fancy that kind. It's too suggestive of the modern flat."

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Oct. 5, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months..... 75

OUR CANDIDATES.

U. S. Senator—
CHARLES H. WIESSE

Governor—
ADOLPH J. SCHMITZ

Lieutenant Governor—
HARRY W. BOLENS

Secretary of State—
JOHN. M. CALAHAN

State Treasurer—
JOHN RINGLE

Attorney General—
JOHN F. DOHERTY

Com. of Insurance—
JOHN A. HAZLEWOOD

Rep. in Congress—
JOHN F. LAMONT

State Senator—
THOMAS H. PATTERSON

Member of Assembly—
WM. E. WHEELAN

County Clerk—
ARTHUR P. MULROY

County Treasurer—
JOHN JAGODZINSKY

Sheriff—
JOHN SCHMITT

Clerk of Court—
WM H GETTS

District Attorney
JOHN A. GAYNOR

Register of Deeds
HERMAN J. PANKOW

Surveyor
WILLIAM CORCORAN

Warning to Merchants.

A new law enacted by congress which went into effect the first of last January is liable to produce some sort of a sensation if not observed to the letter. The new law is for the purpose of doing away with all enterprises which bear any semblance to a lottery or game of chance and its provisions carry a severe penalty for lack of observance. In times gone by it has been customary for merchants to conduct guessing contests, gift schemes and the like, and these have been freely exploited in the newspapers. Under the new law there will be an opportunity for the violator of its provisions, or for the newspaper publisher who advertises any of the lottery or chance schemes, to meditate long and deeply o'er their lack of foresight, for such violation carries with it a penitentiary sentence with a fine not to exceed $1,000. The new law, which is published below, should be read carefully by every merchant in order that he may understand its provisions, and not allow himself to wander into realms which will tend toward his undoing.

"No letter, package, postal card or letter containing any lottery, gift enterprise, or similar schemes offering prizes depending in whole or in part thereof, or paper, certificate, or instrument purporting to be or to represent a ticket chance, share or interest in or dependent upon a lot or chance; and no check, draft, bill, money order or money postal note for the purchase of any ticket or part thereof or of any share or chance in any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme of any kind, or offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon chance, or containing any list of the prizes drawn or awarded by means of any such lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme, whether such list contains any part or all of such prizes, shall be deposited in or carried by the United States mails, or delivered by any postmaster or letter carrier."

Cattle Must Be Tested.

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There was no school here Friday, our teachers having attended the institute in your city.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred DeMars of Everett, Wash., arrived here Friday. They were called here by the illness of the former's father, O. DeMars.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Biron of Stevens Point Sundayed in this burg with relatives.

Dick Campbell, who was formerly an employee in this mill, spent a few hours here last Thursday renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beck and children spent the past week at LaCrosse visiting relatives.

Mrs. August Kempfert and children Dorothy and Clarence of Appleton, are visiting relatives and friends here at present.

Mrs. Joe Conway was the guest of Mrs. J. T. Herron in your city one afternoon last week.

Steve Snyder was unable to work a part of last week on account of a sore hand.

ABEL & PODAWILTZ

BIG FALL OPENING SALE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8 to SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15

SEVEN BIG DAYS

THIS being the first sale that has ever been given by the above named firm, we will make it the SALE OF THE SEASON. Everything we sell at this sale is all Standard Goods, No Seconds. ***We Guarantee All Goods.*** All goods bought at this sale that are not satisfactory will be cheerfully exchanged or money refunded. Below are only a few of the many bargains we are offering, and remember WE DO JUST AS WE ADVERTISE.



MEN'S SUITS

We have a few suits that we are closing out at very low prices. All new styles. Every suit guaranteed. In this lot you will find

$20.00 suits for.....$13.00
$18.00 suits for.....$12.00
$15.00 suits for.....$10.00
$12.00 suits for.....$8.00
$10.00 suits for.....$6.50

MEN'S OVERCOATS

Our new fall stock is now ready for your inspection and you will find one of the largest and best overcoat lines ever shown in Grand Rapids. We have all the new shades in Brown, Gray and Tan, with all the new style collars.

When you buy an overcoat of us you are sure of getting this year's style, as we have no overcoats that were carried over from last year.

Browns, Tans and Grays from
$7.50 to $28.00
Blacks from
$10.00 to $30.00

We have a line of Men's Work Shoes, Shirts, Overalls, Sweater Coats, Etc., that we bought from Sampson & Halverson that must go regardless of cost.

Men's fleece lined underwear, no seconds but all standard goods, 50c values at 42c.

MEN'S SHIRTS

With or without collars, 50c values.....38c
Men's work shirts, 50c values.....38c

MEN'S WORK SHOES

$2.75 shoes at only.....$1.95
$2.00 shoes at only.....$1.55

MEN'S SWEATER COATS

$1.00 values at.....65c
$1.50 values at.....$1.05
$2.00 values at.....$1.45

We are also showing a strong line of sweater coats at $2.00, $2.50, $3, $4 and $6.

MEN'S MITTENS

Men's mule skin mittens, 50c values.....15c
Men's canvas gloves, 10c sellers.....5c
15c gauntlets, only.....10c

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS

Blue, brown gray, nearly all colors

$1.00 shirts at.....78c
$1.50 shirts at.....$1.10
$2,00 shirts at.....$1.38
$2.50 shirts at.....$1.75

MEN'S SOFT HATS

In browns, grays and blues. We bought a sample line of hats which we are selling at each.....$1.50



BOYS' SUITS

We have a new and complete line of Boys' Suits in single and double breasted styles, in all the new shades of Brown, Gray and Blue.

These Suits are Marked Very Low and You will Find Them Bargains.

Age 3 to 8, all new shades
75c to $4.00
Age 8 to 17, all new shades
$2.00 to $8.00

Here is a Chance to Get the Boys Ready for Winter at Nearly Half the Cost that You will have to spend elsewhere.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES

$2.50 shoes for.....$1.95
$2.00 shoes for.....$1.45
$1.75 shoes for.....$1.20

BOYS' UNDERWEAR

25c fleece lined at.....16c
50c union suits at.....38c

BOYS' SHIRTS

With or without collar, 50c values.....38c

BOYS' WAISTS

50c values at.....38c

BOYS' STOCKINGS

25c sellers at only.....16c

BOYS' CAPS for Winter Wear

100 caps to go at each.....25c

BOYS' PANTS

$1.00 pants at.....72c
85c pants at.....60c
75c pants at.....50c
50c pants at.....35c

BOYS' SWEATER COATS

all colors
50c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1.50

The Best 50 Cent Overall on the Market
42 CENTS

ARROW COLLARS - GIMBEL HATS - HOLE PROOF HOSE - HIRSH WICKWIRE CLOTHES

ABEL & PODAWILTZ

GOOD CLOTHES ONLY

Next Door to Wood Co. National Bank :: :: :: :: Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Apples. Apples.

—Another car of fancy large red apples. Come and see them. You will buy at $1.20 per bushel. Johnson & Hill Co.

For Chapped Skin.

Chapped skin whether on the hands or face may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequaled for sore nipples, burns and scalds. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

The Pharmaceutical Wink.

Church—"I see the pharmacists are going to have a ball in New York." Gotham—"Yes, just come over the bridge if you want to go, and wink, and I guess you'll get in right."—Yonkers Statesman.

A Slight Jolt.

Sapleigh—I'd nevah mawry a stwong-minded woman, doncher know. Miss Caustique—I can readily believe that. In fact, I don't believe the woman who faces the parson with you will have any mind at all.

More Like the Other Place.

Mrs. A.—"The lecturer described heaven as consisting of seven entirely distinct heavens, one above the other." Mrs. B.—"Dear me! I shouldn't fancy that kind. It's too suggestive of the modern flat."

LOCAL ITEMS.

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Miss Emma Schroeder departed on Sunday for a weeks visit at Merrill.

Chief of Police A. F. Gerwing of Marshfield was in the city on business Saturday.

Ben Wheeler of New Rome, Adams county, was in the city on Saturday looking after some business matters.

—Bargains. If you want a bargain on plows, discs harrows drags we have it for you. Centralia Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parker were called to Green Bay on Thursday by the serious illness of Mrs. Parker's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Neitzel of the west side are rejoicing over the birth of a 16 pound boy at their home the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Dufour and R. L. Kraus of Marshfield were in the city on Saturday to witness the football game.

Mrs. Frank Rafferty of Spring Valley, Minn., who has been visiting her relatives in this city, left for home on Thursday.

John Schnabel departed on Monday for Louisville Ky., and Cleveland, Ohio, on business for the F. MacKinnon Mf'g. Co.

Rev. George Dewey and daughter Lilah left on Sunday for Oshkosh where Mr. Dewey will attend the Baptist convention.

J. W. Lemley visited at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Symms at Auburndale several days the latter part of the week.

Mrs. B. L. Brown returned on Wednesday from Hillsboro where she had been visiting with relatives for the past couple of weeks.

James Garrett of Vesper spent several hours in the city on Saturday while enroute to Millston where he expects to visit for a week.

Miss Erma Spangler returned to her home in Neenah on Thursday after spending two weeks in the city, a guest of Miss Elsie Bock.

Prof. F. L. Bliss, Vincent Bliss and B. L. Brown spent Thursday and Friday at Wautoma where they played with the band at the fair.

Mrs. C. H. Beazan of Fond du Lac, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Al Voss for several days past, returned to her home on Monday.

Tony Wacholtz of the town of Sigel was among the callers at the Tribune office on Saturday, having dropped in to renew his subscription for another year.

—FOR SALE:—The Halverson home on Elm St. New, elegantly finished. Has electric lights, sewer, city water, bath. See owner or J. H. Linderman. Phone 417.

Good results always follow the use of Foley Kidney Pills. They contain just the ingredients necessary to tone, strengthen and regulate the kidneys and bladder, and to cure backache.

Dick Johnston, Nic Gross and Thos. McGraw rentrned on Saturday from the northern part of Minnesota where they have been the past two weeks looking over some timber claims.

Frank Reed of Necedah was a guest at the Will Kellogg home on Sunday.

The Merrill Telephone Company, which was established thirteen years ago by local capital, has been absorbed by the Wisconsin Telephone Company.

Hubert Hurley, who has been at Fox Lake during the past summer, arrived in the city on Saturday and will have charge of the Holliday garage on the east side.

Mayor W. E. Wheelan returned on Thursday from the northern part of the state where he had been spending several weeks seeking relief from his annual attack of hay fever.

Mrs. George Berard and children expect to move back here this week from Green Lake, where Mr. Berard has been employed in a meat market the past summer. Mr. Berard expects to remain there until November

W. C. Slater, district manager for the Central Life Insurance Co., has removed his family to this city from Plainfield and will occupy the Louis Fournier cottage on Third street recently vacated by J. T. Schumacher.

The Northwestern Teachers Association will hold its session at Eau Claire on Friday and Saturday, October 21 and 22. An elaborate program has been prepared for the occasion, and a large attendance is expected.

E. Jenson, who owns about 200 acres of land in the neighborhood of Olty Point, has been clearing up a tract preparatory to placing it under cultivation. He spent several days there last week and reports having made good progress.

Al Hobart of Berlin, who formerly operated a billiard and pool room in this city, was in town for a short time on Monday looking after some business matters. Mr. Hobart reports that the world has been using him kindly since he left here.

Necedah Republican:—According to a statement published in the show press Campbell's circus, which was wrecked near Babcock on the morning of August 16, has received $8,200 as damages from the C. M. & St. P. railway.

J. T. Schumacher left on Monday for Mansfield, Ill., where he will open a general merchandise store as soon as he can get his stock there from the city. Mrs. Schumacher left on Friday for Stoughton where she will visit her people for a time before going to their new home.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Scandinavian Moravian church held a business meeting and social on Friday evening in the church parsonage. Special features of the program were a vocal solo by Lyda Nelson, an address by Nina Carlson and a piano solo by Oscar Rockstad.

Pears. Pears.

—Another car of fancy Kiefer canning pears. This week only $1.00 per bushel. Johnson & Hill Co.

E. N. Pomainville returned on Sunday from Montreal, Canada, where he went to attend the Eucharistic Congress. While away he also visited at Quebec, New York, Boston, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and Milwaukee, and reports having had a very pleasant trip.

Frank Wilson was sent over the road by a St. Paul Judge for a term of fifteen years for having stolen 61 cents from a laborer. If he survives the fifteen years of confinement he will probably be wise enough by that time to let those small amounts go and take a million or two while he is about it.

John Flanagan of Vesper was a business visitor in the city on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Flanagan have recently returned from Lemmon, S. D., where they spent the past summer on a homestead which Mr. Flanagan took up a year ago. Mr. Flanagan says crops were an entire failure out there and many ranchers had to sell their stock for lack of forage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Beuimler, who some time ago resided at Vesper, but left there to take up their residence in Virginia, write the Tribune that they are enjoying the best of health and are happy in their new home. They report that the farmers there are busy cutting corn and tobacco and plowing for fall grain. Mr. Beuimler recently bought a sawmill and has been putting in the greater part of his time at the mill.

—It will pay anyone to read and reflect upon the brief advertisement of the First National Bank, in another column. The officials of the First National Bank have seen so many investments made by men and women who hoped for large returns and lost part or all of the principle, that they are impelled to warn people against everything speculative.

The bank does not PROMISE so much, but it DOES all or more than it promises.

Alex Marceaux and Miss Rose Kaseman both of this city were married on Wednesday morning, Sept. 28th at the Catholic church, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating. After the wedding service a dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kaseman to a number of friends and relatives. The young couple departed the same day on a wedding tour after which they will make their home in Eau Claire where Mr. Marceaux holds a position as millwright.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO PACIFIC COAST

—These special low rate tickets, on sale daily until October 15, are available on our daily and personally conducted tours in tourist sleeping cars through to the coast, via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line.

For full particulars write S. A. Hutchison, Manager, Tours Dept., 212 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., or address nearest ticket agent.—16

Mours-Nighour.

Adam Mours and Miss Pauline Nighour were married at St. Lawrence church in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 26, Rev. Father Wojak officiating.

They were accompanied by John Jogiuski, Tony Schumanski, Frank Molepski and Misses Francis Nighour, Josie Mours and Mary Nighour.

Mr. and Mrs. Mours will make their home in this city where Mr. Mours is employed. Their many friends here will unite with the Tribune in extending congratulations.

DOCTOR GARBUTT

—This well known and successful specialist in chronic diseases of men and women, nervous disorders of children and skin diseases who visits Grand Rapids every four weeks, will be at the Dixon House on Tuesday, October 11.

Scandinavian Moravian Church.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Rockstad, Oak Street. The Willing Workers will meet with Mrs. Rockstad on Friday evening. Norwegian services on Sunday.

Sept. 21 Oct. 6

Notice of Application for Letters of Administration

Wood County, in County Court In Probate. State of Wisconsin } ss
County of Wood,

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Quasigroch, deceased.

On this 20th day of September A. D 1910, upon reading and filing the petition of Anna Quasigroch stating that Joseph Quasigroch of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 16th day of September, 1910, and praying that Anna Quasigroch be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ordered, that said application be heard before me, at the probate office in Grand Rapids Wis., on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

Sept 28 Oct. 19

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, ss. County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Appel, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Charles Appel, late of the town of Sigel, in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Anna Appel by this court;

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 4th day of April, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Charles Appel, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Charles Appel, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court room in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the second Tuesday of April, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified hereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1910.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

DIRE DISTRESS.

It is Near at Hand to Hundreds of Grand Rapids Readers.

—Don't neglect an aching back.

Backache is the kidney's cry for help.

Neglect hurrying to their aid

Means that urinary troubles follow quickly

Dire distress, diabetes, Bright's disease.

Profit by a Grand Rapids citizen's experience.

Mrs. John Hutchinson, 532 Second St., N., Grand Rapids, Wis., says: "I was well satisfied with the results that followed the use of Doan's Kidney Pills in my case. For some time I suffered from backache, pains across my loins and frequent headaches. I had but little strength or ambition and felt tired and languid nearly all the time. The kidney secretions were unnatural and deposited a heavy sediment. A friend finally advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box. They regulated the passage of the kidney secretions, strengthened my back and I felt better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A Generous and Charitable Wish

I wish all might know of the benefit I received from your Foley's Kidney Remedy, say I. N. Regan, Farmer, Mo. His kidneys and bladder gave him so much pain, misery and annoyance, he could not work, nor sleep. He says Foley's Kidney Remedy completely cured him.

La France SHOE for WOMEN



The Muir Shoe Co.

ANY PERSON

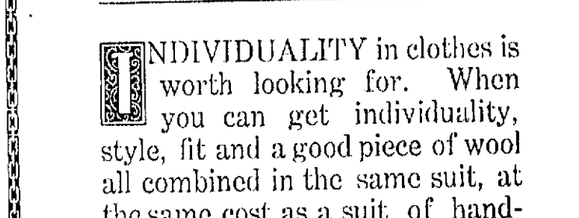
with the inclination to save should come to this bank and start a Saving's Account no matter if it be but $1.00. We teach you to save, and make it easy. We also PAY YOU to SAVE by allowing 3 percent interest on Saving and compute the interest twice a year.

All deposits made in our Savings Department on or before October 12th will receive interest for full three months at our next interest paying period, January 1st.

Wood County Nat'l Bank

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Resources Exceed One Million Dollars



WE FISH for YOUR TRADE

by no catchpenny methods. We don't claim to sell **LUMBER** below cost or any such clap trap scheme. We assume you have too much good common sense to be caught in that manner.

WE WANT TO SELL YOU LUMBER

on a basis of good quality at a fair price. We believe you get more real value and truer economy by our plan than any other. What do you think?

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

INDIVIDUALITY in clothes is worth looking for. When you can get individuality, style, fit and a good piece of wool all combined in the same suit, at the same cost as a suit of hand-me-downs, you are doing a good stroke of business. Come and see what we have to offer you along this line.

R. F. MATTHEWS



FALL FOOTWEAR!



We open the Fall Season with the finest display of Men's, Women's and Children's Footwear we have ever shown. Styles more attractive and qualities better than ever before. We show every new feature in last, toe, heel and shoemaking, in all sizes and widths. We show the best $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 shoes ever sold for the money. We can satisfy and gratify those looking for something choice and handsome in Foot Dressing. May we have the pleasure of showing you and supplying your Footwear.



We have studied the Boys' Shoe problem from start to finish and we are offering to our trade the best Boys' Shoes that is possible to buy.

We show an elegant line of Boys' Fine Welt Shoes, made over new high toe, high arch last. Button or lace at

$3.00

We also show a large variety of styles and leathers at

$1.50 to $2.50

Buster Brown Blue Ribbon shoes for Boys and Girls,

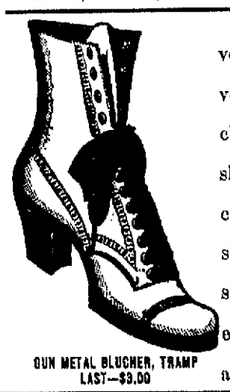
We claim that we are showing the best moderate priced Shoes for Women that were ever put on the market. We ask the attention of women that appreciate a particularly good shoe at such prices as

$2.00
$2.50
$3.00
$3.50



Dull finish Cloth top ***$2.50***

Our women's shoes are made upon honor by reliable makers. Nothing slighted or overlooked in their, construction, the very best material entered in their making



GUN METAL BLUCHER, TRAMP LAST—$3.00

Women's patent colt vamp, velvet top button shoes ***$3.50***
Women's patent colt vamp, velvet top button shoes ***$3.00***
Women's patent colt vamp, cloth top button shoes ***$3.50***
Women's black Suede button shoes***$4.00***
Women's dull finish vamp, cloth top.....***$2.50***
Women's Gun Metal button shoes***$2.50***
Women's Arabian horse hide shoes***$2.00***
Women's Gun Metal blucher at.....***$2.50***
Womhn's heavy calf shoes at.....***$1.75***



The man will surely wear the best shoes his money can buy. Best in style, best in durability, best in fit.

Take a look, Sir, at the splendid shoes we are selling at

$2.00
$2.50
$3.00
$3.50
$4.00

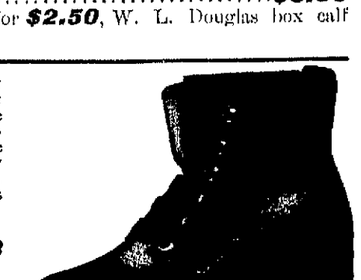
Men's W. L. Douglas box calf blucher.....***$3.50***
Men's Fiebrich Fox Hilker gun metal shoes...***$4.00***
Men's Reed shoes, 10 different lasts, all leathers, button or lace.....***$3.00***
The best shoes for ***$2.50***, W. L. Douglas box calf blucher.

We're especially strong on work shoes. We have the best that money and experience can buy, every pair guaranteed. High and low tops

Low Tops ***$1.95*** to ***$3***

High Tops ***$2.50*** to ***$7***

See our special $3 12 inch top, tan or black shoes.



Tan Water Proof $4.00



RUBBERS —FOR— EVERYBODY

This is the season when every woman, old or young, miss and every child in the family should be provided with good, sturdy rubbers. There's no investment that pays so well. We show the best and most reliable makes of rubber footwear.

Women's storm rubbers or sandals.....**50c to 85c**

Men's storm rubbers or sandals...**75c to $1.10**

Misses' storm rubbers.....**45c to 70c**

Children's storm rubbers.....**40c to 60c**

Gold Seal and Ball Band, lumbermen's overs.

Rubber is high these days, but we have provided protection for our customers by buying early and in very large quantities.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

"THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES"



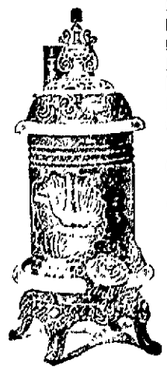
CONTRACTORS
..IN CEMENT WORK..
Dealers in
WOOD AND COAL.
Headquarters for Western Upland Hay

BOSSERT BROS. & COMPANY

Office Phone 416 Residence Phone 54

HOW TO SAVE FUEL!

Briefly-BUY A COLE'S HOT BLAST COAL STOVE



It cuts the fuel bill in two because it burns the gas arising from the coal. Gas goes via the chimney in other stoves. Cole's Hot Blast really makes $3 soft coal work like $5 hard coal. Come in and see that smokeless fuel door. It does away with dust, dirt and smoke in the house.

Our Cutlery has a great reputation in the neighborhood because while the price is cheap the goods are not.

D. M. Huntington

... SOLE AGENT ...

East Side -:- Near Library Building

We own the only complete set of | **Incorporated Paid up Capital, $15,000.** | Abstracts of Title of Wood County

TAYLOR & SCOTT CO.

WOOD COUNTY ABSTRACTS

LOANS, and REAL ESTATE. ABSTRACTS OF TITLE MADE OR CORRECTED TO DATE ON SHORT NOTICE.

GRAND RAPIDS - - WISCONSIN

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Miss Mayme Murtaugh, who has been stenographer at the law office of D. D. Conway during the past year, has resigned her position to accept one at Merrill, her home. Miss Murtaugh expects to leave for Merrill in the near future.

Miss Emma Schroeder departed on Sunday for a weeks visit at Merrill.

Chief of Police A. F. Gerwing of Marshfield was in the city on business Saturday.

Ben Wheeler of New Rome, Adams county, was in the city on Saturday looking after some business matters.

—Bargains. If you want a bargain on plows, discs harrows drags we have it for you. Centralia Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parker were called to Green Bay on Thursday by the serious illness of Mrs. Parker's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Neitzel of the west side are rejoicing over the birth of a 16 pound boy at their home the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Dufour and R. L. Kraus of Marshfield were in the city on Saturday to witness the football game.

Mrs. Frank Rafferty of Spring Valley, Minn., who has been visiting her relatives in this city, left for home on Thursday.

John Schnabel departed on Monday for Louisville Ky., and Cleveland, Ohio, on business for the F. MacKinnon Mfg. Co.

Rev. George Dewey and daughter Lilah left on Sunday for Oshkosh where Mr. Dewey will attend the Baptist convention.

J. W. Lemley visited at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Symms at Auburndale several days the latter part of the week.

Mrs. B. L. Brown returned on Wednesday from Hillsboro where she had been visiting with relatives for the past couple of weeks.

James Garrett of Vesper spent several hours in the city on Saturday while enroute to Millston where he expects to visit for a week.

Miss Erna Spengler returned to her home in Neenah on Thursday after spending two weeks in the city, a guest of Miss Elsie Bock.

Prof. F. L. Bliss, Vincent Bliss and B. L. Brown spent Thursday and Friday at Wautoma where they played with the band at the fair.

Mrs. C. H. Beazan of Fond du Lac, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Al Voss for several days past, returned to her home on Monday.

Tony Wacholtz of the town of Sigel was among the callers at the Tribune office on Saturday, having dropped in to renew his subscription for another year.

—FOR SALE:—The Halverson home on Elm St. New, elegantly finished. Has electric lights, sewer, city water, bath. See owner or J. H. Linderman. Phone 417.

Good results always follow the use of Foley Kidney Pills. They contain just the ingredients necessary to tone, strengthen and regulate the kidneys and bladder, and to cure backache.

Dick Johnston, Nic Gross and Thos. McGraw reutrned on Saturday from the northern part of Minnesota where they have been the past two weeks looking over some timber claims.

Frank Reed of Necedah was a guest at the Will Kellogg home on Sunday.

The Merrill Telephone Company, which was established thirteen years ago by local capital, has been absorbed by the Wisconsin Telephone Company.

Hubert Hurley, who has been at Fox Lake during the past summer, arrived in the city on Saturday and will have charge of the Holliday garage on the east side.

Mayor W. E. Wheelan returned on Thursday from the northern part of the state where he had been spending several weeks seeking relief from his annual attack of hay fever.

Mrs. George Berard and children expect to move back here this week from Green Lake, where Mr. Berard has been employed in a meat market the past summer. Mr. Berard expects to remain there until November

W. C. Slater, district manager for the Central Life Insurance Co., has removed his family to this city from Plainfield and will occupy the Louis Fournier cottage on Third street recently vacated by J. T. Schumacher.

The Northwestern Teachers Association will hold its session at Eau Claire on Friday and Saturday, October 21 and 22. An elaborate program has been prepared for the occasion, and a large attendance is expected.

E. Jensen, who owns about 200 acres of land in the neighborhood of City Point, has been clearing up a tract preparatory to placing it under cultivation. He spent several days there last week and reports having made good progress.

Al Hobart of Berlin, who formerly operated a billiard and pool room in this city, was in town for a short time on Monday looking after some business matters. Mr. Hobart reports that the world has been using him kindly since he left here.

Necedah Republican:—According to a statement published in the show press Campbell's circus, which was wrecked near Babcock on the morning of August 16, has received $8,200 as damages from the C. M. & St. P. railway.

J. T. Schumacher left on Monday for Mansfield, Ill., where he will open a general merchandise store as soon as he can get his stock there from the city. Mrs. Schumacher left on Friday for Stoughton where she will visit her people for a time before going to their new home.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Scandinavian Moravian church held a business meeting and social on Friday evening in the church parsonage. Special features of the program were a vocal solo by Lyda Nelson, an address by Nina Carlson and a piano solo by Oscar Rockstead.

Pears. Pears.

—Another car of fancy Kiefer canning pears. This week only $1.00 per bushel. Johnson & Hill Co.

E. N. Pomainville returned on Sunday from Montreal, Canada, where he went to attend the Eucharistic Congress. While away he also visited at Quebec, New York, Boston, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and Milwaukee, and reports having had a very pleasant trip.

Frank Wilson was sent over the road by a St. Paul Judge for a term of fifteen years for having stolen 61 cents from a laborer. If he survives the fifteen years of confinement he will probably be wise enough by that time to let those small amounts go and take a million or two while he is about it.

John Flanagan of Vesper was a business visitor in the city on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Flanagan have recently returned from Lemmon, S. D., where they spent the past summer on a homestead which Mr. Flanagan took up a year ago. Mr. Flanagan says crops were an entire failure out there and many ranchers had to sell their stock for lack of forage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Benimler, who some time ago resided at Vesper, but left there to take up their residence in Virginia, write the Tribune that they are enjoying the best of health and are happy in their new home. They report that the farmers there are busy cutting corn and tobacco and plowing for fall grain. Mr. Benimler recently bought a sawmill and has been putting in the greater part of his time at the mill.

—It will pay anyone to read and reflect upon the brief advertisement of the First National Bank, in another column. The officials of the First National Bank have seen so many investments made by men and women who hoped for large returns and lost part or all of the principle, that they are impelled to warn people against everything speculative.

The bank does not PROMISE so much, but it DOES all or more than it promises.

Alex Marceaux and Miss Rose Kaseman both of this city were married on Wednesday morning, Sept. 28th at the Catholic church, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating. After the wedding service a dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kaseman to a number of friends and relatives. The young couple departed the same day on a wedding tour after which they will make their home in Eau Claire where Mr. Marceaux holds a position as millwright.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO PACIFIC COAST

—These special low rate tickets, on sale daily until October 15, are available on our daily and personally conducted tours in tourist sleeping cars through to the coast, via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line.

For full particulars write S. A. Hutchison, Manager, Tours Dept., 212 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., or address nearest ticket agent.—1t

Mours-Nighour.

Adam Mours and Miss Pauline Nighour were married at St. Lawrence church in this city on Tuesday, Sept. 26, Rev. Father Wojak officiating.

They were accompanied by John Joginski. Tony Schumanski, Frank Molepski and Misses Francis Nighour, Josie Mours and Mary Nighour.

Mr. and Mrs. Mours will make their home in this city where Mr. Mours is employed. Their many friends here will unite with the Tribune in extending congratulations.

DOCTOR GARBUTT

—This well known and successful specialist in chronic diseases of men and women, nervous disorders of children and skin diseases who visits Grand Rapids every four weeks, will be at the Dixon House on Tuesday, October 11.

Scandinavian Moravian Church.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Rockstead, Oak Street. The Willing Workers will meet with Mrs. Rockstead on Friday evening. Norwegian services on Sunday.

Sept. 21 Oct. 5

Notice of Application for Letters of Administration

Wood County, in County Court—In Probate.
State of Wisconsin } ss
County of Wood, }

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Quasigroch, deceased.

On this 20th day of September A. D. 1910, upon reading and filing the petition of Anna Quasigroch stating that Joseph Quasigroch of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 10th day of September, 1910, and praying that Anna Quasigroch be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ordered, that said application be heard before me, at the probate office in Grand Rapids Wis., on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

Sept. 28 Oct. 19

Order Limiting Time to Present Iaims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Appel, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Charles Appel, late of the town of Sigel, in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Anna Appel by this court;

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 4th day of April, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Charles Appel, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Charles Appel, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court room in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the Second Tuesday of April, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1910.

By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

DIRE DISTRESS.

It is Near at Hand to Hundreds of Grand Rapids Readers.

—Don't neglect an aching back.

Backache is the kidney's cry for help.

Neglect hurrying to their aid

Means that urinary troubles follow quickly

Dire distress, diabetes, Bright's disease.

Profit by a Grand Rapids citizen's experience.

Mrs. John Hutchinson, 592 Second St., N., Grand Rapids, Wis., says: "I was well satisfied with the results that followed the use of Doan's Kidney Pills in my case. For some time I suffered from backache, pains across my loins and frequent headaches. I had but little strength or ambition and felt tired and languid nearly all the time. The kidney secretions were unnatural and deposited a heavy sediment. A friend finally advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box. They regulated the passage of the kidney secretions, strengthened my back and I felt better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A Generous and Charitable Wish

I wish all might know of the benefit I received from your Foley's Kidney Remedy, say I. N. Regan, Farmer, Mo. His kidneys and bladder gave him so much pain, misery and annoyance, he could not work, nor sleep. He says Foley's Kidney Remedy completely cured him.

La France SHOE for WOMEN



THE SHOE FOR—THOSE PARTICULAR OCCASIONS

Must be smart, dressy and stylish. Style 1829 has all these qualities—and more.

The mat calf collar between the patent vamp and cravanette top, and the bead ornament in front, are only two of the exclusive features.

STYLE 1829 PARAMOUNT PATENT KID CRAVANETTE CLOTH TOP

The Muir Shoe Co.

ANY PERSON

with the inclination to save should come to this bank and start a Savings Account no matter if it be but $1.00. We teach you to save, and make it easy. We also PAY YOU to SAVE by allowing 3 percent interest on Saving and compute the interest twice a year.

All deposits made in our Savings Department on or before October 12th will receive interest for full three months at our next interest paying period, January 1st.

Wood County Nat'l Bank

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Resources Exceed One Million Dollars



WE FISH for YOUR TRADE

by no catchpenny methods. We don't claim to sell **LUMBER** below cost or any such clap trap scheme. We assume you have too much good common sense to be caught in that manner.

WE WANT TO SELL YOU LUMBER

on a basis of good quality at a fair price. We believe you get more real value and truer economy by our plan than any other. What do you think?

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

INDIVIDUALITY in clothes is worth looking for. When you can get individuality, style, fit and a good piece of wool all combined in the same suit, at the same cost as a suit of hand-me-downs, you are doing a good stroke of business. Come and see what we have to offer you along this line.

R. F. MATTHEWS



FALL FOOTWEAR!



We open the Fall Season with the finest display of Men's, Women's and Children's Footwear we have ever shown. Styles more attractive and qualities better than ever before. We show every new feature in last, toe, heel and shoemaking, in all sizes and widths. We show the best $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 shoes ever sold for the money. We can satisfy and gratify those looking for something choice and handsome in Foot Dressing. May we have the pleasure of showing you and supplying your Footwear.



We have studied the Boys' Shoe problem from start to finish and we are offering to our trade the best Boys' Shoes that is possible to buy.

We show an elegant line of Boys' Fine Welt Shoes, made over new high toe, high arch last. Button or lace at

$3.00

We also show a large variety of styles and leathers at

$1.50 to $2.50

Buster Brown Blue Ribbon shoes for Boys and Girls,

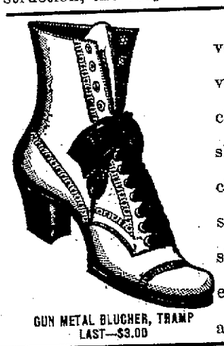
We claim that we are showing the best moderate priced Shoes for Women that were ever put on the market. We ask the attention of women that appreciate a particularly good shoe at such prices as

$2.00
$2.50
$3.00
$3.50



Dull finish Cloth top ***$2.50***

Our women's shoes are made upon honor by reliable makers. Nothing slighted or overlooked in their, construction, the very best material entered in their making



GUN METAL BLUCHER, TRAMP LAST—$3.00

Women's patent colt vamp, velvet top button shoes ***$3.50***
Women's patent colt vamp, velvet top button shoes ***$3.00***
Women's patent colt vamp, cloth top button shoes ***$3.50***
Women's black Suede button shoes ***$4.00***
Women's dull finish vamp, cloth top ***$2.50***
Women's Gun Metal button shoes ***$2.50***
Women's Arabian horse hide shoes ***$2.00***
Women's Gun Metal blucher at ***$2.50***
Womhn's heavy calf shoes at ***$1.75***



The man will surely wear the best shoes his money can buy. Best in style, best in durability, best in fit.

Take a look, Sir, at the splendid shoes we are selling at

$2.00
$2.50
$3.00
$3.50
$4.00

Men's W. L. Douglas box calf blucher ***$3.50***
Men's Fiebrich Fox Hilker gun metal shoes ***$4.00***
Men's Reed shoes, 10 different lasts, all leathers, button or lace ***$3.00***
The best shoes for ***$2.50***, W. L. Douglas box calf blucher.

We're especially strong on work shoes. We have the best that money and experience can buy, every pair guaranteed. High and low tops.

Low Tops ***$1.95*** to ***$3***
High Tops ***$2.50*** to ***$7***

See our special $3 12 inch top, tan or black shoes.



Tan Water Proof $4.00



RUBBERS —FOR— EVERYBODY

This is the season when every woman, old or young, miss and every child in the family should be provided with good, sturdy rubbers. There's no investment that pays so well. We show the best and most reliable makes of rubber footwear.

Women's storm rubbers or sandals **50c to 85c**
Men's storm rubbers or sandals ... **75c to $1.10**
Misses' storm rubbers **45c to 70c**
Children's storm rubbers **40c to 60c**

Gold Seal and Ball Band, lumbermen's overs.

Rubber is high these days, but we have provided protection for our customers by buying early and in very large quantities.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

"THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES"



CONTRACTORS
..IN CEMENT WORK..

Dealers in
WOOD AND COAL.

Headquarters for Western Upland Hay

BOSSERT BROS. & COMPANY

Office Phone 416 Residence Phone 54

HOW TO SAVE FUEL!

Briefly-BUY A COLE'S HOT BLAST COAL STOVE



It cuts the fuel bill in two because it burns the gas arising from the coal. Gas goes via the chimney in other stoves. Cole's Hot Blast really makes $3 soft coal work like $9 hard coal. Come in and see that smokeless fuel door. It does away with dust, dirt and smoke in the house.

Our Cutlery has a great reputation in the neighborhood because while the price is cheap the goods are not

D. M. Huntington

... SOLE AGENT ...

East Side Near Library Building

We own the only complete set of **Abstracts of Title of Wood County**

Incorporated Paid up Capital, $15,000.

TAYLOR & SCOTT CO.

WOOD COUNTY ABSTRACTS

LOANS, and REAL ESTATE. ABSTRACTS OF TITLE MADE OR CORRECTED TO DATE ON SHORT NOTICE.

GRAND RAPIDS - - WISCONSIN

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

DO INCHES MAKE THE MAN?

Until the time of the war between Russia and Japan the short man was obliged to defend the prowess of his kind by citing Napoleon as an example of what short persons could do. Balzac, the great French novelist, whose height was a trifle more than five feet, often half whimsically, often seriously, endeavored to show a connection between short stature and excellence. It was also a source of consolation to him and to other men who were not in the tall class, to read in history that the Roman conquerers were short. But after the Russo-Japanese war it became evident to all that stature had nothing to do with the case, unless, perhaps, the victory of the little Jap proved that the short man was the superior of the tall. But now come the municipal authorities in our cities, who say that a tall policeman is better than a short and that a tall fireman is the superior of a short fireman, says Boston Globe. Five feet 7½ inches is the limit of shortness to be tolerated say some, while others lower the standard a quarter of an inch. Others would lower it half an inch more. Superstitions die hard. We are still children, and, although far from the age of giants, we cling to the notion that inches make the man.

Great Britain has just launched one of the biggest of the dreadnought battleships which the government is steadily adding to the navy. And that American ideas are good for something in this connection is shown by the information which has leaked out, notwithstanding the careful way in which naval secrets are guarded, that the guns on the new vessel will be arranged much like those on United States battleships of the latest design, so that they can be fired one above another and concentrate tremendous striking power at a given point. Builders of our warships are giving valuable points to all the world.

It will be a good day in this city when every boy who goes to the high school can multiply and divide with unfailing accuracy, when he knows the rule of three and is up on fractions, says Philadelphia Inquirer. If in addition to that he can write legibly, read distinctly and spell correctly he will have a better equipment than has been common of late. In trying to teach children too much we have not trained them to definite ways of thinking. Yet to think clearly about anything is the great prerequisite of life and ought to be the chief aim of education.

Reports of accidents to women wearing bobble skirts begin to come in. Of course such accidents are inevitable. A woman who deliberately binds her limbs before submitting herself to the dangers of the highway is doubly handicapped, for even unhampered physically, she likely would lack the intelligence to dodge a street car.

A man in New York was sent to prison for four years for stealing a five-cent looking-glass. It served him right. A man who makes so little of his opportunities in the face of such shining examples ought to be shut off from the rest of society.

A bank in Spokane is issuing antiseptic money. Still, while sanitary banknotes may fit in better than the others with the progressive ideas of the age, as far as the others are concerned, with all their germs, we love them still.

"Did Washington swear?" asked a periodical. We don't know, but some enlightenment could be furnished if we knew whether Martha's dresses were buttoned down the back.

Some genius has invented a machine for testing operatic voices. It will not help much unless it makes it possible for the operator to go away and leave it after he sets it going.

A New York street car jumped the track and ran into a saloon. An amazing instance of the power of suggestion; the car driver was doubtless very thirsty.

Considered as an aerial racer the carrier pigeon may not be quite up to date, but its motor seldom if ever gets out of order.

A man has been found starving himself because he feared the end of the world was at hand. There must be such a thing as the rash bravery of cowardice.

A writer sagely remarks that there is no excuse for drowning. Unfortunately, apologies are never offered.

It's a wise man who can guess two times out of three which way the cat is going to jump.

The man in New York who killed himself because he thought himself too small to live was probably a child in brain as well as in stature.

With bubble cups and paper drinking vessels in the stations and trains, even the old original harvester is likely to find the crops falling off.

Then, again, most of the smuggling is done by people who do not need to steal.

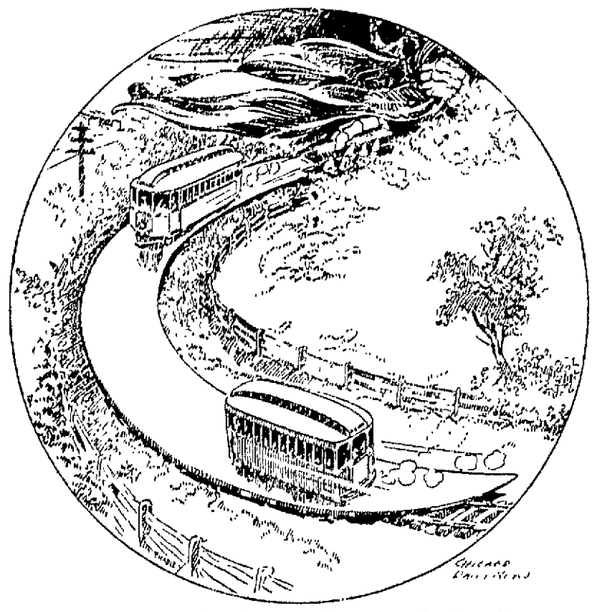
The sun spots are signs of hot weather, but we know it without looking for signs.

There is a shortage in sauerkraut, but the pretzel crop is up to the average.

Do aeroplanes build in trees or nest on the ground?

One way to get rich quick is to compose a "ragtime" song.

THE GRIM REAPER'S SICKLE—



"The Cars Came Together on a Sharp Curve."—News Item.

LORIMER FOES WIN

CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEEMEN DECIDE TO HEAR EVIDENCE ABOUT "JACK-POT."

WILL WIDEN INQUIRY SCOPE

Charles A. White on Stand as First Witness Retells His Story of Alleged Bribery in Election of United States Senator.

Chicago.—As a result of a decision made by the senate investigating committee overruling Attorney Hanecy's objection to Charles A. White's testimony at the hearing Monday, all "jack-pot" and other evidence dealing with alleged bribery of Illinois legislators to vote for Senator William Lorimer will be admitted.

Arguments on making permanent the ruling to admit "jack pot" testimony were made, each side being allowed twenty minutes. Upon the conclusion of the arguments they ruled that the question which precipitated it should be answered. They also decided that hereafter each "jack-pot" question should be ruled upon separately.

Attorney Hanecy's objection came when Representative Charles A. White was on the stand. White had told his story of the alleged offer of $1,000 to vote for Lorimer for senator and had begun to tell the committee that in addition he was promised a share in the "jack-pot" when Attorney Hanecy interrupted.

Attorney Hanecy submitted that the "jack-pot" evidence was irrelevant to the bribery charge.

The committee retired to a private room for deliberation and after ten minutes decided that Mr. Hanecy's objection could not stand. The decision is taken to widen the scope of the inquiry to include every action which in any way has bearing on Senator Lorimer's election.

Chicago.—United States Senator William Lorimer, whose right to his seat in the upper house of congress is to be determined by a senate committee, won a victory Tuesday. Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee, ruled that no hearsay evidence relating to bribery in the election of the senator could be given by the witnesses at the inquiry in progress.

The decision was given after Mr Burrows had read a long decision made by a similar committee which investigated the election of Senator George E. Spencer on charges of having obtained his seat through bribery and corrupt practises, and found him not guilty. The precedent decision pointed out that it could not be established that Spencer ever paid money for a vote or had knowledge of bribery.

HOLD UP CAR IN DAYLIGHT

Six Armed Bandits Take $130 From Passengers on St. Paul Interurban Train.

St. Paul, Minn. — Six armed bandits secured $180 on a crowded interurban street car, flourished knives and revolvers in the faces of passengers, fought their way to the rear of the car and made their escape in broad daylight.

The car was a Minneapolis-bound interurban and the crowd in the aisle made no effort to stop the men. At Eleventh avenue one of the men signaled to the motorman to stop the car, and with knives still in their hands the bandits backed down the platform.

Nicaragua War Killed 4,000.

New Orleans, La.—Four thousand persons lost their lives in the recent war in Nicaragua, according to Jacob Weinberger, manager of the Bluefields Steamship company at Bluefields, Nicaragua, who returned to New Orleans Monday.

Conducts College Bank.

New York.—Columbia university, following the example of the University of Chicago, has established a students' bank as a branch of the college activities.

Storm Damage at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo.—An electric storm of unusual severity Monday, during which 2.6 inches of rain fell, did much damage here. The storm raged incessantly for nearly eight hours, and was general over Missouri, Oklahoma, Kansas and southern Nebraska.

Ex-Postmaster of New York Dead.

New York.—Francis H. Wilson, member of congress from the Third New York district from 1893 to 1897, and then postmaster for four years, died Monday of heart disease.

General Brayton Is Dead.

Providence, R. I.—Gen. Charles R. Brayton, the blind leader of the Rhode Island Republicans and the Rhode Island member of the national Republican committee, died here Friday.

Newspaper Man Honored.

Washington.—George H. Gall, formerly a Washington newspaper man, was Friday appointed secretary of the bureau which the Dominion of Canada is to establish in Washington.

SIXTEEN DIE IN A WRECK

ROCK ISLAND TRAIN GOES THROUGH OPEN BRIDGE

Disaster Occurs Near Clayton, Kan., When Heavy Rainstorm Causes Small Creek to Become Torrent.

Clayton, Kan.—A terrible disaster took place on the Rock Island railroad two miles east of here Friday, when a fast train plunged through an open bridge and into 20 feet of water. Sixteen persons were killed and 11 injured. Most of the victims were occupants of the smoking car, which was telescoped by the car following it.

The stream which wrought the destruction is at ordinary times simply a dry arroyo, with no water, but with its banks 30 feet below the level of the railroad bridge. A tremendous rain had fallen during the night and the ordinarily dry bed was soon filled to the brim with a wild torrent. The bridge itself was quickly broken up and carried away.

Shortly after one o'clock in the morning, while the storm yet raged, the fast Rock Island passenger train from Kansas City to Denver, traveling at a forty mile per hour speed, rushed headlong into the gap and the forward end of the train took the plunge into the water filled ravine.

The locomotive, tender and baggage car disappeared entirely under the water, and the engineer, fireman, baggageman and conductor were all instantly killed.

The smoker, which stopped on the brink of the stream, was telescoped by a chair car and many of the passengers killed outright. Others were thrown into the stream and drowned.

With the exception of the last Pullman the entire train left the track and the cars and coaches were piled in one big heap or rolled into the ditch alongside the rails.

The uninjured passengers made their way to the brink of the stream and rendered what assistance they could, working by the light of the few lanterns which could be found.

Other passengers as well as trainmen walked to Clayton in the search for help. From this place the news was telegraphed to headquarters and relief trains were started from Belleville and Phillipsburg. Citizens of Clayton in wagons drove hastily to the scene of the wreck and, aided by bonfires which they lighted, worked in the storm amid the debris in the search for the dead and injured.

The little stream lost its water as rapidly as it had found it, and soon the ravine was practically dry. Down stream for half a mile the dead and injured were found and removed to the improvised hospitals. Nine of these dead were identified by letters and otherwise. Seven are without identification marks.

CARROLL MUST DEFEND SELF

Court Refuses to Direct Verdict in Case Against Governor of Iowa; Executive Will Take Stand.

Des Moines, Ia. — Overruling the motion for a directed verdict by attorneys for Governor B. F. Carroll, Judge James A. Howe left it for the jury to decide as to whether the chief executive of Iowa was guilty or innocent of the crime of libeling John Cownie.

The trial of Governor Carroll therefore will proceed and the governor will be placed on the witness stand in an attempt to prove the charges for which he was indicted.

Shields Lover and Dies.

New York.—Rather than appear in court against her sweetheart, who attempted to shoot her father to death, pretty eighteen-year-old Florence Paterno ended her life Tuesday by jumping from the roof of the five-story tenement.

Chavez, the Aviator, Is Dead.

Domodossola, Italy.—George Chavez, the Peruvian aviator who was injured in alighting after his flight over the Alps Friday, died Tuesday afternoon.

Christy Wins Wife Back.

Zanesville, O.—At a family luncheon Saturday Howard Chandler Christy, the artist, announced to relatives that an understanding had been reached between himself and Mrs. Christy and that the couple were reconciled.

De Palma Smashes Auto Mark.

Philadelphia.—Ralph De Palma in his Fiat racer made a new record for ten miles on a circular track here Saturday, going the distance in 8:13 1-5. This beats his own record of 8:18.

Held In $14,345 Gold Theft.

Seattle, Wash.—Marius Johansen was arrested here Friday on a charge of complicity in the stealing of $14,345 from the sluice boxes of the Pioneer Mining company at Nome, Alaska, several weeks ago.

Twelve Hurt In Car Fire Panic.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Twelve passengers on a street car on the Appalachian exposition line were injured in a stampede Friday that followed the burning out of a fuse. Mrs. A. S. J. Davis may die. She was trampled on.

COLONEL IS VICTOR

ROOSEVELT IS MADE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF NEW YORK STATE CONVENTION.

SCORED BY SHERMAN'S AID

Hisses Mingle With Cheers When Names of Faction Leaders Are Placed in Nomination—Ex-President Lauds Taft and Hughes.

Saratoga, N. Y.—By a vote of 567 to 115 Theodore Roosevelt was elected temporary chairman of the Republican state convention, Tuesday, over Vice-President Sherman.

Amid cheers and hisses the names of Vice-President Sherman and Theodore Roosevelt were placed in nomination. Chairman Woodruff of the Republican state committee carried out the committee's dictates in presenting Mr. Sherman's name, while Colonel Roosevelt was nominated by Joseph Hicks, a delegate from Nassau, the ex-president's home county.

Col Abraham Gruber of New York, speaking for the "old guard," attacked Roosevelt and in the course of a vicious scoring of the former president uttered the aphorism that "the lungs of the nation are not its brains." Comptroller William Prendergast addressed the convention in behalf of Roosevelt.

No one enjoyed Gruber's speech more than Colonel Roosevelt, who chuckled repeatedly. The delegates hissed Gruber's statement that it would be found that two-thirds of Roosevelt's strength in the convention came from federal office-holders. At one point the jeers and catcalls became so great that Colonel Roosevelt leaped to his feet and, waving his hands at the delegates, cried: "I ask a fair hearing for Colonel Gruber."

The speaker continued, but hisses almost drowned his attacks on Roosevelt.

Comptroller Prendergast of New York was recognized to speak for Colonel Roosevelt. Mr. Prendergast congratulated Roosevelt on Gruber's speech. He said he knew of nothing better to show the line of cleavage between Roosevelt's friends and "other people in this convention."

The fight for control overshadowed the main business of the convention, that of making nominations for governor and other state officers. Interest centers in the fight over direct nominations.

Mr. Roosevelt in his speech as temporary chairman said:

"We come here feeling that we have the right to appeal to the people from the standpoint alike of national and state achievement. During the last eighteen months a long list of laws, embodying legislation most heartily to be commended as combining wisdom with progress, has been enacted by congress and approved by President Taft.

"They represent an earnest of the achievement which is yet to come; and the beneficence and far-reaching importance of this work, done for the whole people, measure the credit which is rightly due to the congress and to our able, upright and distinguished president, William Howard Taft."

Colonel Roosevelt was unstinting in praising Governor Hughes for the reforms he had undertaken and laid particular emphasis upon the race-track legislation pushed through by the governor.

Mr. Roosevelt made a strong point of the direct primary issue, saying that he stood for a law that would make it possible for the people to decide who the candidates shall be instead of being limited merely to choosing between candidates with whose nomination they have had nothing to do.

It was decided by the progressive leaders to name United States Senator Elihu Root as permanent chairman of the convention.

HOW THE BALL CLUBS STAND

Games Won and Lost and the Per Cent Average of the Various Nines.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	92	46	.666	Cincinnati	72	73	.500
New York	82	58	.586	St. Louis	67	82	.410
Pittsburg	82	60	.580	Brooklyn	58	85	.403
Phila'delp'a	73	69	.514	Boston	49	93	.343

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Phila'delp'a	96	45	.681	Cleveland	84	76	.467
Detroit	82	62	.570	Chicago	61	81	.430
New York	80	61	.567	Wash'ton	61	81	.430
Boston	79	62	.560	St. Louis	44	99	.308

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Sioux City	104	55	.654	Omaha	80	78	.506
Denver	97	62	.610	St Joseph	70	88	.443
Lincoln	92	66	.582	D. Moines	66	93	.415
Wichita	84	75	.528	Topeka	41	117	.260

Ask Pardon for Walsh.

Washington.—A petition for the immediate pardon of John R. Walsh, the Chicago banker now serving a term in Fort Leavenworth prison for irregularities in connection with the failure of the three Walsh banks, was filed Saturday in the department of justice by George T. Buckingham, representing the wife and sons of the prisoner.

Lock Out 10,000 Men.

New York.—A lockout of 10,000 bricklayers, ordered by the New York Builders' association, began Tuesday. The employers assert the union violated an agreement and threaten to bring non-union men from all parts of the country.

Many Wounded In German Riots.

Berlin, Germany.—Rioting by coal mine strikers in the Moabit precinct, which began Monday night, was continued Tuesday. One hundred and thirty-eight persons were wounded.

Racing Cup Autos In Collision.

Mineola, L. I.—In practise over the Vanderbilt cup course Monday, the Lancia car, driven by Billy Knipper, was wrecked in a collision with the Marquette racer, driven by Robert Burman, and Knipper and his mechanician, Guishard, were seriously bruised.

Kills Self In Hotel.

St. Louis.—L. H. Fratizell, general agent of an insurance company at Springfield, Ill., drank acid and was found dead in a hotel here Monday.

Incubator Baby Man Fined.

Louisville, Ky.—Fines and costs aggregating $242 were assessed Saturday by Magistrate Dacher against Dr. H. K. Snyder and his wife of Pittsburg, Pa., who conduced an incubator show at the state fair in which three babies died.

New Regent In Persia.

Teheran, Persia.—The Mejlis national council Saturday elected Nasir-ul-Mulk, former premier and minister of finance, regent to succeed Azad-ul-Mulk, who died on Thursday.

OWEN NAMED AS CHAIRMAN

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS MEET AND ORGANIZE.

Democrats Adopt Platform in Which They Predict Victory at Coming Election.

Milwaukee.—The Republican convention organized with Senator Owen as chairman. He lauded Senator La Follette, provoking the convention to vociferous cheers, and declared that while the Wisconsin Republican progressives had been so successful that all four political parties in session here would adopt progressive platforms, that of the Republicans would be the most progressive ever written in the United States.

At the conclusion of his speech, committees were appointed and an adjournment taken to permit the resolutions committee to perfect a platform.

Madison, Wis.—Wisconsin Democrats, in state platform convention, at which Chairman J. E. Davies, who presided, predicted a Democratic victory this fall, adopted a platform with leading planks as follows.

Endorses the national platform of 1908; declares the Republican system of tariff economically unsound, politically corrupt and legalized robbery; the Payne-Aldrich tariff act is called an indefensible masterpiece of injustice. Favors a national income tax, favors the election of United States senators by direct vote, opposes ship subsidies, denounces the Republican postal bank law, favors the conservation of national resources and denounces the present administration, especially Secretary Ballinger; state regulation and control of trusts, more stringent corrupt practice act, home rule for municipalities, popular vote on the initiative, referendum and recall, and comes out flatly against county option.

SIX ARE KILLED IN A CRASH

Traction Coach Collides With Car Near Tipton, Ind.—Twelve Persons Are Hurt.

Tipton, Ind.—In a collision on the Indiana Union Traction road two miles north of this city Saturday six persons were killed and 12 others more or less seriously injured.

This was the second disaster on Indiana traction lines within a week, the first having occurred on the Wabash Valley line at Kingsland on Wednesday.

Dr. W. C. Holthouser, who was killed in the wreck, was on his way to Kokomo, Ind., where he was to have been married. His brother, who also was killed, was to have been the best man at the wedding. The bride to have been is Miss Nellie Coxon, daughter of the secretary of the Great Western Pottery company of Kokomo.

The collision was between a northbound limited passenger train and a south-bound freight. The south-bound motorman had orders to wait at the first stop north of the crossing, it is said, but overran that point, thinking he could make another switch.

A clump of trees hid the approaching cars and they came together at a curve. The freight train plowed through the front of the limited, demolishing the smoker. The motorman and all the passengers in the smoking compartment of the limited were killed. The motorman and conductor on the freight car jumped and were not injured.

"I guess we overran the orders," said Motorman Dan Lacy, when he had fully recovered from the shock caused by jumping from his car. Conductor Sebree was equally dazed at the occurrence and could not explain why it was they had passed the switch.

WAGE WAR ON SUGAR TRUST

New Action Against American Refining Company Is Ordered by Attorney General Wickersham.

Washington.—Orders from the attorney general to District Attorney Wise in New York to smash the sugar trust went out Monday and the action will be filed there within a week.

An amended petition, though much more comprehensive in its charges, has been prepared after a conference between the attorney general, District Attorney Wise, Special Attorney Simson and Mr. McReynolds.

It charges the sugar trust with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law and the court is asked to dissolve the trust and issue an injunction restraining the American Sugar Refining company of New Jersey from voting the shares of the subsidiary companies pending the redistribution of these shares among their original owners. The action will be in all respects similar to that which resulted in the smashing of the Standard Oil company in the United States circuit court and in a general way it resembles the action against the tobacco trust. It is learned that an investigation into the sugar trust develops that all three of these concerns have been organized and were operated along parallel lines.

Drowns Self In Water Tank.

Mason City, Ia.—Securing two large stones and putting them in a gunny sack with a stone at either end and so as to weigh her body down, Mrs. A. M. Gaskill of Corwith Monday plunged in a water tank with the sack over her neck, and was soon dead. No cause is assigned.

Justice Steele Ill.

Denver, Colo.—Chief Justice Robert W. Steele of the supreme court of Colorado suffered a stroke of paralysis at his home here Monday.

Chicken Thief Gets Ten Years.

Mason City, Ia.—One of the most severe penalties for a minor crime ever meted out in Iowa was imposed on Leroy Billings, twenty-eight years old. Saturday, when Judge Fellows sentenced him to ten years in the Iowa penitentiary upon his conviction of the charge of stealing chickens.

Hobble Skirt Breaks a Leg.

South Norwalk, Conn.—Because Miss Clara De Witt of this city tried to play tennis in a hobble skirt, she is in a hospital with a broken leg.

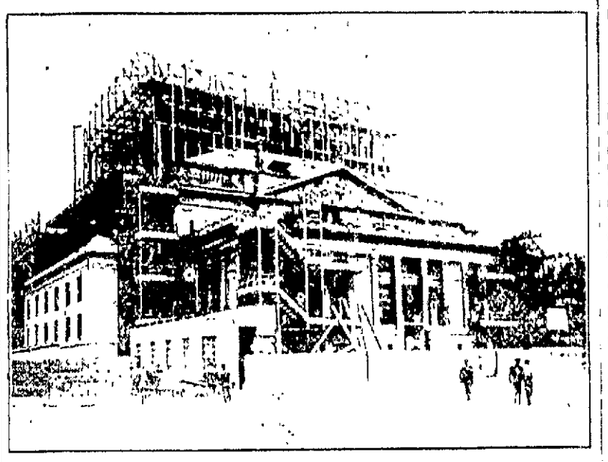
Toys With Arc Lamp; Killed.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Stephen Stuper, aged nineteen, employed at the Homestead Steel works, was instantly killed Friday while fooling with an arc lamp. His hand came in contact with a live wire and 4,800 volts of electricity passed through him.

Find Baby's Body In Basket.

Peoria, Ill.—Two school children carried home a basket they found in a weed patch Friday. When its contents were investigated by their mother she found the remains of a baby.

GERMAN CAPITAL'S NEW PALACE OF MUSIC



The opera house at Berlin, which is being rebuilt at a cost of a million dollars.

IS RICHEST WOMAN

Mrs. Taylor, Daughter of Former Governor, Inherits Millions.

Death of Mrs. Sarah M. Flower, Widow of Roswell P. Flower, Makes Daughter Wealthiest Woman in Northern N. Y.

Watertown, N. Y.—With the death in this city of Sarah M Flower, widow of the late Governor Roswell P. Flower, the only living daughter, Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, becomes one of the richest, if not the richest, woman in northern New York. While as yet Mrs. Flower's will has not been filed for probate, estimates of the value of the estate place the sum at a figure far exceeding $5,000,000 and possibly close to double this sum. That her daughter Emma will inherit the greater part of this amount is deemed likely.

Mrs. Taylor, who was the wife of John Byron Taylor, of this city, whom she divorced but a few months ago, is already the richest woman in this section and her liberal expenditures of her riches for benevolent purposes have made her, as well, the most popular. Since the death of her father, Governor Flower, in 1899, at which time she inherited a considerable sum, she has devoted her time to philanthropical acts and her charitable deeds, both public and private, have been numberless.

The estate of Governor Flower at the time of his death was valued at $6,675,000. In his will he made bequests amounting to $305,000 and left the residue to be equally divided between his widow and his daughter. By the terms of this will Mrs. Taylor received over $3,500,000, while Mrs. Flower received an equal sum in addition to the fortune which she then possessed.

Mrs. Flower was a daughter of Norris M. and Roxana Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff was one of the pioneer settlers of this section, where he invested a large amount during the early days of the settlement of the country. He also went into land deals elsewhere with John Jacob Astor. Mrs. Flower upon the death of her father inherited no small sum.

Governor and Mrs Flower had three children, Helen Flower and Henry Keep Flower, both of whom are dead and Emma Gertrude Flower Taylor, who now becomes heiress to the combined fortunes of her father and mother. What the entire sum will amount to is problematical.

Mrs Taylor was born in this city March 23, 1870, and the greater part of her girlhood was spent here, although she lived at various times in Albany, New York and Washington with her parents.

"UGLY" CASHIER IS WANTED

Real "Frights" Are Told They Are Too Good Looking—Contest Narrows to Three.

St. Louis.—Three of the prettiest of 27 applicants in answer to an advertisement for an "ugly" cashier were selected by Vincent J. Gorley of Gilliam & Gorley Dorlon. One of the three finally will be chosen for this job. Mr Gorley said that some of the applicants were "frights." Others were beautiful, and nearly all declared they had overlooked the word "ugly" in the advertisement.

"We didn't want a "no-pound crab," said Mr Gorley, "and we really did turn down one with all their teeth gone. We had several applicants who filled both descriptions. My idea in advertising for an ugly cashier was to get one who did not have such great personal charm that she would be proposed to by the first unmarried customer who happened to spy her.

"How did I get by with the impossible ones?" That was easy. One must have weighed 250 pounds. I asked her if she was sure she could qualify in the ugly class. She declared she had not noticed the word 'ugly' in the advertisement, and I mended her she was entirely too good looking. That was easy. She went out with a smile on her face. Finding it worked in one case I used that right along."

"I know I don't fulfill the requirements of ugliness specified in the advertisement," said the first applicant, with a girlishness glance at herself in the mirror, "but I assure you I wouldn't marry the best man living."

A fond mother appeared with her daughter in tow. The latter was tall and lank.

"I'm afraid my daughter will not suit you," said the mother, "because you wanted an ugly girl, but she will never disappoint you by leaving you to marry. She is a confirmed man hater."

Matorman Picks Up Money

Envelope and Roll, Covered With Mud, Big Help in Financial Straits of Worker.

Chicago.—"It is not collectors of old rags alone who find valuables in odd places."

This confession was elicited from a Chicago street car motorman the other day in a discussion of the unusual good fortune of a New York rag dealer who discovered money and diamonds in the old clothes which he had bought for a few cents a pound.

"It's a funny thing," said the motorman, as the car whizzed by Diversey boulevard. "Running past this corner reminds me of what happened here about a year ago. I was especially hard up that month and was wondering how I'd be able to raise enough money to make payment on a mortgage coming due.

"I needed about $25 more than I knew I could spare from my pay check and I was at a loss to discover how I'd arrange it.

"Well, one morning I was running by this corner and I saw what looked like an old envelope, all covered with mud, in the street. It looked as if it might contain almost anything except money, but something led me to stop the car, get out and pick it up. After brushing off the mud I put it into my pocket and forgot all about it until that evening. When I reached home I opened it. In the envelope were three five dollar bills. I knew then how I'd meet the payment.

"Three days later," he added, "while crossing this same corner one rainy evening the searchlight of my car fell on something that looked like a little roll of bills and I stopped again to pick it up. I examined my second find and discovered that it was a two dollar bill. That evening at home I unrolled it and prepared to clean the mud off as before. To my surprise I discovered a five dollar bill and another two dollar bill wrapped up within the outside bill. I guess that's luck for you, eh? And I wasn't looking for 'paper' like the rag dealer in New York, either."

TRILLION DOLLARS IN "GEMS"

German Arrives at New York With Twelve Bags of Glistening Jewels —They Were Beads.

New York.—Herr E. Heyman, a German jeweler, who has just reached New York from Bremen, has the laugh on several of Collector Loeb's customs sleuths. When Herr Heyman's liner arrived at its pier he was one of the first to place himself in the hands of the inspectors.

The customs man assigned to inspect his belongings suddenly came upon a blue bag that could easily hold two quarts of green peas. The bag was full of brilliants, and the glare of the first handful he fished out almost blinded the customs inspector.

"Diamonds!" he called out in excitement.

Motioning for assistance more customs men came up and put their hands in the bag. Then an appraiser, hurriedly summoned, took a look at the stones.

"Beads! That's all!" he said.

In all about a dozen bags of the glittering brilliants were brought to view.

"Suppose they were diamonds, what do you think they would be worth?" a bystander asked Herr Heyman.

"About $1,000,000,000,000," he answered.

"Yes—Singe money," murmured the appraiser.

Mr. Heyman paid $30 duty and left the pier with his glittering beads.

PET ANGORA CATS GET AWAY

Three Women Marooned at Long Island Railroad Station Until Pet Feline Is Captured.

Bellport, L. I.—A large pet Angora cat created quite a furore at the Bellport depot. As the 9:52 a. m. New York express pulled into the station a party of smartly-dressed women hurried out of a motor car and made a rush for the train. In the hurry of departure a large basket, carried by one of the women, was dropped, and out of the basket jumped a beautiful specimen of the Angora cat.

Frightened beyond reason the cat made a dive for shelter, and crawled under the station platform, to the consternation of his mistress and her companions. Cries of "Teddy! Teddy!" proved of no avail, and finally one of the women, dressed in immaculate white duck, went down on her hands and knees in an endeavor to coax the pet out. Teddy wouldn't budge.

In the meantime the train proceeded on its way, leaving the women behind. When the train had disappeared well toward Patchogue Teddy was still occupying his easy berth under the station platform. The next train for New York left Bellport at 4:25 p. m., and it's pretty certain that Teddy and his fair companions took plenty of time to connect with this train.

Strange Varmint Is Loose

Wild Animal of Ferocious Mien Roaming About Section of New Jersey State.

New York.—Caldwell, N. J., a community in which mystery has always been held to be a thing abhorrent, is puzzled about almost to the point of hysteria by the appearance intermittently in its environs of a predatory animal of which nobody knows the name. The good folk of the pleasant countryside near Caldwell, Pine Brook, Clinton and Fairfield have been hunting the strange beast, but, while the animal has gone right on killing hens, calves and dogs, none of the huntsmen has got close enough to end its life.

Oh, yes! Charley Rollins got close enough, but he had no gun. There was a tree handy and Mr. Rollins in placing himself in the topmost branches did some gymnastic work equal to any performance on the horizontal bars ever seen in the circus.

The other men, who had guns, never saw the animal. Mr. Rollins, whose eyesight is about as good as his agility, says the animal is about four feet long over all, that it is two and one-half feet high, has a generous tail, and is yellow. Were it not for the dimensions given it might be a cat, but Mr. Rollins is sure it is as big as he says it is.

Some persons think it is a panther, although what a panther would be doing at large in peaceful New Jersey, with the menagerie business in full blast all over the country, is another of those things that no citizen of Caldwell can find out.

The alien has been seen on many occasions without the assistance of Jersey applejack, the effect of which on the gift of vision is proverbial, and until it is slain there will be more excitement in the vicinage of Caldwell than there has been since last circus day.

GET LARGE CROP OF APPLES

Washington Has More Fruit Than Last Year and Values Are Higher Than Ever.

Seattle, Wash.—Reports of growers and handlers indicate that the production of apples in Washington this year will be between 3,500,000 and 4,700,000 boxes, but while the yield promises to be the largest yet grown, orchardists and buyers say there will be no cheap apples. The cause assigned is the late frosts in the other apple growing states.

The yield in Washington is estimated at around 4,000,000 boxes, against 2,414,000 boxes in 1909, when the average wholesale price was $1.40 a box. Oregon is second in the northwest this year with about 2,000,000 boxes, and Idaho and Montana follow.

Buyers have been active over the state the last two months, and it is probable that half of the crop has been sold, but many apples will be held in anticipation of increased prices at holiday time. No prices are made public, but it is believed the wholesale price this year will be above two dollars a box.

Several growers will send large consignments of apples to England and Australia this season, while others will market their fruit in the orient, Hawaii and South America. One grower has already arranged to accompany a shipment of 3,600 boxes to England.

Singing Makes Fish Bite.

Winsted, Conn.—Do fish like music? That is a question fishermen are trying to solve. Every pleasant Sunday 150 cottagers assemble in boats of every description on Highland lake and listen to a sermon by an able preacher who has his pulpit on the land. It is a very noticeable fact, fishermen declare, that the fish bite better during the period of the sunset services than at any other part of the day.

Kiss Cure for Woes.

Chicago.—The Rev. E. L. Williams, astor of Grace Methodist church, has found that a good-natured kiss is the panacea for all domestic ills, and, if properly applied, would cut down the business of the divorce courts immensely, he says.

"In the homes of the laboring men and in those of the rich there is a noticeable lack of sentiment that expresses itself in terms of endearment," he said at the Des Plaines camp meeting. "The hand of toil gets hard and unappreciative. The rich man neglects his wife, goes to Europe and only too often is accompanied by some fascinating actress. Attention to the courtesies of home life would save disaster."

French Submarine to Cruise Far.

Paris.—The Archimede, the largest submarine boat in the world, will start soon on a 500 mile cruise from Cherbourg to Toulon, Bizerta and Oran. Lieutenant Trochot wished to take the Archimede to New York, but the minister of marine would not consent.

Big Gobbler Catches Frogs

Tears Up Hired Man's Red Flannel Shirt, Thereby Furnishing Owner With Dinner.

Cedar Brook, N. J.—Squire Hake Baldwin and a party of friends were furnished with a frog-leg dinner by Obadiah, a turkey gobbler the squire is fattening at his home for Thanksgiving.

Obadiah, like all turkey gobblers, is incensed at red. The family for this reason kep red out of sight. The hired man, Hans Oleson, however, washed out his red flannel shirt and laid it out on the grass to dry.

In the evening the squire and a party of friends were surprised to see nearly 100 large and small bullfrogs, hopping about, unable to croak, with a small fragment of flannel in their mouths. They weer caught and killed and eaten.

Obadiah was responsible for the catch. He had torn the red flannel shirt of the hired man to ribbons. The wind had carried the pieces to the swamp and the frogs had consumed them.

America Has 400,000 Autos.

New York.—Inquiry shows that there are 400,000 automobiles in the United States of an approximate value of $600,000,000. It is estimated that one-half of this vast sum is invested for automobile vehicles for commercial purposes and of actual utility to replace the work of horses, but the other $300,000,000 is invested in autos for pleasure.

Money Without Germs.

Washington.—To the old National Bank of Spokane belongs the distinction of circulating the first antiseptic germ-proof national bank notes.

Fifty thousand dollars in bills just put out by the bank were signed with an ink which consisted largely of carbolic acid. The result is the bills are saturated with an agency which means death to the most vigorous germs.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

DO INCHES MAKE THE MAN?

Until the time of the war between Russia and Japan the short man was obliged to defend the prowess of his kind by citing Napoleon as an example of what short persons could do. Balzac, the great French novelist, whose height was a trifle more than five feet, often half whimsically, often seriously, endeavored to show a connection between short stature and excellence. It was also a source of consolation to him and to other men who were not in the tall class, to read in history that the Roman conquerors were short. But after the Russo-Japanese war it became evident to all that stature had nothing to do with the case, unless, perhaps, the victory of the little Jap proved that the short man was the superior of the tall. But now come the municipal authorities in our cities, who say that a tall policeman is better than a short and that a tall fireman is the superior of a short fireman, says Boston Globe. Five feet 7½ inches is the limit of shortness to be tolerated say some, while others lower the standard a quarter of an inch. Others would lower it half an inch more. Superstitions die hard. We are still children, and, although far from the age of giants, we cling to the notion that inches make the man.

Great Britain has just launched one of the biggest of the dreadnought battleships which the government is steadily adding to the navy. And that American ideas are good for something in this connection is shown by the information which has leaked out, notwithstanding the careful way in which naval secrets are guarded, that the guns on the new vessel will be arranged much like those on United States battleships of the latest design, so that they can be fired one above another and concentrate tremendous striking power at a given point. Builders of our warships are giving valuable points to all the world.

It will be a good day in this city when every boy who goes to the high school can multiply and divide with unfailing accuracy, when he knows the rule of three and is up on fractions, says Philadelphia Inquirer. If in addition to that he can write legibly, read distinctly and spell correctly he will have a better equipment than has been common of late. In trying to teach children too much we have not trained them to definite ways of thinking. Yet to think clearly about anything is the great prerequisite of life and ought to be the chief aim of education.

Reports of accidents to women wearing hobble skirts begin to come in. Of course such accidents are inevitable. A woman who deliberately binds her limbs before submitting herself to the dangers of the highway is doubly handicapped, for even unhampered physically, she likely would lack the intelligence to dodge a street car.

A man in New York was sent to prison for four years for stealing a five-cent looking-glass. It served him right. A man who makes so little of his opportunities in the face of such shining examples ought to be shut off from the rest of society.

A bank in Spokane is issuing antiseptic money. Still, while sanitary banknotes may fit in better than the others with the progressive ideas of the age, as far as the others are concerned, with all their germs, we love them still.

"Did Washington swear?" asked a periodical. We don't know, but some enlightenment could be furnished if we knew whether Martha's dresses were buttoned down the back.

Some genius has invented a machine for testing operatic voices. It will not help much unless it makes it possible for the operator to go away and leave it after he sets it going.

A New York street car jumped the track and ran into a saloon. An amazing instance of the power of suggestion; the car driver was doubtless very thirsty.

Considered as an aerial racer the carrier pigeon may not be quite up to date, but its motor seldom if ever gets out of order.

A man has been found starving himself because he feared the end of the world was at hand. There must be such a thing as the rash bravery of cowardice.

A writer sagely remarks that there is no excuse for drowning. Unfortunately, apologies are never offered.

It's a wise man who can guess two times out of three which way the cat is going to jump.

The man in New York who killed himself because he thought himself too small to live was probably a child in brain as well as in stature.

With bubble cups and paper drinking vessels in the stations and trains, even the old original harvester is like ly to find the crops falling off.

Then, again, most of the smuggling is done by people who do not need to steal.

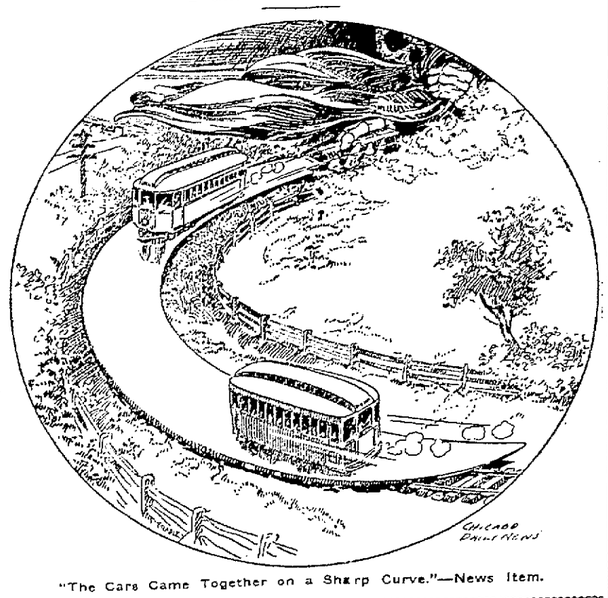
The sun spots are signs of hot weather, but we know it without looking for signs.

There is a shortage in sauerkraut, but the pretzel crop is up to the average.

Do aeroplanes build in trees or nest on the ground?

One way to get rich quick is to compose a "ragtime" song.

THE GRIM REAPER'S SICKLE—



"The Cars Came Together on a Sharp Curve."—News Item.

LORIMER FOES WIN

CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEEMEN DECIDE TO HEAR EVIDENCE ABOUT "JACK-POT."

WILL WIDEN INQUIRY SCOPE

Charles A. White on Stand as First Witness Retells His Story of Alleged Bribery in Election of United States Senator.

Chicago.—As a result of a decision made by the senate investigating committee overruling Attorney Haney's objection to Charles A. White's testimony at the hearing Monday, all "jack-pot" and other evidence dealing with alleged bribery of Illinois legislators to vote for Senator William Lorimer will be admitted.

Arguments on making permanent the ruling to admit "jack-pot" testimony were made, each side being allowed twenty minutes. Upon the conclusion of the arguments they ruled that the question which precipitated it should be answered. They also decided that hereafter each "jack-pot" question should be ruled upon separately.

Attorney Haney's objection came when Representative Charles A. White was on the stand. White had told his story of the alleged offer of $1,000 to vote for Lorimer for senator and had begun to tell the committee that in addition he was promised a share in the "jack-pot" when Attorney Haney interrupted.

Attorney Haney submitted that the "jack-pot" evidence was irrelevant to the bribery charge.

The committee retired to a private room for deliberation and after ten minutes decided that Mr. Haney's objection could not stand. The decision is taken to widen the scope of the inquiry to include every action which in any way has bearing on Senator Lorimer's election.

Chicago.—United States Senator William Lorimer, whose right to his seat in the upper house of congress is to be determined by a senate committee, won a victory Tuesday. Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee, ruled that no hearsay evidence relating to bribery in the election of the senator could be given by the witnesses at the inquiry in progress.

The decision was given after Mr. Burrows had read a long decision made by a similar committee which investigated the election of Senator George E. Spencer on charges of having obtained his seat through bribery and corrupt practises, and found him not guilty. The precedent decision pointed out that it could not be established that Spencer ever paid money for a vote or had knowledge of bribery.

HOLD UP CAR IN DAYLIGHT

Six Armed Bandits Take $130 From Passengers on St. Paul Interurban Train.

St. Paul, Minn. — Six armed bandits secured $180 on a crowded interurban street car, flourished knives and revolvers in the faces of passengers, fought their way to the rear of the car and made their escape in broad daylight.

The car was a Minneapolis-bound interurban and the crowd in the aisle made no effort to stop the men. At Eleventh avenue one of the men signaled to the motorman to stop the car, and with knives still in their hands the bandits backed down the platform.

Nicaragua War Killed 4,000.

New Orleans, La.—Four thousand persons lost their lives in the recent war in Nicaragua, according to Jacob Weinberger, manager of the Bluefields Steamship company at Bluefields, Nicaragua, who returned to New Orleans Monday.

Conducts College Bank.

New York.—Columbia university, following the example of the University of Chicago, has established a students' bank as a branch of the college activities.

Storm Damage at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo.—An electric storm of unusual severity Monday, during which 2.6 inches of rain fell, did much damage here. The storm raged incessantly for nearly eight hours, and was general over Missouri, Oklahoma, Kansas and southern Nebraska.

Ex-Postmaster of New York Dead.

New York.—Francis H. Wilson, member of congress from the Third New York district from 1893 to 1897, and then postmaster for four years, died Monday of heart disease.

General Brayton Is Dead.

Providence, R. I.—Gen. Charles R. Brayton, the blind leader of the Rhode Island Republicans and the Rhode Island member of the national Republican committee, died here Friday.

Newspaper Man Honored.

Washington.—George H. Gall, formerly a Washington newspaper man, was Friday appointed secretary of the bureau which the Dominion of Canada is to establish in Washington.

SIXTEEN DIE IN A WRECK

ROCK ISLAND TRAIN GOES THROUGH OPEN BRIDGE

Disaster Occurs Near Clayton, Kan., When Heavy Rainstorm Causes Small Creek to Become Torrent.

Clayton, Kan.—A terrible disaster took place on the Rock Island railroad two miles east of here Friday, when a fast train plunged through an open bridge and into 20 feet of water. Sixteen persons were killed and 11 injured. Most of the victims were occupants of the smoking car, which was telescoped by the car following it.

The stream which wrought the destruction is at ordinary times simply a dry arroyo, with no water, but with its banks 30 feet below the level of the railroad bridge. A tremendous rain had fallen during the night and the ordinarily dry bed was soon filled to the brim with a wild torrent. The bridge itself was quickly broken up and carried away.

Shortly after one o'clock in the morning, while the storm yet raged, the fast Rock Island passenger train from Kansas City to Denver, traveling at a forty mile per hour speed, rushed headlong into the gap and the forward end of the train took the plunge into the water filled ravine.

The locomotive, tender and baggage car disappeared entirely under the water, and the engineer, fireman, baggageman and conductor were all instantly killed.

The smoker, which stopped on the brink of the stream, was telescoped by a chair car and many of the passengers killed outright. Others were thrown into the stream and drowned.

With the exception of the last Pullman the entire train left the track and the cars and couches were piled in one big heap or rolled into the ditch alongside the rails.

The uninjured passengers made their way to the brink of the stream and rendered what assistance they could, working by the light of the few lanterns which could be found.

Other passengers as well as trainmen walked to Clayton in the search for help. From this place the news was telegraphed to headquarters and relief trains were started from Belleville and Phillipsburg. Citizens of Clayton in wagons drove hastily to the scene of the wreck and, aided by bonfires which they lighted, worked in the storm amid the debris in the search for the dead and injured.

The little stream lost its water as rapidly as it had found it, and soon the ravine was practically dry. Down stream for half a mile the dead and injured were found and removed to the improvised hospitals. Nine of these dead were identified by letters and otherwise. Seven are without identification marks.

CARROLL MUST DEFEND SELF

Court Refuses to Direct Verdict in Case Against Governor of Iowa; Executive Will Take Stand.

Des Moines, Ia. — Overruling the motion for a directed verdict by attorneys for Governor B. F. Carroll, Judge James A. Howe left it for the jury to decide as to whether the chief executive of Iowa was guilty or innocent of the crime of libeling John Cownie.

The trial of Governor Carroll therefore will proceed and the governor will be placed on the witness stand in an attempt to prove the charges for which he was indicted.

Shields Lover and Dies.

New York.—Rather than appear in court against her sweetheart, who attempted to shoot her father to death, pretty eighteen-year-old Florence Paterno ended her life Tuesday by jumping from the roof of the five-story tenement.

Chavez, the Aviator, Is Dead.

Domodossola, Italy.—George Chavez, the Peruvian aviator who was injured in alighting after his flight over the Alps Friday, died Tuesday afternoon.

Christy Wins Wife Back.

Zanesville, O.—At a family luncheon Saturday Howard Chandler Christy, the artist, announced to relatives that an understanding had been reached between himself and Mrs. Christy and that the couple were reconciled.

De Palma Smashes Auto Mark.

Philadelphia.—Ralph De Palma in his Flat racer made a new record for ten miles on a circular track here Saturday, going the distance in 8:13 1-5. This beats his own record of 8:48.

Held in $14,345 Gold Theft.

Seattle, Wash.—Marius Johansen was arrested here Friday on a charge of complicity in the stealing of $14,345 from the sluice boxes of the Pioneer Mining company at Nome, Alaska, several weeks ago.

Twelve Hurt in Car Fire Panic.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Twelve passengers on a street car on the Appalachian exposition line were injured in a stampede Friday that followed the burning out of a fuse. Mrs. A. S. J. Davis may die. She was trampled on.

COLONEL IS VICTOR

ROOSEVELT IS MADE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF NEW YORK STATE CONVENTION.

SCORED BY SHERMAN'S AID

Hisses Mingle With Cheers When Names of Faction Leaders Are Placed in Nomination—Ex-President Lauds Taft and Hughes.

Saratoga, N. Y.—By a vote of 567 to 445 Theodore Roosevelt was elected temporary chairman of the Republican state convention, Tuesday, over Vice-President Sherman.

Amid cheers and hisses the names of Vice-President Sherman and Theodore Roosevelt were placed in nomination. Chairman Woodruff of the Republican state committee carried out the committee's dictates in presenting Mr. Sherman's name, while Colonel Roosevelt was nominated by Joseph Hicks, a delegate from Nassau, the ex-president's home county.

Col. Abraham Gruber of New York, speaking for the "old guard," attacked Roosevelt and in the course of a vicious scoring of the former president uttered the aphorism that "the lungs of the nation are not its brains." Comptroller William Prendergast addressed the convention in behalf of Roosevelt.

No one enjoyed Gruber's speech more than Colonel Roosevelt, who chuckled repeatedly. The delegates hissed Gruber's statement that it would be found that two-thirds of Roosevelt's strength in the convention came from federal office-holders. At one point the jeers and catcalls became so great that Colonel Roosevelt leaped to his feet and, waving his hands at the delegates, cried: "I ask a full hearing for Colonel Gruber."

The speaker continued, but hisses almost drowned his attacks on Roosevelt.

Comptroller Prendergast of New York was recognized to speak for Colonel Roosevelt. Mr. Prendergast congratulated Roosevelt on Gruber's speech. He said he knew of nothing better to show the line of cleavage between Roosevelt's friends and "other people in this convention."

The fight for control overshadowed the main business of the convention, that of making nominations for governor and other state officers. Interest centers in the fight over direct nominations.

Mr. Roosevelt in his speech as temporary chairman said:

"We come here feeling that we have the right to appeal to the people from the standpoint alike of national and state achievement. During the last eighteen months a long list of laws, embodying legislation most heartily to be commended as combining wisdom with progress, has been enacted by congress and approved by President Taft.

"They represent an earnest of the achievement which is yet to come; and the beneficence and far-reaching importance of this work, done for the whole people, measure the credit which is rightly due to the congress and to our able, upright and distinguished president, William Howard Taft."

Colonel Roosevelt was unstinting in praising Governor Hughes for the reforms he had undertaken and laid particular emphasis upon the race-track legislation pushed through by the governor.

Mr. Roosevelt made a strong point of the direct primary issue, saying that he stood for a law that would make it possible for the people to decide who the candidates shall be instead of being limited merely to choosing between candidates with whose nomination they have had nothing to do.

It was decided by the progressive leaders to name United States Senator Elihu Root as permanent chairman of the convention.

HOW THE BALL CLUBS STAND

Games Won and Lost and the Per Cent Average of the Various Nines.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	92	46	.660	Cinc'nati	72	70	.500
New York	82	55	.598	St. Louis	67	82	.410
Pittsburg	82	60	.580	Brooklyn	58	83	.403
Phild'lia	73	69	.514	Boston	49	93	.343

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Phild'lia	96	46	.881	Cleveland	64	76	.457
Detroit	92	62	.570	Chicago	61	81	.430
New York	80	61	.567	Washt'on	61	81	.430
Boston	79	62	.560	St. Louis	44	99	.308

WESTERN LEAGUE.

St'u City	104	55	.654	Omaha	80	78	.506
Denver	97	62	.610	St. J'seph	70	88	.443
Lincoln	92	66	.582	D. Moines	66	93	.415
Wichita	84	75	.528	Topeka	41	117	.256

Ask Pardon for Walsh.

Washington.—A petition for the immediate pardon of John R. Walsh, the Chicago banker now serving a term in Fort Leavenworth prison for irregularities in connection with the failure of the three Walsh banks, was filed Saturday in the department of justice by George T. Buckingham, representing the wife and sons of the prisoner.

Lock Out 10,000 Men.

New York.—A lockout of 10,000 bricklayers, ordered by the New York Builders' association, began Tuesday. The employers assert the union violated an agreement and threaten to bring non-union men from all parts of the country.

Many Wounded in German Riots.

Berlin, Germany.—Rioting by coal mine strikers in the Moabit precinct, which began Monday night, was continued Tuesday. One hundred and thirty-eight persons were wounded.

Racing Cup Autos in Collision.

Mineola, L. I.—In practise over the Vanderbilt cup course Monday, the Lancia car, driven by Billy Knipper, was wrecked in a collision with the Marquette racer, driven by Robert Burman, and Knipper and his mechanician, Guishard, were seriously bruised.

Kills Self in Hotel.

St. Louis.—L. H. Fratizell, general agent of an insurance company at Springfield, Ill., drank acid and was found dead in a hotel here Monday.

Incubator Baby Man Fined.

Louisville, Ky.—Fines and costs aggregating $242 were assessed Saturday by Magistrate Dacher against Dr. H. K. Snyder and his wife of Pittsburg, Pa., who conduced an incubator show at the state fair in which three babies died.

New Regent in Persia.

Teheran, Persia.—The Mejlis national council Saturday elected Nasir-ul-Mulk, former premier and minister of finance, regent to succeed Azad-ul-Mulk, who died on Thursday.

OWEN NAMED AS CHAIRMAN

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS MEET AND ORGANIZE.

Democrats Adopt Platform in Which They Predict Victory at Coming Election.

Milwaukee.—The Republican convention organized with Senator Owen as chairman. He lauded Senator La Follette, provoking the convention to vociferous cheers, and declared that while the Wisconsin Republican progressives had been so successful that all four political parties in session here would adopt progressive platforms, that of the Republicans would be the most progressive ever written in the United States.

At the conclusion of his speech, committees were appointed and an adjournment taken to permit the resolutions committee to perfect a platform.

Madison, Wis.—Wisconsin Democrats, in state platform convention, at which Chairman J. E. Davies, who presided, predicted a Democratic victory this fall, adopted a platform with leading planks as follows:

Endorses the national platform of 1908; declares the Republican system of tariff economically unsound, politically corrupt and legalized robbery; the Payne-Aldrich tariff act is called an indefensible masterpiece of injustice. Favors a national income tax, favors the election of United States senators by direct vote, opposes ship subsidies, denounces the Republican postal bank law, favors the conservation of national resources and denounces the present administration, especially Secretary Ballinger; state regulation and control of trusts, more stringent corrupt practice act, home rule for municipalities, popular vote on the initiative, referendum and recall, and comes out flatly against county option.

SIX ARE KILLED IN A CRASH

Traction Coach Collides With Car Near Tipton, Ind.—Twelve Persons Are Hurt.

Tipton, Ind.—In a collision on the Indiana Union Traction road two miles north of this city Saturday six persons were killed and 12 others more or less seriously injured.

This was the second disaster on Indiana traction lines within a week, the first having occurred on the Wabash Valley line at Kingsland on Wednesday.

Dr. W. C. Holthouser, who was killed in the wreck, was on his way to Kokomo, Ind., where he was to have been married. His brother, who also was killed, was to have been the best man at the wedding. The bride to have been is Miss Nellie Coxon, daughter of the secretary of the Great Western Pottery company of Kokomo.

The collision was between a northbound limited passenger train and a south-bound freight. The south-bound motorman had orders to wait at the first stop north of the crossing, it is said, but overran that point, thinking he could make another switch.

A clump of trees hid the approaching cars and they came together at a curve. The freight train plowed through the front of the limited, demolishing the smoker. The motorman and all the passengers in the smoking compartment of the limited were killed. The motorman and conductor on the freight car jumped and were not injured.

"I guess we overran the orders," said Motorman Dan Lacy, when he had fully recovered from the shock caused by jumping from his car. Conductor Sebree was equally dazed at the occurrence and could not explain why it was they had passed the switch.

WAGE WAR ON SUGAR TRUST

New Action Against American Refining Company Is Ordered by Attorney General Wickersham.

Washington.—Orders from the attorney general to District Attorney Wise in New York to smash the sugar trust went out Monday and the action will be filed there within a week.

An amended petition, though much more comprehensive in its charges, has been prepared after a conference between the attorney general, District Attorney Wise, Special Attorney Simson and Mr. McReynolds.

It charges the sugar trust with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law and the court is asked to dissolve the trust and issue an injunction restraining the American Sugar Refining company of New Jersey from voting the shares of the subsidiary companies pending the redistribution of these shares among their original owners. The action will be in all respects similar to that which resulted in the smashing of the Standard Oil company in the United States circuit court and in a general way it resembles the action against the tobacco trust. It is learned that an investigation into the sugar trust develops that all three of these concerns have been organized and were operated along parallel lines.

Drowns Self in Water Tank.

Mason City, Ia.—Securing two large stones and putting them in a gunny sack with a stone at either end and so as to weigh her body down, Mrs. A. M. Gaskill of Corwith Monday plunged in a water tank with the sack over her neck, and was soon dead. No cause is assigned.

Justice Steele Ill.

Denver, Colo.—Chief Justice Robert W. Steele of the supreme court of Colorado suffered a stroke of paralysis at his home here Monday.

Chicken Thief Gets Ten Years.

Mason City, Ia.—One of the most severe penalties for a minor crime ever meted out in Iowa was imposed on Leroy Billings, twenty-eight years old, Saturday, when Judge Fellows sentenced him to ten years in the Iowa penitentiary upon his conviction of the charge of stealing chickens.

Hobble Skirt Breaks a Leg.

South Norwalk, Conn.—Because Miss Clara De Witt of this city tried to play tennis in a hobble skirt, she is in a hospital with a broken leg.

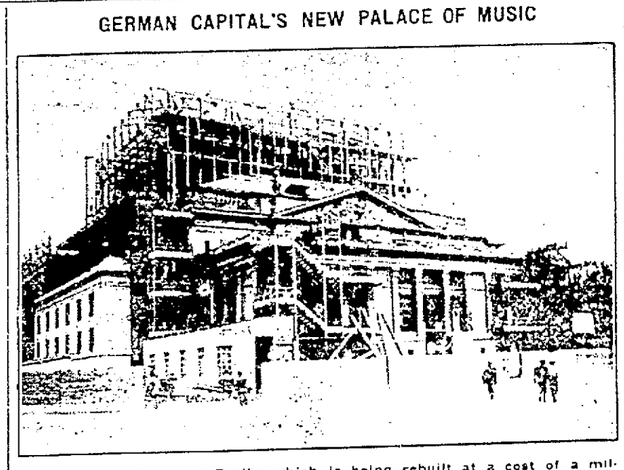
Toys With Arc Lamp; Killed.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Stephen Stuper, aged nineteen, employed at the Homestead Steel works, was instantly killed Friday while fooling with an arc lamp. His hand came in contact with a live wire and 4,800 volts of electricity passed through him.

Find Baby's Body in Basket.

Peoria, Ill.—Two school children carried home a basket they found in a weed patch Friday. When its contents were investigated by their mother she found the remains of a baby.

GERMAN CAPITAL'S NEW PALACE OF MUSIC



The opera house at Berlin, which is being rebuilt at a cost of a million dollars.

IS RICHEST WOMAN

Mrs. Taylor, Daughter of Former Governor, Inherits Millions.

Death of Mrs. Sarah M. Flower, Widow of Roswell P. Flower, Makes Daughter Wealthiest Woman in Northern N. Y.

Watertown, N. Y.—With the death in this city of Sarah M. Flower, widow of the late Governor Roswell P. Flower, the only living daughter, Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, becomes one of the richest, if not the richest, woman in northern New York. While as yet Mrs. Flower's will has not been filed for probate, estimates of the value of the estate place the sum at a figure far exceeding $5,000,000 and possibly close to double this sum. That her daughter Emma will inherit the greater part of this amount is deemed likely.

Mrs. Taylor, who was the wife of John Byron Taylor, of this city, whom she divorced but a few months ago, is already the richest woman in this section and her liberal expenditures of her riches for benevolent purposes have made her, as well, the most popular. Since the death of her father, Governor Flower, in 1899, at which time she inherited a considerable sum, she has devoted her time to philanthropical acts and her charitable deeds, both public and private, have been numberless.

The estate of Governor Flower at the time of his death was valued at $6,575,000. In his will he made bequests amounting to $305,000 and left the residue to be equally divided between his widow and his daughter. By the terms of this will Mrs. Taylor received over $3,500,000, while Mrs. Flower received an equal sum in addition to the fortune which she then possessed.

Mrs. Flower was a daughter of Norris M. and Roxana Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff was one of the pioneer settlers of this section, where he invested a large amount during the early days of the settlement of the country. He also went into land deals elsewhere with John Jacob Astor. Mrs. Flower upon the death of her father inherited no small sum.

Governor and Mrs. Flower had three children, Helen Flower and Henry Keep Flower, both of whom are dead and Emma Gertrude Flower Taylor, who now becomes heiress to the combined fortunes of her father and mother. What the entire sum will amount to is problematical.

Mrs. Taylor was born in this city March 23, 1870, and the greater part of her girlhood was spent here, although she lived at various times in Albany, New York and Washington with her parents.

Strange Varmint Is Loose

Wild Animal of Ferocious Mien Roaming About Section of New Jersey State.

New York.—Caldwell, N. J., a community in which mystery has always been held to be a thing abhorrent, is puzzled about almost to the point of hysteria by the appearance intermittently in its environs of a predatory animal of which nobody knows the name. The good folk of the pleasant countryside near Caldwell, Pine Brook, Clinton and Fairfield have been hunting the strange beast, but, while the animal has gone right on killing hens, calves and dogs, none of the huntsmen has got close enough to end its life.

Oh, yes! Charley Rollins got close enough, but he had no gun. There was a tree handy and Mr. Rollins in placing himself in the topmost branches did some gymnastic work equal to any performance on the horizontal bars ever seen in the circus.

The other men, who had guns, never saw the animal. Mr. Rollins, whose eyesight is about as good as his agility, says the animal is about four feet long over all, that it is two and one-half feet high, has a generous tail, and is yellow. Were it not for the dimensions given it might be a cat, but Mr. Rollins is sure it is as big as he says it is.

Some persons think it is a panther, although what a panther would be doing at large in peaceful New Jersey, with the menagerie business in full blast all over the country, is another of those things that no citizen of Caldwell can find out.

The alien has been seen on many occasions without the assistance of Jersey applejack, the effect of which on the gift of vision is proverbial, and until it is slain there will be more excitement in the vicinage of Caldwell than there has been since last circus day.

GET LARGE CROP OF APPLES

Washington Has More Fruit Than Last Year and Values Are Higher Than Ever.

Seattle, Wash.—Reports of growers and handlers indicate that the production of apples in Washington this year will be between 3,500,000 and 4,700,000 boxes, but while the yield promises to be the largest yet grown, orchardists and buyers say there will be no cheap apples. The cause assigned is the late frosts in the other apple growing states.

The yield in Washington is estimated at around 4,000,000 boxes, against 2,414,000 boxes in 1909, when the average wholesale price was $1.40 a box. Oregon is second in the northwest this year with about 2,000,000 boxes, and Idaho and Montana follow.

Buyers have been active over the state the last two months, and it is probable that half of the crop has been sold, but many apples will be held in anticipation of increased prices at holiday time. No prices are made public, but it is believed the wholesale price this year will be above two dollars a box.

Several growers will send large consignments of apples to England and Australia this season, while others will market their fruit in the orient, Hawaii and South America. One grower has already arranged to accompany a shipment of 3,600 boxes to England.

Kiss Cure for Woes.

Chicago.—The Rev. E. L. Williams, pastor of Grace Methodist church, has found that a good-natured kiss is the panacea for all domestic ills, and, if properly applied, would cut down the business of the divorce courts immensely, he says.

"In the homes of the laboring men and in those of the rich there is a noticeable lack of sentiment that expresses itself in terms of endearment," he said at the Des Plaines camp meeting. "The hand of toil gets hard and unappreciative. The rich man neglects his wife, goes to Europe and only too often is accompanied by some fascinating actress. Attention to the courtesies of home life would save disaster."

French Submarine to Cruise Far.

Paris.—The Archimede, the largest submarine boat in the world, will start soon on a 500 mile cruise from Cherbourg to Toulon, Bizerta and Oran. Lieutenant Trochot wished to take the Archimede to New York, but the minister of marine would not consent.

"UGLY" CASHIER IS WANTED

Real "Frights" Are Told They Are Too Good Looking—Contest Narrows to Three.

St. Louis.—Three of the prettiest of 25 applicants in answer to an advertisement for an "ugly" cashier were selected by Vincent J. Gorley of Grimm & Gorley, florists. One of the three finally will be chosen for the job. Mr. Gorley said that some of the applicants were "frights," others were beautiful, and nearly all declared they had overlooked the word "ugly" in the advertisement.

"We didn't want a 'perpetual cashier,'" said Mr. Gorley, "and we really don't care for any with all their teeth gone. We had several applicants who filled both descriptions. My idea in advertising for an ugly cashier was to get one who did not have such great personal charm that she would be possessed to by the first matinée customer who happened to spy her.

"How did I get by with the impossible ones?" That was easy. One must have weighed 250 pounds. I asked her if she was sure she could qualify in the 'ugly' class. She declared she had not noticed the word 'ugly' in the advertisement, and I assured her she was entirely too good looking. That was easy. She went out with a smile on her face. Finding it worked in one case I used that right along."

"I know I don't fulfill the requirements of ugliness specified in the advertisement," said the first applicant, with a flirtatious glance at herself in the mirror, "but I assure you I wouldn't marry the best man living."

A fond mother appeared with her daughter in tow. The latter was tall and lank.

"I'm afraid my daughter will not suit you," said the mother, "because you wanted an ugly girl, but she will never disappoint you by leaving you to marry. She is a confirmed maid hater."

Matorman Picks Up Money

Envelope and Roll, Covered With Mud, Big Help in Financial Straits of Worker.

Chicago.—"It is not collectors of old rags alone who find valuables in odd places."

This confession was elicited from a Chicago street car motorman the other day in a discussion of the unusual good fortune of a New York rag dealer who discovered money and diamonds in the old clothes which he had bought for a few cents a pound.

"It's a funny thing," said the motorman, as the car whizzed by Diversey boulevard. "Running past this corner reminds me of what happened here about a year ago. I was especially hard up that month and was wondering how I'd be able to raise enough money to make payment on a mortgage coming due.

"I needed about $25 more than I knew I could spare from my pay check and I was at a loss to discover how I'd arrange it.

"Well, one morning I was running by this corner and I saw what looked like an old envelope, all covered with mud, in the street. It looked as if it might contain almost anything except money, but something led me to stop the car, get out and pick it up. After brushing off the mud I put it into my pocket and forgot all about it until that evening. When I reached home I opened it. In the envelope were three five-dollar bills. I knew then how I'd meet the payment.

"Three days later," he added, "while crossing this same corner one rainy evening the searchlight of my car fell on something that looked like a little roll of bills and I stopped again to pick it up. I examined my second find and discovered that it was a two-dollar bill. That evening at home I unrolled it and prepared to clean the mud off as before. To my surprise I discovered a five-dollar bill and another two-dollar bill wrapped up within the outside bill! I guess that's luck for you, eh? And I wasn't looking for 'paper' like the rag dealer in New York, either."

TRILLION DOLLARS IN "GEMS"

German Arrives at New York With Twelve Bags of Glistening Jewels —They Were Beads.

New York.—Herr E. Heyman, a German jeweler, who has just reached New York from Bremen, has the laugh on several of Collector Loeb's customs sleuths. When Herr Heyman's liner arrived at its pier he was one of the first to place himself in the hands of the inspectors.

The customs man assigned to inspect his belongings suddenly came upon a blue bag that could easily hold two quarts of green peas. The bag was full of brilliants, and the glare of the first handful he fished out almost blinded the customs inspector.

"Diamonds!" he called out in excitement.

Motioning for assistance more customs men came up and put their hands in the bag. Then an appraiser, hurriedly summoned, took a look at the stones.

"Beads! That's all!" he said.

In all about a dozen bags of the glittering brilliants were brought to view.

"Suppose they were diamonds, what do you think they would be worth?" a bystander asked Herr Heyman.

"About $1,000,000,000,000," he answered.

"Yes—Stage money," murmured the appraiser.

Mr. Heyman paid $30 duty and left the pier with his glittering beads.

PET ANGORA CATS GET AWAY

Three Women Marooned at Long Island Railroad Station Until Pet Feline Is Captured.

Bellport, L. I.—A large pet Angora cat created quite a furore at the Bellport depot. As the 9:52 a. m. New York express pulled into the station a party of smartly-dressed women hurried out of a motor car and made a rush for the train. In the hurry of departure a large basket, carried by one of the women, was dropped, and out of the basket jumped a beautiful specimen of the Angora cat.

Frightened beyond reason the cat made a dive for shelter, and crawled under the station platform, to the consternation of his mistress and her companions. Cries of "Teddy! Teddy!" proved of no avail, and finally one of the women, dressed in immaculate white duck, went down on her hands and knees in an endeavor to coax the pet out. Teddy wouldn't budge.

In the meantime the train proceeded on its way, leaving the women behind. When the train had disappeared well toward Patchogue Teddy was still occupying his easy berth under the station platform. The next train for New York left Bellport at 4:25 p. m., and it's pretty certain that Teddy and his fair companions took plenty of time to connect with this train.

Big Gobbler Catches Frogs

Tears Up Hired Man's Red Flannel Shirt, Thereby Furnishing Owner With Dinner.

Cedar Brook, N. J.—Squire Hake Baldwin and a party of friends were furnished with a frog-leg dinner by Obadiah, a turkey gobbler the squire is fattening at his home for Thanksgiving.

Obadiah, like all turkey gobblers, is incensed at red. The family for this reason kep red out of sight. The hired man, Hans Oleson, however, washed out his red flannel shirt and laid it out on the grass to dry.

In the evening the squire and a party of friends were surprized to see nearly 100 large and small bullfrogs, hopping about, unable to croak, with a small fragment of flannel in their mouths. They weer caught and killed and eaten.

Obadiah was responsible for the catch. He had torn the red flannel shirt of the hired man to ribbons. The wind had carried the pieces to the swamp and the frogs had consumed them.

America Has 400,000 Autos.

New York.—Inquiry shows that there are 400,000 automobiles in the United States at an approximate value of $600,000,000. It is estimated that one-half of this vast sum is invested for automobile vehicles for commercial purposes and of actual utility to replace the work of horses, but the other $300,000,000 is invested in autos for pleasure.

Money Without Germs.

Washington.—To the old National Bank of Spokane belongs the distinction of circulating the first antiseptic germ-proof national bank notes.

Fifty thousand dollars in bills just put out by the bank were signed with an ink which consisted largely of carbolic acid. The result is the bills are saturated with an agency which means death to the most vigorous germ.

Singing Makes Fish Bite.

Winsted, Conn.—Do fish like music? That is a question fishermen are trying to solve. Every pleasant Sunday 150 cottagers assemble in boats of every description on Highland lake and listen to a sermon by an able preacher who has his pulpit on the station platform. The next train for New York left Bellport at 4:25 p. m., and it's pretty certain that Teddy and his fair companions took plenty of time to connect with this train.

PLATFORM CONVENTIONS MEET AND ADOPT PLATFORMS

Madison.- At the meeting of the Republican leaders the following was adopted as the platform of the party in the coming state campaign:

The Republican party was organized to advance the cause of human welfare. Its first great mission was the abolition of slavery. For many decades it was the faithful servant of the people, and through its wise administration brought happiness and prosperity to all. Later special privilege began to encroach upon common right and to dominate public affairs. Through the agency of the Republican party representative government is now being restored to the people. Progressive Republicans are winning victories from coast to coast. We congratulate our sister states upon the magnificent victories achieved.

It is now recognized throughout the country that Robert M. La Follette was the pioneer in this progressive movement, and although he had behind him years of sound progressive work, tried and approved in this state, when he entered the United States senate—he had then neither sympathizers nor followers. With the courage, fidelity and determination that has characterized all his public service, he adhered to his course, grew into leadership, and now holds a position of undisputed power and influence in the nation. The people of Wisconsin believe the results secured promise opportunity for greater achievement, and they have by an unprecedented majority, expressed their faith in his vision and statesmanship, and approved his re-election to the United States senate.

We endorse and commend the services of progressive Republicans of Wisconsin in the house of representatives who consistently fought to fulfill the promises of the Republican party and their efforts to amend the rules in order that the house may again become a representative body. Wisconsin is to be congratulated upon having representatives in the senate and the house who remain true to the people and to the national platform of the party, notwithstanding the effort to punish them for so doing by withdrawal of federal patronage.

The Paine-Aldrich tariff is not a compliance with the pledges of the Republican party in its national platform. The true basis of a protective tariff is the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, and we hold an increase in cost of production, due to higher wages and standards of living, American labor should be accompanied by compensating tariff duties. The present tariff board has no power or investigation and is not required to report to congress. We favor the creation of a non-partisan tariff commission, empowered to ascertain the cost of production in this and other countries, and required to make frequent reports of the information gained to congress. Upon the information so obtained, congress should proceed to revise the different schedules independently of each other, according to true protective tariff principles.

Non-compliance with party primaries.

Non-partisan tariff commission and piecemeal revision.

Condemn pernicious activity of special interests in recent primary.

Physical valuation of railroads.

Amendment of postal savings bank law to prevent concentration of savings.

Amendment of anti-trust laws to permit organizations of farmers and workingmen.

Retention of title to coal lands in Alaska, federal government to own the railroads there.

Oppose ship subsidies

Election of senators by direct vote.

Pledge Republican members of legislature to re-elect Senator La Follette.

Oppose excessive use of money in campaigns; pledge limitations and favors Oregon plan of publication by the state of information as to candidates; publicity of expenditures before and after campaigns.

Second choice ballot to secure majority nominations

State and national income tax and graduated inheritance tax.

Home rule for cities, with initiative, referendum and recall.

State aid to highways.

Oppose surrender by states to nation of control of water powers and demand a comprehensive state plan of control.

Greater efficiency in public health agencies.

For investigation of conditions in city and county to eliminate waste, promote co-operation, and reduce the cost of living.

Workingmen's compensation law, losses from injury to be borne by the industry.

Law and factory legislation to prevent excessive hours and unwholesome conditions for children and women.

Commend state university.

Federal investigation of best type of craft to develop river traffic.

Extension of system of ad valorem taxation to all public service corporations.

Commend efficient administration of progressive legislation in Wisconsin.

Completion and operation of binder twine plant at state prison.

Madison.—A. J. Schmitz Democratic candidate for governor, was successful in defeating the attempt to omit any mention of county option in the platform, and those Wisconsin Democrats who have so long and so faithfully followed Mr. Bryan now find themselves severed from the peerless leader, who in his own state is leading a fight for county option and has repudiated his party candidates on that issue. The following is the declaration of party principles:

We, the candidates of the Democratic party, according to law, do hereby reaffirm the declaration of principles contained in the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention held in Denver, 1908, and do further adopt and promulgate the following declaration of principles:

Democracy is a conservator of property and of the equal rights and liberties of all the people. It opposes all like paternalism and communism. It is a friend of both capital and labor. It adds to the reward of human endeavor by giving equal opportunity to all and special privileges to none; but emphatically denies that wealth and cunning co-operating together may lawfully concentrate into a few hands the profits of the productive energy of the nation.

We hold that the Republican system of tariff protection, like any other system of laws which enables he favored few to take, without consideration, a large portion of the earnings of toiling millions, is economically unsound, politically corrupt, contrary to sound morals and is legalized robbery. It brings into close combination two dangerous forces in the life of this republic, unmerited vaunting of political ambition and corrupt commercial avarice.

We denounce the Payne-Aldrich tariff act passed by the Republican party in flagrant violation of the solemn promise made to the people, as an indefensible masterpiece of injustice, legally authorizing remorseless extortions from the many to enrich the few through the operations of trusts and monopolies which it fosters. Tariff taxation, like other taxation, should be for revenue purposes only and not for private profit, and should be so levied as not to discriminate against, nor be in favor of, any section, class, industry or corporation and limited to the actual necessities of government, honestly and economically administered. We insist that any law enacted with the intention of enabling individuals or corporations to levy tribute upon the American people, or to guarantee a "reasonable profit" to any class, is in violation of the constitution of the United States and is indefensible from either a legal or moral standpoint.

We favor any honest, nonpartisan investigation of the tariff by authorized experts to the end that the electors of the nation may be enlightened as to the iniquity of the present system of spoliation, established and maintained by the Republican party for the past fifty years, but we regard the creation of a board of tariff experts by the last congress and the appropriation of a quarter of a million dollars to enable them to visit foreign countries, and then specifically limiting the report of their investigation to the president alone as a mere subterfuge satisfactory to the special interests, intended to deceive the American people and deliberately proposed to indefinitely postpone a reduction of tariff taxation.

We approve of the gallant opposition of the Democratic members of congress to the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act and pledge our candidates for congress and United States senate to work and vote for an honest reduction of the tariff in favor of the people, without reference to the interest of the product of any trust or combination whatever.

We favor the ratification of the proposed amendment to the United States constitution authorizing congress to levy and collect an income tax.

Amendment to the constitution of the United States to permit the election of United States senators by people.

Opposed to all subsidies by the government.

Denounce postal savings bank law, passed by the Republicans.

Attack Republican hypocrisy and call the attention of the people to the insurgent faction of the party as an evidence of party corruption.

Charge the Republican party as being reckless in squandering national resources.

The Democratic party favors the conservation of all the natural resources of the state for the benefit of the many instead of the few. We believe that the resources of the state are the heritage of all and should be conserved for the benefit of all.

It is within the power of the state to protect its citizens against the extortions of trusts; it is the duty of public officers to rigorously enforce against trusts and combinations the statute law of the state.

Condemn the extravagant use of money contributed by individuals or corporations to control either the primary or general elections as corrupting and debauching the electors of the states.

We pledge ourselves to the enactment of a law requiring the publication of a detailed statement of all contributions and expenses both before and after the general election.

We favor the application of strict business methods to the administration of the federal government in order to reduce its fast growing, useless and extravagant expenses which involve a waste now admitted to be $300,000,000 per year.

If the people of Wisconsin will trust the Democratic party with the reins of government we hereby promise that we will carefully cause to be investigated and examined the books and records of the state for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the funds of the state have been lawfully expended.

Popular education being the only safe basis of popular government and the nursery of good government, we pledge that our common schools and higher institutions of education shall always receive the fostering care of the Democratic party.

The Democratic party always has the interest of the laboring people at heart and favor the enactment of a law providing for industrial insurance which shall justly compensate employes in case of injury received in their employment.

We favor the enactment of a law relative to the improvement of public highways.

The Democratic party as a matter of history has been and is now opposed to sumptuary laws and kindred legislation which are an interference with the individual rights and liberties of citizens, and we believe in the fundamental principles of the Democratic doctrine that the largest individual liberty consistent with the rights of others, insures the highest type of American citizenship, and the best government.

In municipal affairs we favor the largest measure of home rule consistent with the terms of the state constitution.

We favor the submission to the voters of an amendment to the constitution of Wisconsin, providing for the initiative, for the referendum and for the recall.

We favor the immediate enactment of the dollar a day pension bill.

We favor an amendment to the primary election law which will simplify and make it as nearly as may be expressive of the free choice of the people.

Madison. The Social Democratic state convention ratified the platform adopted by the party's state convention in Milwaukee which demands:

1. Abolishment of written constitutions.
2. Nationalization of all trusts.
3. National ownership of railroads, telegraph, telephone, express and steamship companies.
4. Pensions of not less than $12 a month for all wage workers over 60 years of age.
5. Loans by the United States to cities and townships on their bonds, such loans to be legal tender and without interest, the money to be used for the unemployed, in eight-hour labor.
6. Abolish the United States senate, the general referendum of all the people to take its place; United States judges to be elected for terms not to exceed four years.
7. Prohibition of importation of Asiatic coolies.
8. Life insurance by the national government; also insurance against sickness, accident and loss of employment.
9. All elective officers to be subject to recall.
10. No city to have the right to sell, lease or give away public franchises.
11. Every city to have the right to take over all public utilities by paying a price fixed by an impartial jury.
12. Complete self-government by cities and towns.
13. Free school books.
14. No further water rights to be given to individuals or corporations; mineral rights to accrue to the state; all state lands to be kept for state purposes.
15. Protection for head waters of rivers; reforestizing of denuded tracts.
16. Farming schools and model farms in every county.
17. State loans to settlers for use for agricultural and stock raising purposes.
18. That until the profit system is abolished, attempts to introduce temperate habits by law are only an evasion of the real issue.
19. For an eight-hour day and prohibition of employment of children under 16, and laws to compensate workers when injured.
20. Graduated income and increased inheritance tax, small incomes exempt.
21. Fire and accident insurance by the state.
22. State minimum wage scale.

Madison.—The Prohibition party state platform makes these demands:

1. The prohibition of the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation and transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.
2. The election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.
3. Equitable graduated income and inheritance taxes.
4. State and national regulation of all corporations doing an interstate commerce business.
5. The creation for a permanent tariff commission.
6. Uniform marriage and divorce laws.
7. An equitable employers' liability act.
8. Court review of postoffice department decisions and
9. We further declare in favor of (1) The strict enforcement of all laws and against official tolerance of law violation and vice and particularly the practical license of the social evil which prevails in many of our cities with its unspeakable traffic in girls;

(2) The strict enforcement of the child labor law forbidding children to work in mines, workshops and factories;

(3) The right of suffrage to women on the same condition as men;

(4) The reservation of the mineral, forest and waterpower resources of the country and the improvements of the highways and waterways, for public utility instead of graft;

(5) The modifications of the present state primary law in the direction of simplicity so as to make it easier for individuals and party candidates to secure place on the official ballot, and

(6) The initiative, referendum, recall, and corrupt practices act.

10. We are convinced by an experience of forty years in combating the liquor traffic that local option and county option are no settlement of the liquor problem; but that the only way to secure effective prohibition is to elect Prohibition party men to office, and that it is the duty of every Prohibitionist to use all his energy and resources to secure national as well as state prohibition through a party pledged to do this work.

Steensland Will Filed.

Madison.—The will of Halle Steensland, president of the Madison Savings, Loan and Trust company, who died several weeks ago, was filed for probate. The estate consists of $400,000 in real and $100,000 in personal propert. A score of bequests to the city of Madison and charitable and religious institutions are made. Steensland held a number of public offices in Madison and several years ago was knighted by the king of Norway for distinguished services to his native country.

Raze Abandoned Hotel.

Gladstone.—W. F. Hammel, the Gladstone banker, proposes to buy in the property of Hawarden inn, the large, abandoned hotel of that city, and build residences on the twelve lots, which once composed the block.

Jurist Has Record

Lancaster.—For twenty-seven years, or during the entire time he has been on the bench, Judge Clementson has not lost a day when holding regular sessions because of sickness.

Minister Invents Cooker.

River Falls.—The Rev. Mr. Hopdegard has invented a fireless cooker which by many is considered an improvement on any apparatus of the kind now on the market. Electricity is used and the heat is applied from a metal disc. Compartments are provided so that different degrees of temperature may be had at the same time.

Build New Greenhouse.

Superior.—The Superior Floral company begun the erection of a $6,000 greenhouse,

Machines Soon to Fly.

Racine.—The three aeroplanes being built at the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company for exhibition purposes, under the supervision of Lewis Strang, are nearing completion. They will be tested in flights between Racine and Chicago and between Chicago and Indianapolis in the near future, according to the builders.

Will Have Library.

Portage.—Columbus has accepted a $10,000 gift from Andrew Carnegie for a public library building.

To Build Bridge.

Menominee.—The Menominee city council has appropriated $8,700 for the building of a new bridge over the Menominee river. A similar appropriation will be necessary from Marinette before the bridge can be built. No action in the matter has been taken by the council of that city, although the subject has been discussed.

Building New Plant.

Marinette.—The Lingnum Chemical company has started work on its new building on the Whitebock site.

To Reopen Mine.

L'Anse.—Under the management of Edward Copp and Joseph O. Gingrass Ishpeming, and Sidney Tuttle, Janesville, Wis., the old graphite property, which formerly was operated by the Hathaway Graphite company, will be reopened.

More Attend Normal.

La Crosse.—The enrollment in the La Crosse Normal school is 317, about 130 more than was listed at this time last year. A graduating class of seventy-five is practically assured.

Pensions for Badgers.

Washington. — These Wisconsin pensions have been granted: Emma Allen, $12; Stillman G. Bond, $20; Homer Cook, $12; Hiram M. Dearth, $20; Martin Delaney, $20; Peter E. Dewar, $12; Asa Foote, $12; Oscar Fowler, $15; Chauncey Goodwin, $15; Patrick O'Donnell, $15; Henry A. Valenthe, $15; Charles M. Becker, $17; Schuyler Bundy, Jr., $15; Sarah A. Coan, $12; Anne Sidsmore, $12; Jay D. Ingraham, $20; John W. Reynolds, $24;

Bear in Long Fall.

Iron Mountain. — Wandering too near the Gulch mine, a large black bear fell into the shaft and dropped over a quarter of a mile. When workmen lowered the cage they found the animal's body with every bone broken.

Estate Tax $20,000.

Appleton.—The inheritance tax on the estate of John Van Nortwick, president of the Green Bay and Mississippi Canal company, was fixed at about $20,000.

Increase is $1,000,000.

Manitowoc.—The new assessment rolls of Manitowoc county show that the assessed valuation has increased nearly $1,000,000 in one year. The total valuation in 1909 was $35,059,508 and that for 1910 is $35,905,225.

Crazed by Grief.

Kenosha.—As a result of grieving for his 7 year old daughter, who was killed by a train here a week ago, Wadislaw Wasniewski is said to have become violently insane. He has been placed in confinemen

EX-MAYOR'S STORY STRANGE

George Becker, Former Executive of Stoughton, Who Disappeared, Found by Accident.

Stoughton.—The story of the disappearance and return of Ex-Mayor George Becker of Stoughton is a strange one.

Mr. Becker left Stoughton two years ago, no one knew where. Since then his whereabouts have been a mystery, both to his many friends in the city and to his wife, who finally gave up hope of again seeing him alive.

A few weeks ago, William Gould, an old friend, was in Conway Springs, Kas. He met there a building contractor, who, changed as he was, he believed to be the missing mayor, although the man denied ever having been in Wisconsin. Mr. Gould suspected him of being slightly mentally unbalanced and wrote to friends in this city. A nephew was sent to identify Mr. Becker, and found it was he.

Memories of his home in Wisconsin were recalled to Mr. Becker's mind, and he was induced to return to Stoughton.

MINOR CANDIDATES BUSY

Many Out for Positions at Clerks and Sergeants During Coming Session of Legislature.

Madison.—Candidates for minor legislative positions are busy. The leading candidate for chief clerk of the new senate is Fred Wylie, who was second in the race two years ago. F. E. Andrews, victor then, is regarded as making a forlorn hope fight for re-election, in view of the overwhelming La Follette strength in both houses. Charles A. Leycht of New Lisbon, an old legislative employe, has been talked of as another rival of Wylie. As a candidate for the position of sergeant-at-arms, R. C. Falconer, sergeant of the last three senates, is again a receptive candidate.

C. E. Shaffer, Madison, has the field to himself for re-election as chief clerk of the assembly, while W. S. Irvine, sergeant of the last assembly, is here working to succeed himself and will undoubtedly win, although opposed by William Perry of Oshkosh, former member from Winnebago county, and E. V. Nevins, of Chippewa Falls, as clerk at the last session.

WOUND AROUND SHAFTING

Roy Eggert, Blacksmith's Helper, Is Fatally Injured in Soo Line Shops at Fond du Lac.

Fond du Lac.—Roy Eggert, 20 years of age, was fatally injured in the Soo line shops, where he was employed as a blacksmith's helper.

He was oiling a shafting when his coat became caught on the belting and he was dragged around the shaft. The machinery was stopped and the boy rushed to the hospital, where it was found that his head was crushed and many of his bones broken. He died shortly after.

C. P. WHITFORD IS DEAD

Prominent Resident of Beloit for More Than Fifty Years Dies in Chicago.

Beloit.—Carlos P. Whitford, 75 years old, died suddenly in Chicago, where he was visiting his son.

He was a resident of Beloit for fifty years and in the former days was one of the prominent men of the community. He was mayor of Beloit, member of the school board, and a leader in the ranks of the republican party.

He was past commander of the Knights Templar.

No Hazing at Madison.

Madison.—Sophomores say that although they will abide by the promise made last year to take a stand against all forms of hazing, they intend to strictly enforce university traditions.

The student court affirms its intention to see that the rule covering hazing is enforced to the letter.

Charged with Killing.

Appleton.—Emmett Heavenor, colored, was held on the charge of shooting and killing Wattie Poynts, also colored.

Condition is Serious.

Racine.—Letters received from D. N. Fratt, Erdlands, Cal., who was called there on account of the illness of his father, N. D. Fratt, say that the elder Mr. Fratt is in a serious condition. N. D. Fratt is believed to be the oldest bank president in Wisconsin.

Pioneere Woman Dead.

Racine.—Mrs. W. L. Williams, one of the oldest and best-known Welsh women of Racine, is dead. She was 79 years old and had lived in Racine fifty-five years.

Violated Game Law.

Kenosha.—Nazerina Angelino was arrested here, charged with violating the game laws. He had five squirrels, two rabbits and seven song birds and on a plea of guilty he was fined $75 and the costs. He went to jail for sixty days in default of payment of the fine.

Dr. Rice Speaks.

Appleton.—Dr. Matthew Rice, Duluth, gave the annual matriculation address at Lawrence college.

MANY CHINESE AT STATE UNIVERSITY

Are Given Scholarships by the Government.

TESTS ARE MOST SEVERE

The Boxer Indemnity Fund Provides for the Education of Four Hundred Orientals Each Year in America.

Madison.—The enrollment of Chinese students at the University of Wisconsin has been materially increased by the recent arrival of ten students direct from the orient. There are now some thirty men from that country over sea who are pursuing courses in the Badger institution, many of them being in the engineering college.

The newcomers, including some of the most intelligent young men in China, come to America as the result of the boxer indemnity, and have as their mission the acquirement of modern methods for introduction into the progress of their own country.

The recent arrivals are members of a group of 400 students who are educated by the United States every year. The fund from which the expenses of the young men are paid is the indemnity due the United States as a result of the boxer rebellion. The government at Washington set aside the indemnity fund for the education of Chinese students in American universities.

Every year competitive tests, similar to the Rhodes Oxford examinations, are held, and thousands of young men compete. The tests are so severe that only a very capable student ever reaches the United States. The students come from all ranks the majority from the middle classes and the lesser nobility, although some of the representatives of the lower classes are able to get in by enduring privations which would baffle any except the most ambitious.

In the American universities the young Chinese take all sorts of courses. Perhaps the majority take the engineering work, but an almost equal number are entered in the schools of economics and the social sciences.

Those students who have been at Wisconsin during the last few years are very keen over the progress which is reported from their fatherland. They find that great and significant changes are taking place. Most of all, perhaps, is the way the national spirit of China is growing—China for the Chinese. China as a strong nation is the new hope and effort of the young men, although only the higher classes so far have awakened to this spirit.

Injunction Stops Work on University.

Alleged violation of the state law which prohibits workmen employed in the construction of any public building from working more than eight hours a day caused the issuance of a temporary injunction against the continuance of the work upon the addition to the engineering building at the University of Wisconsin. The order is made by Court Commissioner Rufus B. Smith, and the defendants are ordered to appear next Monday before Circuit Judge E. Ray Stevens and show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent.

The litigation was started by E. S. Waldschaky, president of the Madison Federated Trades council, and is the result of an alleged discovery that T. C. McCarthy, the contractor for the addition, is working some of his men ten hours a day. The defendants in the action are the board of regents of the university, W. D. Hoard, as president of the board; Secretary of State James A. Frear, State Treasurer A. H. Dahl and Contractor T. C. McCarthy. The temporary injunctional order not only orders that construction work be stopped, but President Hoard and Secretary Frear are restrained from auditing, and State Treasurer Dahl from paying anything to McCarthy on his contract.

Show Many Mushrooms.

At the meeting of the Wisconsin Mycological society nearly all the varieties of mushrooms grown in Milwaukee county were represented. The wet weather of the last week has brought the fungi out in great numbers and each of the members present were able to show many specimens.

Barker Spent $326.97.

H. W. Barker, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, filed with the secretary of state a statement of his campaign expenses.

The total given is $326.97.

E. L. Urquhart, Medford, who was nominated as the Republican candidate for assemblyman in the Price-Taylor district, has filed a statement declaring that he spent $43.06.

Patents to Inventors.

Benedict Morsell & Caldwell, solicitors of patents, Majestic building, Milwaukee, report patents issued to Wisconsin inventors, September 20, 1910, as follows: Charles A. Baker, Milwaukee, concrete cart; George W. Eddy, Milwaukee, keyless padlock; Harrison D. Floyd, North Fork, animal poke or yoke; John B. Helm, Madison, sprinkling valve for hydrants; Herbert F. Jones, Oconto, pocket igniter; Charles Kamrath, North Milwaukee, adjustable horse.

Sues State Fair Board.

The state board of agriculture has been notified of an action brought against it by L. K. Hilton and F. E. Sadler of Janesville, architects who maintain that they have something coming for work on new buildings on the state fair grounds in Milwaukee.

Members of the agriculture board are a trifle worried over a number of threats that persons injured at the state fair grounds when an aeroplane went wrong may bring suits against the board.

Third Suit Is Started.

The Western Union Telegraph company served papers on the attorney general in an action to recover $10,761.34 in taxes paid the state.

The company alleges that the assessment should have been $7,525.17 instead of $18,286.51.

It is the third suit of the kind started by the company, the others having been filed in 1908 and 1909. The suits have not been pressed, but have been filed in order that the company might retain its right to protest.

Fine Exhibit Made by State University

Madison.—Although the University of Wisconsin in the last few years has exhibited at the state fair on a small scale it has confined its display to the simplest kinds of educational exhibits.

Not so this year. The university building now has the big label, "College of Agriculture," over the doors, and within sixteen departments of the institution are represented. The display is elaborate, showing everything from the location of buildings to the best economical advantage to the latest methods of grafting and improving both grain and soils.

It is one of the most complete agricultural exhibits ever presented in this country. The Wisconsin school is known to be one of the best of its kind in the country and the department has not forgotten a single point that would add interest to the exhibition.

Blue prints of farms are in abundance. They take up almost every possible situation, outlining the conditions and showing how the buildings might be best located. Each subdivision of the farm is platted not for economic reasons and convenience alone, but so as to provide the best means for the rotation of crops.

Then there is the schedule of expense which furnishes a world of information to the visitors. It illustrates the exact profits and expenses, and points out where changes would insure better results. One booth gives out information on the various courses given in the college of agriculture. This is in charge of Professor Otis. There are maps and charts portraying the growth of the department, of the work of the institution and the increase of students from year to year since its installation.

In the extension courses considerable interest has been aroused. There is demonstrated the results obtained through the various county experimental stations and the system of extensions of the courses. Through the alumni association great work has been done. In every county the students have banded together with the intention of increasing the utility of the land in their sections, and educating their neighbors to the advantages of intensive farming.

New Corporations.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Secretary of State Frear as follows:

Plehn-Dryer Shoe company, Milwaukee; capital, $8,000; incorporators, Gerhard Plehn, W. H. Dryer, A. F. Lupkow.

N. S. Koos & Son company, Kenosha; capital, $25,000; incorporators Nicholas Koos, E. J. Koos, Kate Jacobs.

Livingston Mercantile company, Merrill; capital, $70,000; incorporators, Jennie Livingston, Sidney Livingston, C. R. Livingston.

The Livingstons, Wausau; capital, $70,000; incorporators, Samuel Livingston, Fannie K. Livingston, Sidney L. Stein.

The Prairie Farm and Southwestern Railway company of Prairie Farm filed an amendment increasing its capital stock from $25,000 to $100,000.

Pastures Renew Youth.

One of the most encouraging features of the present month for Wisconsin farmers is the remarkable recovery of pastures. Farmers report that the pastures are better just now than they would have been at this season but for the long summer drought. Especially is this true of June grass. At no time last spring was its growth so vigorous as now. It looked for a time as if the roots were killed by the drought, but it appears now that they were simply having a good rest.

Martin Mathison of the town of Dunn, threshed his small grain recently and reports an excellent yield from an acre of wheat. Off this acre were threshed 18 bags, making 36 bushels by machine measure, or 40 bushels by actual weight. That this is extraordinary will be recognized by those familiar with the usual yield of wheat in this section, which as a rule ranges from 20 to 25 bushels. The quality of the grain was also excellent.

Capitol Contract Is Let.

The state capitol commission awarded a contract to the Modern Steel Structural company of Waukesha for furnishing and placing the steel for the superstructure of the dome of the central part of the new statehouse. The cost is to be $97,000. There were four bids ranging from $97,000 to $104,000. Not only was the bid of the winning company the lowest submitted, but the known excellence of the Waukesha concern's work was a determining factor in the awarding of the contract by the capitol commission.

Women to Meet at Wausau.

The second annual convention of the Ladies' auxiliary of the Wisconsin Society of Equity will be held in Wausau October 27 and 28.

It is announced that the Wisconsin Society of Equity will hold its annual convention here October 25, 26, 27 and 28 in Elks' hall. About 500 delegates are expected to attend.

Wisconsin Lead and Zinc Mines.

Last week was one of the busiest as well as most prosperous weeks of the mining year, the output being above normal and shipments easily keeping pace with production, due to a market for both zinc and lead ore that is making small weekly but substantial gains. The demand for separator ore kept up on an even better basis in price than that offered for the 60 per cent. qualities of ore, which held close to the $45 mark most of the week, with choice grades bringing a dollar or two better.

Fair Judges Make Awards.

Judging of the exhibits at the county fair began in the live stock department. In the Hereford cattle department, Robinson & Son of Klevenville were on their exhibits awarded premiums as follows:

First for bull under two years, first and second for bull under twelve months, first for best cow of three years or over, first for two-year-old cow, first and second for heifer under twelve months, and also the grand sweepstakes for the best bull over two years.

All Decisions Reported.

Frederic K. Conover, reporter of the Wisconsin supreme court, filed a report with the board of trustees of the supreme court library showing that for the first time in the history of the supreme court all decided cases to date have been reported and published, or fully prepared for publication and in final type. Reporter Conover says in his report:

"I believe that in no other state are the published volumes so close to the work of the court."

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS

Kenosha.—Kenosha people were surprised at the announcement of the marriage of Frances M. Thomas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Thomas, and James W. Blair, paying teller of the savings department of the First National bank. The wedding was in Milwaukee Wednesday afternoon and the fact was not known to the friends of the bride and groom until after they had left for a honeymoon trip in northern Wisconsin.

Marinette.—Edward Uloth of Calumet, Mich., won a race against death from Marinette to his home. Mr. Uloth was here on business when he received word that his wife was dying. He engaged a special train from Escanaba to Negaunee to connect with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, and reached the bedside of his wife. She recognized him and died a few minutes later.

Green Bay.—The Rt. Rev. Bishop Fox has made the following changes in the Green Bay diocese: Rev. E. Schlimberg goes from Oshkosh to Greenville, Rev. John Roplinger from Greenville to Cooperstown, and Rev. Francis Geier from Cooperstown to Maplewood. Rev. Bernard Jacobs succeeds Rev. Schlimberg in Oshkosh.

La Crosse.—F. M. Immel of Blair, who is said to have turned the first furrow in the Trempealeau valley, having come to La Crosse in 1849, is visiting old friends in the city. He also is said to have seen the first murder committed in La Crosse county and to have been present at the arrest of the man who committed the second.

New Richmond.—Leslie Glover, general manager of the Willow River Lumber company, was severely burned in an accident on his steam launch. He was found lying in the boat with his head, neck and shoulders on a hot steam pipe. His condition is serious.

Rhinelander.—Mrs. Charles Flago and Miss Hughston shot and killed a large black bear at Tomahawk lake. The women were hunting partridges with Arthur Flago when brush was sighted. Mr. Flago blinded the animal with a charge of shot and the women followed and killed it.

Sheboygan.—In a meeting of the Democratic county committee in Sheboygan Falls, W. M. Root was elected chairman, Attorney Collins was re-elected secretary and Adolph Pfister was chosen treasurer. E. R. Bowler addressed the meeting.

Fond du Lac.—Many high school students are experimenting in open air study. When school opened this fall study rooms in the high school building were not ready for occupancy. It is not uncommon to see students with their books in almost any place of comfort out of doors.

Shawano.—The school board convention for this county will be in this city on October 24 and in Wittenberg on October 25. It is expected that State Superintendent Cary will attend.

Stoughton.—The Madison district convention of the United Lutheran Church Young People's league will be in Stoughton on October 14, 15 and 16. Rev. O. G. H. Siljan, Madison, is president of the league.

Beloit.—Miss Alice Nye, daughter of Dr. F. S. Nye, and Henry C. Faville of Chicago college, class '08, were married. Rev. W. A. Rowell of Beloit officiated, assisted by Rev. Henry Faville of La Crosse, father of the bridegroom.

Beloit.—Bridget Egan, widow of Michael Egan, an early settler of Beloit and mother of a large and prominent family, died. She was seventy-one years old. Dr. Gregory Egan, Fond du Lac, is a son.

Beloit.—George Williams, resident of Beloit for more than fifty years, died suddenly in his home. He was eighty years old.

Black Earth.—Rev. F. A. Slyfield, for the last three years pastor of the Congregational church in Black Earth, has accepted a charge in Hillsboro, Wis.

Eau Claire.—While the aeronaut was making ready to ascend at the northern Wisconsin state fair the canvas of the balloon caught fire and was destroyed.

Eau Claire.—William H. Wright and wife were drowned in St. Cloud, Fla. The couple were on their wedding trip. Mr. Wright was a son of O. A. Wright, Eau Claire.

Marinette.—The merchants of Marinette are to make a fight for lower express rates by appealing to the Wisconsin railway commission. They claim Wisconsin merchants are paying much more than is paid in Illinois in many instances for hauls of the same distance, weight and classification.

Cedarburg.—The fifty-fifth annual Ozaukee county fair will be held in this city. Twenty-eight horses have been entered for the races. The number of race entries is not considered large but the horses are better than ever have raced on the Cedarburg track. The poultry exhibit will be an attractive feature.

Appleton.—Citizens of the town of Caswell, Florence county, have enjoined the school board from erecting a new schoolhouse on a site chosen by the board. The plaintiffs allege that the site does not meet with the approval of a majority of the residents of the district.

Beloit.—Burglars entered the public library and high school buildings and took money and valuables. It is also reported that thieves entered a private residence and, after securing a number of valuable articles, enjoyed a dinner prepared from supplies in the pantry.

Beloit.—James W. Long was sentenced to the penitentiary by Judge Rosa of the municipal court for a term of two years. He was prosecuted on a statutory charge.

Madison.—Invanti Magoras, Milwaukee, who was found guilty of stealing a motor bicycle, was sentenced in municipal court to one year in the reformatory in Green Bay.

Madison.—J. S. Hilton and F. E. Sadler, Janesville architects, have started suit against the state board of agriculture to recover moneys alleged to be due in payment for state fair buildings.

Kenosha.—Mrs. W. F. Dale and her infant child had a peculiar experience with lightning in the Dale home near this city when a bolt demolished the upper portion of the house and followed a chimney into the bedroom. It struck the bed on which Mrs. Dale and her child were sleeping, followed the iron railing of the bed to the floor and burned a hole in the floor. Mrs. Dale and the child were not even stunned by the electricity.

Kenosha.—Kenosha lodge of the Loyal Order of Moose, organized less than two months ago, in a meeting decide to build a $20,000 club home

WISCONSIN NEWS TERSELY TOLD

New Richmond.—Leslie Glover, general manager of the Willow River Lumber company, and son of John E. Glover, capitalist, railroad owner and lumberman of this city, was severely burned in an accident on his steam launch. He was found lying in the boat with his head, neck and shoulders on a hot steam pipe. His condition is serious.

Manitowoc.—Hardy Hartle, the Manitowoc boy who died while serving as a guard at the United States legation in China, was a victim of appendicitis. Harris had enlisted for three years and his term would have expired within four days of his death and he was planning to sail for home at once.

Racine.—Fifty-five machinists at the Mitchell-Lewis Motor Car company went out on a strike. They say that the time limit for piecework was cut down, meaning a reduction of wages.

Appleton.—Mrs. Fitzmaurice, mother of the Rev. Fitzmaurice, died in Fond du Lac. She is survived by the Rev. Fitzmaurice and three daughters, Mrs. Nachtwey, Fond du Lac, and Misses Anna and Katherine Fitzmaurice, Appleton.

Appleton.—In Circuit court here Judge John Goodland granted a divorce to Ole Frielstad from Cecilia Frielstad, 72 and 73 years old, respectively. The couple had lived together nearly a half century. Frielstad accused his wife of cruel and inhuman treatment. The Frielstads are residents of Crandon.

Racine.—Announcement is made that Ernest Klinkert will erect a $10,000 vaudeville house in Racine Junction; also that John T. Bartlett, former mayor of Oconomowoc, has leased a site on Junction avenue and will at once begin the building of a theater for moving pictures and vaudeville.

Madison.—Charles H. Casperson, Trade Lake, candidate for the Republican nomination for the assembly, filed a statement of campaign expenses. The total is $294.

Madison.—Istvan Mezzaros, an Italian boy who resides on the South side in Milwaukee, was sentenced to the Green Bay reformatory for one year for the theft of a motor cycle.

Pewaukee.—Nicholas Schaeffer, an old resident of this county, was struck and instantly killed at the passenger depot crossing by a Milwaukee road flyer.

Lancaster.—For 27 years, or during the entire time he has been on the bench, Judge Clementson has not lost a day when holding regular sessions because of sickness.

Eau Claire.—Capt. Phillip Scheckel died here, aged 73. He was one of the old river men who navigated from the Mississippi to the headwaters when navigation was opened on Chippewa river.

Madison.—District Attorney W. R. Foley, Superior, has resigned to accept a position in the legal department of the Superior Street Railway company.

Green Bay.—A party of officials of the Green Bay & Western railroad, headed by President S. H. Palmer, New York, are making a tour of inspection.

Neenah.—Mrs. A. H. Miller was badly bitten by a mad dog while defending her children from the animal. She was taken to Madison for treatment.

Manitowoc.—Charles Schumacher and Reginald Jirikowic were sent to Madison to receive Pasteur treatment. Both were bitten by a dog believed to have been mad.

Madison.—Nearly all departments in the capitol building were short handed, the attaches having taken the day as a body to attend the Dane county fair.

Madison.—The state board of canvassers went over more returns of the primary election and perfected summaries. Only the returns on the Democratic candidates for the legislature remain to be considered.

Beloit.—Louis T. Thompson, eighty-two years old, died in the farm residence of his son. He came from Norway in 1862 and made his home in Black Earth. Later he lived in Boscobel and Sharon. He came to the town of Beloit nine years ago.

Kilbourn.—Kilbourn voted at a special election on the question of raising the saloon license from $200 to $500. Low license won by a majority of 46.

Beloit.—The freshman class of Beloit college will number 180, the largest in the history of the school.

Baraboo.—Daniel Kimball, resident of Baraboo for 43 years, is dead. He was ninety years old.

Beloit.—Beloit college has been granted a Phi Beta Kappa chapter by the general council in New York.

Beloit.—W. Williams, aged eighty, died suddenly. He was for many years a superintendent of the Rock River Paper company's West side mill.

Oconto.—Isaac Jones, seventy years old, a resident of Oconto for 40 years, died after an illness of two days.

Superior.—After preparing to attend the silver wedding anniversary of a friend, August Geffers was seized with coughing, ruptured a blood vessel and dropped dead at his wife's feet.

Chippewa Falls.—Edwin Stern, thirty-five years old, was run over by an automobile and seriously hurt and Daniel Huff, sixty-four years old, was knocked more than twenty feet by another machine and made unconscious.

Green Bay.—Rt. Rev. Bishop Fox, who recently returned from the eucharistic congress in Montreal, has begun a tour of visitation and confirmation that will continue into November.

La Crosse.—The first steps toward organizing troops of boy scouts in La Crosse have been taken. Three troops in La Crosse and one in Onalaska are in training.

Madison.—The capitol building commission awarded contracts for steel work on the new capitol to the Modern Steel Structural company, Waukesha, for $97,000.

Oconomowoc.—A Pope-Hartford touring car, driven by John Shunck, Milwaukee, who is visiting in the home of Richard Grimm, north of Oconomowoc, caught fire and was destroyed almost entirely. The occupants, Mr. Shunck and two others, were able to get out before being injured.

La Crosse.—Dolass Roth, Mauston, forty-five years old, second boss of a steam shovel gang on the St. Paul construction work, touched a live wire while working near West Salem and was electrocuted. He leaves a widow and six children.

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PLATFORM CONVENTIONS MEET AND ADOPT PLATFORMS

Madison.—At the meeting of the Republican leaders the following was adopted as the platform of the party in the coming state campaign:

The Republican party was organized to advance the cause of human welfare. Its first great mission was the abolition of slavery. For many decades it was the faithful servant of the people, and through its wise administration brought happiness and prosperity to all. Later special privilege began to encroach upon common right and to dominate public affairs. Through the agency of the Republican party representative government is now being restored to the people. Progressive Republicans are winning victories from coast to coast. We congratulate our sister states upon the magnificent victories achieved.

It is now recognized throughout the country that Robert M. La Follette was the pioneer in this progressive movement, and although he had behind him years of sound progressive work, tried and approved in this state, when he entered the United States senate—he had then neither sympathizers nor followers. With the courage, fidelity and determination that has characterized all his public service, he adhered to his course, grew into leadership, and now holds a position of undisputed power and influence in the nation. The people of Wisconsin believe the results secured promise opportunity for greater achievement, and they have by an unprecedented majority, expressed their faith in his vision and statesmanship, and approved his re-election to the United States senate.

We endorse and commend the services of progressive Republicans of Wisconsin in the house of representatives who consistently fought to fulfill the promises of the Republican party and their efforts to amend the rules in order that the house may again become a representative body. Wisconsin is to be congratulated upon having representatives in the senate and the house who remain true to the people and to the national platform of the party, notwithstanding the effort to punish them for so doing by withdrawal of federal patronage.

The Paine-Aldrich tariff is not a compliance with the pledges of the Republican party in its national platform. The true basis of a protective tariff is the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, and we hold any increase in cost of production, due to higher wages and standards of living, American labor should be accompanied by compensating tariff duties. The present tariff board has no power of investigation and is not required to report to congress. We favor the creation of a non-partisan tariff commission, empowered to ascertain the cost of production in this and other countries, and required to make frequent reports of the information gained to congress. Upon the information so obtained, congress should proceed to revise the different schedules independently of each other, according to true protective tariff principles.

Non-compliance with party primaries.

Non-partisan tariff commission and piecemeal revision.

Condemn pernicious activity of special interests in recent primary.

Physical valuation of railroads.

Amendment of postal savings bank law to prevent concentration of savings.

Amendment of anti-trust laws to permit organizations of farmers and workingmen.

Retention of title to coal lands in Alaska, federal government to own the railroads there.

Oppose ship subsidies

Election of senators by direct vote.

Pledge Republican members of legislature to re-elect Senator La Follette.

Oppose excessive use of money in campaigns; pledge limitations and favors Oregon plan of publication by the state of information as to candidates; publicity of expenditures before and after campaigns.

Second choice ballot to secure majority nominations.

State and national income tax and graduated inheritance tax.

Home rule for cities, with initiative, referendum and recall.

State aid to highways.

Oppose surrender by states to nation of control of water powers and demand a comprehensive state plan of control.

Greater efficiency in public health agencies.

For investigation of conditions in city and county to eliminate waste, promote co-operation, and reduce the cost of living.

Workingmen's compensation law, losses from injury to be borne by the industry.

Law and factory legislation to prevent excessive hours and unwholesome conditions for children and women.

Commend state university.

Federal investigation of best type of craft to develop river traffic.

Extension of system of ad valorem taxation to all public service corporations.

Commend efficient administration of progressive legislation in Wisconsin.

Completion and operation of binder twine plant at state prison.

Madison.—A. J. Schmitz, Democratic candidate for governor, was successful in defeating the attempt to omit any mention of county option in the platform, and those Wisconsin Democrats who have so long and so faithfully followed Mr. Bryan now find themselves severed from the peerless leader, who in his own state is leading a fight for county option and has repudiated his party candidates on that issue. The following is the declaration of party principles:

We, the candidates of the Democratic party, according to law, do hereby reaffirm the declaration of principles contained in the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention held in Denver, 1908, and do further adopt and promulgate the following declaration of principles:

Democracy is a conservator of property and of the equal rights and liberties of all the people. It opposes alike paternalism and communism. It is a friend of both capital and labor. It adds to the reward of human endeavor by giving equal opportunity to all and special privileges to none; but emphatically denies that wealth and cunning co-operating together may lawfully concentrate into a few hands the profits of the productive energy of the nation.

We hold that the Republican system of tariff protection, like any other system of laws which enables the favored few to take, without consideration, a large portion of the earnings of toiling millions, is economically unsound, politically corrupt, contrary to sound morals and is legalized robbery. It brings into close combination two dangerous forces in the life of this republic, unmerited vaunting of political ambition and corrupt commercial avarice.

We denounce the Payne-Aldrich tariff act passed by the Republican party in flagrant violation of the solemn promise made to the people, as an indefensible masterpiece of injustice, legally authorizing remorseless extortions from the many to enrich the few through the operations of trusts and monopolies which it fosters. Tariff taxation, like other taxation, should be for revenue purposes only and not for private profit, and should be so levied as not to discriminate against, nor be in favor of, any section, class, industry or company and limited to the actual necessities of government, honestly and economically administered. We insist that any law enacted with the intention of enabling individuals or corporations to levy tribute upon the American people, or to guarantee a "reasonable profit" to any class, is in violation of the constitution of the United States and is indefensible from either a legal or moral standpoint.

We favor any honest, nonpartisan investigation of the tariff by authorized experts to the end that the electors of the nation may be enlightened as to the iniquity of the present system of spoliation, established and maintained by the Republican party for the past fifty years, but we regard the creation of a board of tariff experts by the last congress and the appropriation of a quarter of a million dollars to enable them to visit foreign countries, and then specifically limiting the report of their investigation to the president alone as a mere subterfuge satisfactory to the special interests, intended to deceive the American people and deliberately proposed to indefinitely postpone a reduction of tariff taxation.

We approve of the gallant opposition of the Democratic members of congress to the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act and pledge our candidates for congress and United States senate to work and vote for an honest reduction of the tariff in favor of the people, without reference to the interest of the product of any trust or combination whatever.

We favor the ratification of the proposed amendment to the United States constitution authorizing congress to levy and collect an income tax.

Amendment to the constitution of the United States to permit the election of United States senators by people.

Opposed to all subsidies by the government.

Denounce postal savings bank law, passed by the Republicans.

Attack Republican hypocrisy and call the attention of the people to the insurgent faction of the party as an evidence of party corruption.

Charge the Republican party as being reckless in squandering national resources.

The Democratic party favors the conservation of all the natural resources of the state for the benefit of the many instead of the few. We believe that the resources of the state are the heritage of all and should be conserved for the benefit of all.

It is within the power of the state to protect its citizens against the extortions of trusts; it is the duty of public officers to rigorously enforce against trusts and combinations the statute law of the state.

Condemn the extravagant use of money contributed by individuals or corporations to control either the primary or general elections as corrupting and debauching the electors of the states.

We pledge ourselves to the enactment of a law requiring the publication of a detailed statement of all contributions and expenses both before and after the general election.

We favor the application of strict business methods to the administration of the federal government in order to reduce its fast growing, useless and extravagant expenses which involve a waste now admitted to be $200,000,000 per year.

If the people of Wisconsin will trust the Democratic party with the reins of government we hereby promise that we will carefully cause to be investigated and examined the books and records of the state for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the funds of the state have been lawfully expended.

Popular education being the only safe basis of popular government and the nursery of good government, we pledge that our common schools and higher institutions of education shall always receive the fostering care of the Democratic party.

The Democratic party always had the interest of the laboring people at heart and favor the enactment of a law providing for industrial insurance which shall justly compensate employes in case of injury received in their employment.

We favor the enactment of a law relative to the improvement of public highways.

The Democratic party as a matter of history has been and is now opposed to sumptuary laws and kindred legislation which are an interference with the individual rights and liberties of citizens, and we believe in the fundamental principles of the Democratic doctrine that the largest individual liberty consistent with the rights of others, insures the highest type of American citizenship, and the best government.

In municipal affairs we favor the largest measure of home rule consistent with the terms of the state constitution.

We favor the submission to the voters of an amendment to the constitution of Wisconsin, providing for the initiative, for the referendum and for the recall.

We favor the immediate enactment of the dollar a day pension bill.

We favor an amendment to the primary election law which will simplify and make it as nearly as may be expressive of the free choice of the people.

Madison.—The Social Democratic state convention ratified the platform adopted by the party's state convention in Milwaukee which demands:

1. Abolishment of written constitutions.
2. Nationalization of all trusts.
3. National ownership of railroads, telegraph, telephone, express and steamship companies.
4. Pensions of not less than $12 a month for all wage workers over 60 years of age.
5. Loans by the United States to cities and townships on their bonds, such loans to be legal tender and without interest, the money to be used for the unemployed, in eight-hour labor.
6. Abolish the United States senate, the general referendum of all the people to take its place; United States judges to be elected for terms not to exceed four years.
7. Prohibition of importation of Asiatic coolies.
8. Life insurance by the national government; also insurance against sickness, accident and loss of employment.
9. All elective officers to be subject to recall.
10. No city to have the right to sell, lease or give away public franchises.
11. Every city to have the right to take over all public utilities by paying a price fixed by an impartial jury.
12. Complete self-government by cities and towns.
13. Free school books.
14. No further water rights to be given to individuals or corporations; mineral rights to accrue to the state; all state lands to be kept for state purposes.
15. Protection for head waters of rivers; reforestizing of denuded tracts.
16. Farming schools and model farms in every county.
17. State loans to settlers for use for agricultural and stock raising purposes.
18. That until the profit system is abolished, attempts to introduce temperate habits by law are only an evasion of the real issue.
19. For an eight-hour day and prohibition of employment of children under 16, and laws to compensate workers when injured.
20. Graduated income and increased inheritance tax; small incomes exempt.
21. Fire and accident insurance by the state.
22. State minimum wage scale.

Madison.—The Prohibition party state platform makes these demands:

1. The prohibition of the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation and transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.
2. The election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.
3. Equitable graduated income and inheritance taxes.
4. State and national regulation of all corporations doing an interstate commerce business.
5. The creation for a permanent tariff commission.
6. Uniform marriage and divorce laws.
7. An equitable employers' liability act.
8. Court review of postoffice department decisions and
9. We further declare in favor of

(1) The strict enforcement of all laws and against official tolerance of law violation and vice and particularly the practical license of the social evil which prevails in many of our cities with its unspeakable traffic in girls;

(2) The strict enforcement of the child labor law forbidding children to work in mines, workshops and factories;

(3) The right of suffrage to women on the same condition as men;

(4) The reservation of the mineral, forest and waterpower resources of the country and the improvements of the highways and waterways, for public utility instead of graft;

(5) The modification of the present state primary law in the direction of simplicity so as to make it easier for individuals and party candidates to secure place on the official ballot, and

(6) The initiative, referendum, recall, and corrupt practices act.

10. We are convinced by an experience of forty years in combating the liquor traffic that local option and county option are no settlement of the liquor problem; but that the only way to secure effective prohibition is to elect Prohibition party men to office, and that it is the duty of every Prohibitionist to use all his energy and resources to secure national as well as state prohibition through a party pledged to do this work.

EX-MAYOR'S STORY STRANGE

George Becker, Former Executive of Stoughton, Who Disappeared, Found by Accident.

Stoughton.—The story of the disappearance and return of Ex-Mayor George Becker of Stoughton is a strange one.

Mr. Becker left Stoughton two years ago, no one knew where. Since then his whereabouts have been a mystery, both to his many friends in the city and to his wife, who finally gave up hope of again seeing him alive.

A few weeks ago, William Gould, an old friend, was in Conway Springs, Kas. He met there a building contractor, who, changed as he was, he believed to be the missing mayor, although the man denied ever having been in Wisconsin. Mr. Gould suspected him of being slightly mentally unbalanced and wrote to friends in this city. A nephew was sent to identify Mr. Becker, and found it was he.

Memories of his home in Wisconsin were recalled to Mr. Becker's mind, and he was induced to return to Stoughton.

MINOR CANDIDATES BUSY

Many Out for Positions at Clerks and Sergeants During Coming Session of Legislature.

Madison.—Candidates for minor legislative positions are busy. The leading candidate for chief clerk of the new senate is Fred Wylie, who was second in the race two years ago. F. E. Andrews, victor then, is regarded as making a forlorn hope fight for re-election, in view of the overwhelming La Follette strength in both houses. Charles A. Leycht of New Lisbon, an old legislative employe, has been talked of as another rival of Wylie. As a candidate for the position of sergeant-at-arms, R. C. Falconer, sergeant of the last three senates, is again a receptive candidate.

C. B. Shaffer, Madison, has the field to himself for re-election as chief clerk of the assembly, while W. S. Irvine, sergeant of the last assembly, is here working to succeed himself and will undoubtedly win, although opposed by William Perry of Oshkosh, former member from Winnebago county, and E. V. Nevins, of Chippewa Falls, as clerk at the last session.

WOUND AROUND SHAFTING

Roy Eggert, Blacksmith's Helper, Is Fatally Injured in Soo Line Shops at Fond du Lac.

Fond du Lac.—Roy Eggert, 20 years of age, was fatally injured in the Soo line shops, where he was employed as a blacksmith's helper.

He was oiling a shafting when his coat became caught on the belting and he was dragged around the shaft. The machinery was stopped and the boy rushed to the hospital, where it was found that his head was crushed and many of his bones broken. He died shortly after.

C. P. WHITFORD IS DEAD

Prominent Resident of Beloit for More Than Fifty Years Dies in Chicago.

Beloit.—Carlos P. Whitford, 75 years old, died suddenly in Chicago, where he was visiting his son.

He was a resident of Beloit for fifty years and in the former days was one of the prominent men of the community. He was mayor of Beloit, member of the school board, and a leader in the ranks of the republican party.

He was past commander of the Knights Templar.

No Hazing at Madison.

Madison.—Sophomores say that although they will abide by the promise made last year to take a stand against all forms of hazing, they intend to strictly enforce university traditions.

The student court affirms its intention to see that the rule covering hazing is enforced to the letter.

Charged with Killing.

Appleton.—Emmett Heavenor, colored, was held on the charge of shooting and killing Wattie Poynts, also colored.

Condition is Serious.

Racine.—Letters received from D. N. Fratt, Erdlands, Cal., who was called there on account of the illness of his father, N. D. Fratt, say that the elder Mr. Fratt is in a serious condition. N. D. Fratt is believed to be the oldest bank president in Wisconsin.

Pioneere Woman Dead.

Racine.—Mrs. W. L. Williams, one of the oldest and best-known Welsh women of Racine, is dead. She was 79 years old and had lived in Racine fifty-five years.

Violated Game Law.

Kenosha.—Nazerina Angelino was arrested here, charged with violating the game laws. He had five squirrels, two rabbits and seven song birds and on a plea of guilty he was fined $75 and the costs. He went to jail for sixty days in default of payment of the fine.

Dr. Rice Speaks.

Appleton.—Dr. Matthew Rice, Duluth, gave the annual matriculation address at Lawrence college.

MANY CHINESE AT STATE UNIVERSITY

Are Given Scholarships by the Government.

TESTS ARE MOST SEVERE

The Boxer Indemnity Fund Provides for the Education of Four Hundred Orientals Each Year in America.

Madison.—The enrollment of Chinese students at the University of Wisconsin has been materially increased by the recent arrival of ten students direct from the orient. There are now some thirty men from that country over sea who are pursuing courses in the Badger institution, many of them being in the engineering college.

The newcomers, including some of the most intelligent young men in China, come to America as the result of the boxer indemnity, and have as their mission the acquirement of modern methods for introduction into the progress of their own country.

The recent arrivals are members of a group of 400 students who are educated by the United States every year. The fund from which the expenses of the young men are paid is the indemnity due the United States as a result of the boxer rebellion. The government at Washington set aside the indemnity fund for the education of Chinese students in American universities.

Every year competitive tests, similar to the Rhodes Oxford examinations, are held, and thousands of young men compete. The tests are so severe that only a very capable student ever reaches the United States. The students come from all ranks the majority from the middle classes and the lesser nobility, although some of the representatives of the lower classes are able to get in by enduring privations which would baffle any except the most ambitious.

In the American universities the young Chinese take all sorts of courses. Perhaps the majority take the engineering work, but an almost equal number are entered in the schools of economics and the social sciences.

Those students who have been at Wisconsin during the last few years are very keen over the progress which is reported from their fatherland. They find that great and significant changes are taking place. Most of all, perhaps, is the way the national spirit of China is growing—China for the Chinese. China as a strong nation is the new hope and effort of the young men, although only the higher classes so far have awakened to this spirit.

Injunction Stops Work on University.

Alleged violation of the state law which prohibits workmen employed in the construction of any public building from working more than eight hours a day caused the issuance of a temporary injunction against the continuance of the work upon the addition to the engineering building at the University of Wisconsin. The order is made by Court Commissioner Rufus B. Smith, and the defendants are ordered to appear next Monday before Circuit Judge E. Ray Stevens and show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent.

The litigation was started by E. S. Waldschaky, president of the Madison Federated Trades council, and is the result of an alleged discovery that T. C. McCarthy, the contractor for the addition, is working some of his men ten hours a day. The defendants in the action are the board of regents of the university, W. D. Hoard, as president of the board; Secretary of State James A. Frear, State Treasurer A. H. Dahl and Contractor T. C. McCarthy. The temporary injunctional order not only orders that construction work be stopped, but President Hoard and Secretary Frear are restrained from auditing, and State Treasurer Dahl from paying anything to McCarthy on his contract.

Show Many Mushrooms.

At the meeting of the Wisconsin Mycological society nearly all the varieties of mushrooms grown in Milwaukee county were represented. The wet weather of the last week has brought the fungi out in great numbers and each of the members present were able to show many specimens.

Barker Spent $326.97.

H. W. Barker, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, filed with the secretary of state a statement of his campaign expenses.

The total given is $326.97.

E. L. Urquhart, Medford, who was nominated as the Republican candidate for assemblyman in the Price-Taylor district, has filed a statement declaring that he spent $42.06.

Patents to Inventors.

Benedict Morsell & Caldwell, solicitors of patents, Majestic building, Milwaukee, report patents issued to Wisconsin inventors, September 20, 1910, as follows: Charles A. Baker, Milwaukee, concrete cart; George W. Eddy, Milwaukee, keyless padlock; Harrison D. Floyd, North Fork, animal poke or yoke; John B. Helm, Madison, sprinkling valve for hydrants; Herbert F. Jones, Oconto, pocket igniter; Charles Kamrath, North Milwaukee, adjustable horse.

Sues State Fair Board.

The state board of agriculture has been notified of an action brought against it by L. K. Hilton and F. E. Sadler of Janesville, architects who maintain that they have something coming for work on new buildings on the state fair grounds in Milwaukee.

Members of the agriculture board are a trifle worried over a number of threats that persons injured at the state fair grounds when an aeroplane went wrong may bring suits against the board.

Third Suit Is Started.

The Western Union Telegraph company served papers on the attorney general in an action to recover $10,761.34 in taxes paid the state.

The company alleges that the assessment should have been $7,525.17 instead of $18,286.51.

It is the third suit of the kind started by the company, the others having been filed in 1908 and 1909. The suits have not been pressed, but have been filed in order that the company might retain its right to protest.

Fine Exhibit Made by State University

Madison.—Although the University of Wisconsin in the last few years has exhibited at the state fair on a small scale it has confined its display to the simplest kinds of educational exhibits.

Not so this year. The university building now has the big label, "College of Agriculture," over the doors, and within sixteen departments of the institution are represented. The display is elaborate, showing everything from the location of buildings to the best economical advantage to the latest methods of grafting and improving both grain and soils.

It is one of the most complete agricultural exhibits ever presented in this country. The Wisconsin school is known to be one of the best of its kind in the country and the department has not forgotten a single point that would add interest to the exhibition.

Blue prints of farms are in abundance. They take up almost every possible situation, outlining the conditions and showing how the buildings might be best located. Each subdivision of the farm is platted not for economic reasons and convenience alone, but so as to provide the best means for the rotation of crops.

Then there is the schedule of expense which furnishes a world of information to the visitors. It illustrates the exact profits and expenses, and points out where changes would insure better results. One booth gives out information on the various courses given in the college of agriculture. This is in charge of Professor Otis. There are maps and charts portraying the growth of the department, of the work of the institution and the increase of students from year to year since its installation.

In the extension courses considerable interest has been aroused. There is demonstrated the results obtained through the various county experimental stations and the system of extensions of the courses. Through the alumni association great work has been done. In every county the students have banded together with the intention of increasing the utility of the land in their sections, and educating their neighbors to the advantages of intensive farming.

New Corporations.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Secretary of State Frear as follows:

Plehn-Dryer Shoe company, Milwaukee; capital, $8,000; incorporators Gerhard Plehn, W. H. Dryer, A. F. Luplow.

N. S. Koos & Son company, Kenosha; capital, $25,000; incorporators, Nicholas Koos, E. J. Koos, Kate Jacobs.

Livingston Mercantile company, Merrill; capital, $70,000; incorporators, Jennie Livingston, Sidney Livingston, C. R. Livingston.

The Livingstons, Wausau; capital, $70,000; incorporators, Samuel Livingston, Fannie K. Livingston, Sidney L. Stein.

The Prairie Farm and Southwestern Railway company of Prairie Farm filed an amendment increasing its capital stock from $25,000 to $100,000.

Pastures Renew Youth.

One of the most encouraging features of the present month for Wisconsin farmers is the remarkable recovery of pastures. Farmers report that the pastures are better just now than they would have been at this season but for the long summer drought. Especially is this true of June grass. At no time last spring was its growth so vigorous as now. It looked for a time as if the roots were killed by the drought, but it appears now that they were simply having a good rest.

Martin Mathison of the town of Dunn, threshed his small grain recently and reports an excellent yield from an acre of wheat. Off this acre were threshed 18 bags, making 36 bushels by machine measure, or 40 bushels by actual weight. That this is extraordinary will be recognized by those familiar with the usual yield of wheat in this section, which as a rule ranges from 20 to 25 bushels. The quality of the grain was also excellent.

Capitol Contract Is Let.

The state capitol commission awarded a contract to the Modern Steel Structural company of Waukesha for furnishing and placing the steel for the superstructure of the dome of the central part of the new statehouse. The cost is to be $97,000. There were four bids ranging from $97,000 to $104,000. Not only was the bid of the winning company the lowest submitted, but the known excellence of the Waukesha concern's work was a determining factor in the awarding of the contract by the capitol commission.

Women to Meet at Wausau.

The second annual convention of the Ladies' auxiliary of the Wisconsin Society of Equity will be held in Wausau October 27 and 28.

It is announced that the Wisconsin Society of Equity will hold its annual convention here October 25, 26, 27 and 28 in Elks' hall. About 500 delegates are expected to attend.

Wisconsin Lead and Zinc Mines.

Last week was one of the busiest as well as most prosperous weeks of the mining year, the output being above normal and shipments easily keeping pace with production, due to a market for both zinc and lead ore that is making small weekly but substantial gains. The demand for separator ore kept up on an even better basis in price than that offered for the 60 per cent. qualities of ore, which held close to the $45 mark most of the week, with choice grades bringing a dollar or two better.

Fair Judges Make Awards.

Judging of the exhibits at the county fair began in the live stock department. In the Hereford cattle department, Robinson & Son of Klevenville were on their exhibits awarded premiums as follows:

First for bull under two years, first and second for bull under twelve months, first for best cow of three years or over, first for two-year-old cow, first and second for heifer under twelve months, and also the grand sweepstakes for the best bull over two years.

All Decisions Reported.

Frederic K. Conover, reporter of the Wisconsin supreme court, filed a report with the board of trustees of the supreme court library showing that for the first time in the history of the supreme court all decided cases to date have been reported and published, or fully prepared for publication and in final type. Reporter Conover says in his report:

"I believe that in no other state are the published volumes so close to the work of the court."

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS

Kenosha.—Kenosha people were surprised at the announcement of the marriage of Frances M. Thomas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Thomas, and James W. Blair, paying teller of the savings department of the First National bank. The wedding was in Milwaukee Wednesday afternoon and the fact was not known to the friends of the bride and groom until after they had left for a honeymoon trip in northern Wisconsin.

Marinette.—Edward Viseth of Calumet, Mich., won a race against death from Marinette to his home. Mr. Viseth was here on business when he received word that his wife was dying. He engaged a special train from Escanaba to Negaunee to connect with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, and reached the bedside of his wife. She recognized him and died a few minutes later.

Green Bay.—The Rt. Rev. Bishop Fox has made the following changes in the Green Bay diocese: Rev. E. Schimberg goes from Oshkosh to Greenville, Rev. John Ropltuger from Greenville to Cooperstown, and Rev. Francis Geler from Cooperstown to Maplewood. Rev. Bernard Jacobs succeeds Rev. Schimberg in Oshkosh.

La Crosse.—F. M. Immel of Blair, who is said to have turned the first furrow in the Trempealeau valley, having come to La Crosse in 1849, is visiting old friends in the city. He also is said to have seen the first murder committed in La Crosse county and to have been present at the arrest of the man who committed the second.

New Richmond.—Leslie Glover, general manager of the Willow River Lumber company, was severely burned in an accident on his steam launch. He was found lying in the boat with his head, neck and shoulders on a hot steam pipe. His condition is serious.

Rhinelander.—Mrs. Charles Flago and Miss Hughston shot and killed a large black bear at Tomahawk lake. The women were hunting partridges with Arthur Flago when bruin was sighted. Mr. Flago blinded the animal with a charge of shot and the women followed and killed it.

Sheboygan.—In a meeting of the Democratic county committee in Sheboyban Falls, W. M. Root was elected chairman, Attorney Collins was re-elected secretary and Adolph Pfister was chosen treasurer. E. R. Bowler addressed the meeting.

Fond du Lac.—Many high school students are experimenting in open air study. When school opened this fall study rooms in the high school building were not ready for occupancy. It is not uncommon to see students with their books in almost any place of comfort out of doors.

Shawano.—The school board convention for this county will be in this city on October 24 and in Wittenberg on October 25. It is expected that State Superintendent Cary will attend.

Stoughton.—The Madison district convention of the United Lutheran Church Young People's league will be in Stoughton on October 14, 15 and 16. Rev. O. G. U. Siljan, Madison, is president of the league.

Beloit.—Miss Alice Nye, daughter of Dr. F. S. Nye, and Henry C. Faville of Chicago college, class '08, were married. Rev. W. A. Rowell of Beloit officiated, assisted by Rev. Henry Faville of La Crosse, father of the bridegroom.

Beloit.—Bridget Egan, widow of Michael Egan, an early settler of Beloit and mother of a large and prominent family, died. She was seventy-one years old. Dr. Gregory Egan, Fond du Lac, is a son.

Beloit.—George Williams, resident of Beloit for more than fifty years, died suddenly in his home. He was eighty years old.

Black Earth.—Rev. F. A. Slyfield, for the last three years pastor of the Congregational church in Black Earth, has accepted a charge in Hillsboro, Wis.

Eau Claire.—While the aeronaut was making ready to ascend at the northern Wisconsin state fair the canvas of the balloon caught fire and was destroyed.

Eau Claire.—William H. Wright and wife were drowned in St. Cloud, Fla. The couple were on their wedding trip. Mr. Wright was a son of G. A. Wright, Eau Claire.

Marinette.—The merchants of Marinette are to make a fight for lower express rates by appealing to the Wisconsin railway commission. They claim Wisconsin merchants are paying much more than is paid in Illinois in many instances for hauls of the same distance, weight and classification.

Cedarburg.—The fifty-fifth annual Ozaukee county fair will be held in this city. Twenty-eight horses have been entered for the races. The number of race entries is not considered large but the horses are better than ever have raced on the Cedarburg track. The poultry exhibit will be an attractive feature.

Appleton.—Citizens of the town of Caswell, Florence county, have enjoined the school board from erecting a new schoolhouse on a site chosen by the board. The plaintiffs allege that the site does not meet with the approval of a majority of the residents of the district.

Beloit.—Burglars entered the public library and high school buildings and took money and valuables. It is also reported that thieves entered a private residence and, after securing a number of valuable articles, enjoyed a dinner prepared from supplies in the pantry.

Beloit.—James W. Long was sentenced to the penitentiary by Judge Rosa of the municipal court for a term of two years. He was prosecuted on a statutory charge.

Madison.—Invanti Magoras, Milwaukee, who was found guilty of stealing a motor bicycle, was sentenced in municipal court to one year in the reformatory in Green Bay.

Madison.—J. S. Hilton and F. E. Sadler, Janesville architects, have started suit against the state board of agriculture to recover moneys alleged to be due in payment for state fair buildings.

Kenosha.—Mrs. W. F. Dale and her infant child had a peculiar experience with lightning in the Dale home near this city when a bolt demolished the upper portion of the house and followed a chimney into the bedroom. It struck the bed on which Mrs. Dale and her child were sleeping, followed the iron railing of the bed to the floor and burned a hole in the floor. Mrs. Dale and the child were not even stunned by the electricity.

Kenosha.—Kenosha lodge of the Loyal Order of Moose, organized less than two months ago, in a meeting decide to build a $20,000 club home

WISCONSIN NEWS TERSELY TOLD

New Richmond.—Leslie Glover, general manager of the Willow River Lumber company, and son of John E. Glover, capitalist, railroad owner and lumberman of this city, was severely burned in an accident on his steam launch. He was alone in the boat and evidently had difficulty in blowing mud from the boiler. He was found lying in the boat with his head, neck and shoulders on a hot steam pipe. Surgeons and nurses were summoned from St. Paul. His condition is serious.

Manitowoc.—Hardy Harris, the Manitowoc boy who died while serving as a guard at the United States legation in China, was a victim of appendicitis. Harris had enlisted for three years and his term would have expired within four days of his death and he was planning to sail for home at once.

Racine.—Fifty-five machinists at the Mitchell-Lewis Motor Car company went out on a strike. They say that the time limit for piecework was cut down, meaning a reduction of wages.

Appleton.—Mrs. Fitzmaurice, mother of the Rev. Fitzmaurice, died in Fond du Lac. She is survived by the Rev. Fitzmaurice and three daughters, Mrs. Nachtway, Fond du Lac, and Misses Anna and Katherine Fitzmaurice, Appleton.

Appleton.—In circuit court here Judge John Goodland granted a divorce to Ole Fredstad from Cecilia Fredstad, 72 and 70 years old, respectively. The couple had lived together nearly a half century. Fredstad accused his wife of cruel and inhuman treatment. The Fredstads are residents of Cicadon.

Racine.—Announcement is made that Ernest Klinkert will erect a $10,000 vaudeville house in Racine Junction; also that John T. Bartlett, former mayor of Oconomowoc, has leased a site on Junction avenue and will at once begin the building of a theater for moving pictures and vaudeville.

Madison.—Charles R. Chapman, Trade Lake, candidate for the Republican nomination for the assembly, filed a statement of campaign expenses. The total is $294.

Madison.—Istvan Mezzaros, an Italian boy who resides on the South side in Milwaukee, was sentenced to the Green Bay reformatory for one year for the theft of a motor cycle.

Pewaukee.—Nicholas Schaeffer, an old resident of this county, was struck and instantly killed at the passenger depot crossing by a Milwaukee road flyer.

Lancaster.—For 27 years, or during the entire time he has been on the bench, Judge Clementson has not lost a day when holding regular sessions because of sickness.

Eau Claire.—Capt. Phillip Scheckel died here, aged 72. He was one of the old river men who navigated from the Mississippi to the headwaters when navigation was opened on Chippewa river.

Madison.—District Attorney W. R. Foley, Superior, has resigned to accept a position in the legal department of the Superior Street Railway company.

Green Bay.—A party of officials of the Green Bay & Western railroad, headed by President S. S. Palmer, New York, are making a tour of inspection.

Neenah.—Mrs. A. H. Miller was badly bitten by a mad dog while defending her children from the animal. She was taken to Madison for treatment.

Manitowoc.—Charles Schumacher and Reginald Jirikowic were sent to Madison to receive Pasteur treatment. Both were bitten by a dog believed to have been mad.

Madison.—Nearly all departments in the capitol building were shorthanded, the attaches having taken the day as a body to attend the Dane county fair.

Madison.—The state board of canvassers went over more returns of the primary election and perfected summaries. Only the returns on the Democratic candidates for the legislature remain to be considered.

Beloit.—Louis T. Thompson, eighty-two years old, died in the farm residence of his son. He came from Norway in 1862 and made his home in Black Earth. Later he lived in Boscobel and Sharon. He came to the town of Beloit nine years ago.

Kilbourn.—Kilbourn voted at a special election on the question of raising the saloon license from $200 to $500. Low license won by a majority of 46.

Beloit.—The freshman class of Beloit college will number 180, the largest in the history of the school.

Baraboo.—Daniel Kimball, resident of Baraboo for 43 years, is dead. He was ninety years old.

Beloit.—Beloit college has been granted a Phi Beta Kappa chapter by the general council in New York.

Beloit.—W. Williams, aged eighty, died suddenly. He was for many years a superintendent of the Rock River Paper company's West side mill.

Oconto.—Isaac Jones, seventy years old, a resident of Oconto for 40 years, died after an illness of two days.

Superior.—After preparing to attend the silver wedding anniversary of a friend, August Geffers was seized with coughing, ruptured a blood vessel and dropped dead at his wife's feet.

Chippewa Falls.—Edwin Stern, thirty-five years old, was run over by an automobile and seriously hurt and Daniel Huff, sixty-four years old, was knocked more than twenty feet by another machine and made unconscious.

Green Bay.—Rt. Rev. Bishop Fox, who recently returned from the eucharistic congress in Montreal, has begun a tour of visitation and confirmation that will continue into November.

La Crosse.—The first steps toward organizing troops of boy scouts in La Crosse have been taken. Three troops in La Crosse and one in Onalaska are in training.

Madison.—The capitol building commission awarded contracts for steel work on the new capitol to the Modern Steel Structural company, Waukesha, for $97,000.

Oconomowoc.—A Pope-Hartford touring car, driven by John Shunck, Milwaukee, who is visiting in the home of Richard Grimm, north of Oconomowoc, caught fire and was destroyed almost entirely. The occupants, Mr. Shunck and two others, were able to get out before being injured.

La Crosse.—Delass Roth, Mauston, forty-five years old, second boss of a steam shovel gang on the St. Paul construction work, touched a live wire while working near West Salem and was electrocuted. He leaves a widow and six children.

Steensland Will Filed.

Madison.—The will of Halle Steensland, president of the Madison Savings, Loan and Trust company, who died several weeks ago, was filed for probate. The estate consists of $400,000 in real and $100,000 in personal propert. A score of bequests to the city of Madison and charitable and religious institutions are made. Steensland held a number of public offices in Madison and several years ago was knighted by the king of Norway for distinguished services to his native country.

Raze Abandoned Hotel.

Gladstone.—W. F. Hammel, the Gladstone banker, proposes to buy in the property of Hawarden inn, the large, abandoned hotel of that city, and build residences on the twelve lots, which once composed the block.

Jurist Has Record

Lancaster.—For twenty-seven years, or during the entire time he has been on the bench, Judge Clementson has not lost a day when holding regular sessions because of sickness.

Minister Invents Cooker.

River Falls.—The Rev. Mr. Hopdegard has invented a fireless cooker which by many is considered an improvement on any apparatus of the kind now on the market. Electricity is used and the heat is applied from a metal disc. Compartments are provided so that different degrees of temperature may be had at the same time.

Build New Greenhouse.

Superior.—The Superior Floral company begun the erection of a $6,000 greenhouse.

Machines Soon to Fly.

Racine.—The three aeroplanes being built at the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company for exhibition purposes, under the supervision of Lewis Strang, are nearing completion. They will be tested in flights between Racine and Chicago and between Chicago and Indianapolis in the near future, according to the builders.

Will Have Library.

Portage.—Columbus has accepted a $10,000 gift from Andrew Carnegie for a public library building.

To Build Bridge.

Menominee.—The Menominee city council has appropriated $8,700 for the building of a new bridge over the Menominee river. A similar appropriation will be necessary from Marinette before the bridge can be built. No action in the matter has been taken by the council of that city, although the subject has been discussed.

Building New Plant.

Marinette.—The Lingnum Chemical company has started work on its new building on the Whiteback site.

To Reopen Mine.

L'Anse.—Under the management of Edward Copp and Joseph O. Gingrass, Ishpeming, and Sidney Tuttle, Janesville, Wis., the old graphite property, which formerly was operated by the Hathaway Graphite company, will be reopened.

More Attend Normal.

La Crosse.—The enrollment in the La Crosse Normal school is 317, about 130 more than was listed at this time last year. A graduating class of seventy-five is practically assured.

Pensions for Badgers.

Washington.—These Wisconsin pensions have been granted: Emma Allen, $12; Stillman G. Bond, $20; Homer Cook, $12; Hiram M. Dearth, $20; Martin Delancy, $20; Peter E. Dewar, $12; Asa Foote, $12; Oscar Fowler, $15; Chancey Goodwin, $15; Patrick O'Donnell, $15; Henry A. Valentine, $15; Charles M. Becker, $17; Schuyler Bundy, Jr., $15; Sarah A. Coon, $12; Anne Sidsmore, $12; Jay D. Ingraham, $20; John W. Reynolds, $24;

Bear in Long Fall.

Iron Mountain.—Wandering too near the Gulch mine, a large black bear fell into the shaft and dropped over a quarter of a mile. When workmen lowered the cage they found the animal's body with every bone broken.

Estate Tax $20,000.

Appleton.—The inheritance tax on the estate of John Van Nortwick, president of the Green Bay and Mississippi Canal company, was fixed at about $20,000.

Increase is $1,000,000.

Manitowoc.—The new assessment rolls of Manitowoc county show that the assessed valuation has increased nearly $1,000,000 in one year. The total valuation in 1909 was $35,059,508 and that for 1910 is $35,965,225.

Crazed by Grief.

Kenosha.—As a result of grieving for his 7 year old daughter, who was killed by a train here a week ago, Wadislaw Wasniewski is said to have become violently insane. He has been placed in confinemen

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

—Cloak sale Oct. 8 and 10 at Johnson & Hill Co's. store.

J. R. Ragan returned on Tuesday from a business trip to Detroit, Mich

Miss Orpha Mathis returned on Saturday from a weeks visit at Minneapolis.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs F. E. Weiland at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Monday.

Mrs. Chas. Duncan departed on Saturday for a visit with relatives at Waupaca and Oshkosh

Mrs. J. H. Linderman was called to Sheboygan on Tuesday by the illness of her mother, Mrs Nimitz.

Mrs. M. B Milne left on Tuesday for Minneapolis where she will visit with relatives for a week or more

Attorney B. M Vaughn was in Stevens Point on Monday where he transacted business before the circuit court.

Mrs. Frank Mazur and children returned on Tuesday evening from a two weeks visit with relatives in Chicago.

Judge Webb and Court Reporter Morse went to Stevens Point on Monday where circuit court convened that afternoon.

Anthony Looze left last week for Milwaukee where he will again attend Marquette College during the ensuing year.

Mrs. Harry Oberbeck and children departed on Saturday for a weeks visit at the John Anderson home at Fond du Lac

—Cloak sale at Johnson & Hill Co's. Oct. 8th and 10th. Big bargains and the largest and finest display in the city.

Ed Philleo was in Wautoma last Thursday where he went to attend the fair. He reports that the fair was a great success.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alpine departed last week in their auto for a visit at Sartell and Minneapolis. They are accompanied on their trip by Mr and Mrs. A. C. Otto.

Harvey Zimmerman, who has been employed in the Johnson & Hill Co's. store the past year, leaves today for Los Angeles, Cal., where he will make his future home.

—Don't forget the big cloak sale at Johnson & Hill Co's. store on Saturday and Monday, Oct. 8th and 10th.

ALTDORF

School opened Monday with Archie Gould of Nekoosa as teacher.

The following are attending school in Grand Rapids: Laura Wipfli, training school; Herbert Lau, high school; and Clarence Wipfli and Ed. Viertel, business college.

M. H. Jackson, principal of the County training school, will deliver a lecture in the school house, Friday evening, Oct. 21, on his summer's travel in Europe. It will be free and everybody is invited to be present.

Potato digging is the order of the day now. Though some potatoes are of fair size yet the number in a hill is very small.

Work is now in progress grading the road west from Hemlock creek.

"The final adjustment of problems notween men not infrequently shows that a mistake was made, that judgment erred. No man is quite perfect nor is he the peer of all others in the settlement of questions that concern the public Let us counsel togother like men, remembering that others have a right to entertain opinions, to form conclusions and to set forth their judgment upon matters with which they are connected. To disregard or belittle the conclusions of an opponent is a sign of egotism, of narrowness and of unfairness."

By the scarcity of partridges this year it seems about time to limit the partridge season the same as for prairie chicken and grouse.

ARPIN

A large crowd of young people very pleasantly surpised Miss Anna Smith at her home Saturday evening to help celebrate her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in dancing and everyone reports a fine time.

Among those who visited at Grand Rapids Saturday from this burg were Robert Morris, W. J. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cowell, Warnie Vanmatta, George Lewis, Joe Eastwood, P. Vandeplen and Paul Symers.

Little Genevieve Krause has been very ill the past week and has been under the care of Dr. Potter of Auburndale.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Blnett, who have been visiting relatives here the past three weeks, returned to their home at Dousman Thursday.

The Presbyterian Sunday school are preparing for their Rally Day Program which will be given at the church Sunday, Oct. 16th. Several speakers expect to be present. Everyone is cordially invited to be present.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Vanmatta and family of Sherry were callers here the latter part of the week.

REMINGTON

Joe Summer's brother is visiting here for a few weeks.

James McGlynn is visiting his parents this week.

Mrs. F. Parel is visiting at the W. H. Bowden home at the present writing.

Harry Vosburg and Anna Smith were married at Wausau April the ninth. Anna is well known in our village and her many friends wish her a long and happy wedded life. Mr. and Mrs. Vosburg will make their home at Wautoma.

Misses Laura Johnson, Thyra Hanson and Alice Casey attended the institute in Grand Rapids last week.

Miss Isabella Johnson is sewing at the Casey home at present.

Miss Harriet Brost returned to her school on Saturday.

For Sale Cheap.

—We have some second hand wood and coal heaters that are bargains. Centralia Hardware Co.

Notice of General Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss
DEPARTMENT OF STATE }

Notice is hereby given that at a general election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November A. D. 1910, being the eighth day of said month, the following officers are to be elected:

A GOVERNOR, in place of (James O.) Davidson whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January A. D., 1911.

A LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, in place of John Strange, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January 1911.

A SECRETARY OF STATE, in place of James A. Frear, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A STATE TREASURER, in place of Andrew H. Dahl, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

AN ATTORNEY GENERAL, in place of Elmer E. Gilbert, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE, in place of Cato E. Locke, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS for the Tenth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Iron, Lincoln, Oneida, Taylor, Florence, Langlade, Marathon, Shawano, Marinette, Taylor, Price, Ashland and Wood.

A STATE SENATOR for the Ninth Senate District consisting of the counties of Adams, Marquette, Wood and Waushara.

A MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY for Wood county

Also all county officers required by law to be elected at such election.

In accordance with Section 1, of Article XII, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin and chapters 147, 508 and 511 of the Laws of 1909, the following Joint Resolutions adopted by the legislature of the state of Wisconsin at the regular session of 1909, and which are a part of the foregoing notice and are to be voted upon at said election, to wit:

(NO. 3, S.)

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5

Providing an amendment to section 7 of article IV of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, relating to apportionment.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1907 an amendment to the Constitution of this State was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses which proposed amendment is as follows:

"Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That section 7 of article IV of the constitution of the State of Wisconsin be amended to read as follows:

"Section 7. At their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of the inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy."

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

(NO. 4, A.)

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7

To amend section 21 of Article IV of the constitution, relative to the compensation of members of the legislature.

Whereas, At the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1909 an amendment to the constitution was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment is as follows:

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That section 21 of article IV of the constitution be amended by striking out the word "five," being the twentieth word in the forty thereof, and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "ten" so that the same when amended shall read as follows:

"Section 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services for and during a regular session the sum of ten hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route in case of an extra session of the legislature no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisites, except the salary and mileage above provided shall be received from the State by any member of the legislature for his services or in any other manner as such member now therefore,

Resolved by the assembly the senate concurring, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Wisconsin, be and the same is hereby agreed to by this legislature

(NO. 8, A.)

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 10 of article VIII of the constitution, relating to internal improvements.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for 1909, an amendment to the constitution was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses which proposed amendment is as follows:

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That section 10 of article VIII of the constitution be amended by adding at the end of said section the following: "Provided that the State may appropriate moneys for the purpose of acquiring, preserving, and developing the water power and the forests of the state; but there shall not be appropriated under the authority of this section in any one year an amount to exceed two-tenths of one mill of the taxable property of the state as determined by the last preceding State assessment roll."

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring that the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal. Done at the capitol in the city of Madison this 28th day of August A. D., 1910. J. A. Frear,
Secretary of State

A COUNTY CLERK, in place of Fred H. Eberhardt, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A COUNTY TREASURER, in place of William H. Peters, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A SURVEYOR, in place of Michael Gillin, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A CORONER, in place of John Werner, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT, in place of Albert B. Bever, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A DISTRICT ATTORNEY, in place of Ross I. Andrews, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A REGISTER OF DEEDS, in place of Lincoln Ames, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A SURVEYOR, in place of Donald McKercher whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

Also such other officers as are by law required to be elected at such election.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids this 5th day of September 1910.

H. Eberhardt,
County Clerk of Wood County

Sept 14 Oct 19

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, In County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Bridgett Burns, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Bridgett Burns, late of Grand Rapids, in said County of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Mary Vandenburg by this Court,

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 29th day of March, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Bridgett Burns, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Bridgett Burns, deceased, be examined and adjusted by this Court, at a Court Room in the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said County, at the special term thereof appointed to be held on the third Tuesday of March, 1911, being March 21st and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof

Dated this 7th day of September, 1910.

By the Court,

D. D. Conway, Atty for Administrator with Will annexed

W. J. Conway, County Judge

John Podawiltz and Mason Bliss departed on Sunday for Krimp, Texas, where they will be employed in the erection of a new power plant

A. P. Hirzy has recently secured the services of C. A. Roe, a competent jeweler, who comes here from Scandinavia Mr. Roe is an expert repairman and will assist Mr Hirzy in this branch of the work

Mrs. Frank Daly and daughter Agnes and Miss Katherine Galligan returned on Friday from a weeks visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kellogg are visiting with relatives in Neenah this week.

"The Longest Way Around is the Shortest Way"---To Wealth.

The short cut of speculation is strewn with wrecks. You may start on the sure way round with an account in our Savings Department even though it is only one dollar,

Steady, persistent saving may be the long way, but it is the sure way.

Let us help you.

First National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

The bank that does things for you.

THE RED MILL

Tonight at Daly's Theatre

BARGAINS!

Can be Found If You

TALK to LOWELL

Talk to Lowell about Majestic ranges.

Talk to Lowell about Clermont base burners.

Talk to Lowell about Wilsons Hot Blast.

Talk to Lowell about Air Tights.

Talk to Lowell about Oil Heaters.

Talk to Lowell about Cast Ranges.

Talk to Lowell about Cook Stoves.

Talk to Lowell about Buggy at cost.

Talk to Lowell about Cutter at cost.

Talk to Lowell about Farm Machinery at cost.

Talk to Lowell about Gas Engines at cost.

Talk to Lowell about Wash Machines.

Talk to Lowell about Guns.

Talk to Lowell about Furnaces at cost.

Talk to Lowell about Hardware.

If you want to save money TALK -- TO -- LOWELL

GREAT CLOTHING SALE!

Men's and Boys' Overcoats, Suits, Duck Coats, Pants, Shirts, Shoes, Rubbers, Etc.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8th

And continuing Through the Balance of the Month

THIS sale, without exception, will be the greatest money saving event of 1910 in this section of the state. Never before have we attempted such slaughtering of prices on goods, clean seasonable merchandise, as you will readily see by reading over the prices which are less than cost of manufacture, and we want to say to you that if you need the goods, plan to be one of the first to enter our store Sat. morning, Oct. 8. We will try and have help enough to wait on you fast. Don't wait until your neighbors get all the best things and then regret that you came too late. Be among the first. "Believe us" you have never been offered such bargains before. **Read Carefully Every Item, You Know We Do Just As We Advertise.**



Copyright 1910 The House of Kuppenheimer Chicago

MEN'S OVERCOATS

About 100 in this lot in black and fancy material, carried over from last season, the styles are alright and are going to be sold as follows:

$18.00 and $20.00 coats for..... **$10.00**
$12.00 coats for..... **$6.00**
$10.00 coats for..... **$5.00**

You Must See These to Appreciate the Values.

Young Men's Overcoats

to fit, young men from 16 to 20 years, about 85 coats in all odds and ends, former prices $15.00 and $18.00, sale price..... **$7.50**

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered.

Another lot of young men's overcoats, about 125 coats in all. $10.00 and $12.50 goods, sale price..... **$5.00**

Boys' overcoats ages 6 to 12 years, former prices $1.00 and $5.50, sale price only **$1.50** and **$2.00**

Just Think of it.

Men's Fur Coats

about 100 in dogskin, coburetta and coon $25.00 grades,..... **$19.00**
$16.50 grades, sale **$12.50**
$20.00 grades..... **$15.00**
$15.00 grades, sale..... **$10.00**

Boys' Coats

Boys' Reefer coats in blue, chinchilla, and kersey, high storm collar Regular $1.00 grade, sale... **$2.00**
Regular $6.00 grade, sale... **$2.50**

Boys' corduroy coats, blank lined with sheepskin collar for boys 12 to 15 years. Your choice for **$3.00**

Small lot boys' duck coats ages 8 to 14 years, about 75 coats in all. Don't miss these. A snap for the boys. 3 grades, sale **25 38** and **50c**

Men's muleskin mittens, new, fresh clean goods, sale price..... **18c**

Men's fleece lined underwear, regular 50c quality, Sanitary fleece, sale price..... **35c**

Men's single vests, small sizes.. **15c**

Men's 25c mittens, sale price... **15c**

Men's Corduroy Coats

Sheep-skin lined, with Wombat, sheep and plain high storm collars.

$5 coats for **$3.75** $7.50 and $8 coats **$5**
$10 coats **$6.50** **DON'T MISS THIS LOT**

McKibbin Sheep lined coats

Men's corduroy coats, blanket lined, $3.00 grades, sale price.... **$1.50**

Men's corduroy coats, wool-lined sheepskin collar, $5 grade.... **$3**

Men's Suits

Three odd lots to close out and all are great values,

One lot, former prices 15 to $20. sale price..... **$10**

One lot, former prices up to $8.00, sale price..... **$3.50**

One lot, former prices 10, 12 and $15, sale price..... **$7.50**

Young Men's Suits

About Seventy-Five Suits in This Lot

Former prices ranged from 8.00, 10.00 and $12.00. These are a snap and won't last long. Your choice..... **$5.00**

Men's leather top rubbers, ribbed and plain, former price $2.25 and $2.50, your choice..... **$1.20**

Men's Pants

About 1250 pairs cassimeres and worsteds going as follows:

$1.50 grades, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grades, sale price..... **$1**
$3.00 grades sale price..... **$1.50**
$5 and $6 grades, sale price **$2.50**
Only half price

Men's Sweaters

High Neck

Strictly all wool

$1.50 grades, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grades, sale price..... **$1**
$3.00 grades, sale price..... **$1.50**
$4.00 grades sale price..... **$2**
Great values in this lot.

Men's Shirts

Men's stiff front shirts. A lot of about 10 doz $1 and $1.50 grades **58c**

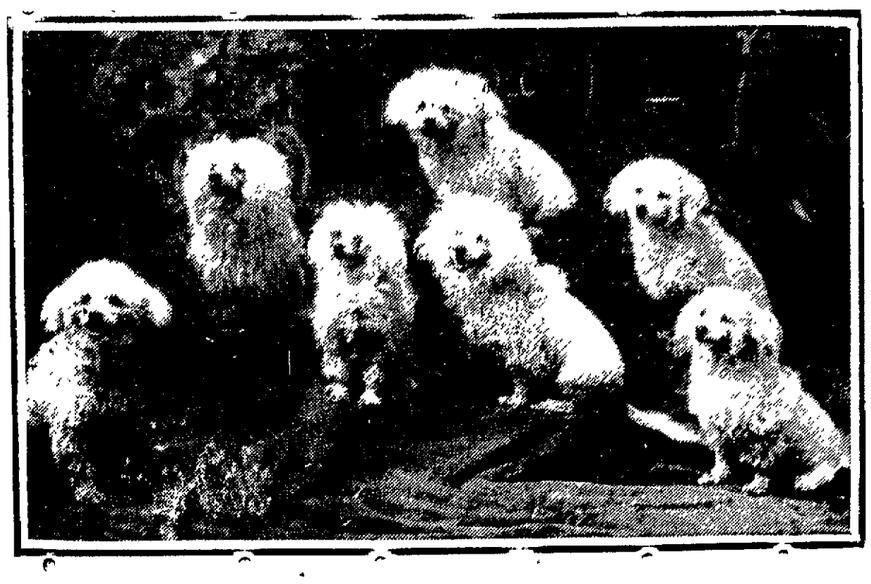
Big lot men's soft front shirts without collar, light or dark colors, all sizes, "Eagle Brand" fine goods, $1.50 grades, sale price..... **98c**
$1.00 grades, sale price..... **63c**
Another lot 75c and 50c grades, sale price..... **25c**
with soft collar, Jersey and cotton 50c grade, sale price..... **25c**
75c grade, sale price..... **38c**
$1.00 grade, sale price..... **50c**
$1.50 grade, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grade, sale price..... **$1.00**
JUST HALF PRICE

Now, the thing to do is to put aside your work and bring the boys with you and fit yourself and boys out for the winter as you won't have such a chance again to buy so cheap. Don't forget the date. Sale begin's on Saturday morning, October 8th, 1910, at

Kruger & Warner Co.'s

3rd Door from Post Office - - - - - - GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

IOLA'S Dog Circus Coming

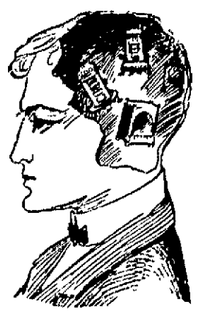


A revelation to all. The most marvelous display of canine intelligence in the world. Proclaimed by all to be the best of their kind.

IDEAL THEATER, Oct. 5-6-7-8

Admission 10cts. to all.

Are You Troubled this Way?



Let us prescribe a GARLAND or FAVORITE heater, All Styles and Sizes.

The Centralia Hardware Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

—Cloak sale Oct. 8 and 10 at Johnson & Hill Co's. store.

J. R. Ragan returned on Tuesday from a business trip to Detroit, Mich.

Miss Orpha Mathis returned on Saturday from a weeks visit at Minneapolis.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Weiland at Thief River Falls, Minn., on Monday.

Mrs. Chas. Duncan departed on Saturday for a visit with relatives at Waupaca and Oshkosh.

Mrs. J. H. Linderman was called to Sheboygan on Tuesday by the illness of her mother, Mrs. Nimitz.

Mrs. M. B. Milne left on Tuesday for Minneapolis where she will visit with relatives for a week or more.

Attorney B. M. Vaughn was in Stevens Point on Monday where he transacted business before the circuit court.

Mrs. Frank Mazur and children returned on Tuesday evening from a two weeks visit with relatives in Chicago.

Judge Webb and Court Reporter Morse went to Stevens Point on Monday where circuit court convened that afternoon.

Anthony Looze left last week for Milwaukee where he will again attend Marquette College during the ensuing year.

Mrs. Harry Oberbeck and children departed on Saturday for a weeks visit at the John Anderson home at Fond du Lac.

—Cloak sale at Johnson & Hill Co's. Oct. 8th and 10th. Big bargains and the largest and finest display in the city.

Ed Philleo was in Wautoma last Thursday where he went to attend the fair. He reports that the fair was a great success.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alpine departed last week in their auto for a visist at Sartell and Minneapolis. They are accompanied on their trip by Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Otto.

Harvey Eimmerman, who has been employed in the Johnson & Hill Co's. store the past year, leaves today for Los Angeles, Cal., where he will make his future home.

—Don't forget the big cloak sale at Johnson & Hill Co's. store on Saturday and Monday, Oct. 8th and 10th.

ALTDORF

School opened Monday with Archie Gould of Nekoosa as teacher.

The following are attending school in Grand Rapids: Laura Wipfli, training school; Herbert Lau, high school; and Clarence Wipfli and Ed. Viertel, business college.

M. H. Jackson, principal of the County training school, will deliver a lecture in the school house, Friday evening, Oct. 21, on his summer's travel in Europe. It will be free and everybody is invited to be present.

Potato digging is the order of the day now. Though some potatoes are of fair size yet the number in a hill is very small.

Work is now in progress grading the road west from Hemlock creek.

"The final adjustment of problems between men not infrequently shows that a mistake was made, that judgment erred. No man is quite perfect nor is he the peer of all others in the settlement of questions that concern the public Let us counsel together like men, remembering that others have a right to entertain opinions, to form conclusions and to set forth their judgment upon matters with which they are connected. To disregard or belittle the conclusions of an opponent is a sign of egotism, of narrowness and of unfairness."

By the scarcity of partridges this year it seems about time to limit the partridge season the same as for prairie chicken and grouse.

ARPIN

A large crowd of young people very pleasantly surpised Miss Anna Smith at her home Saturday evening to help celebrate her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in dancing and everyone reports a fine time.

Among those who visited at Grand Rapids Saturday from this burg were Robert Morris, W. J. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cowell, Warnie Vannatta, George Lewis, Joe Eastwood, P. Vandeplen and Paul Symers.

Little Genevieve Krause has been very ill the past week and has been under the care of Dr. Potter of Auburndale.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bluett, who have been visiting relatives here the past three weeks, returned to their home at Dousman Thursday.

The Presbyterian Sunday school are preparing for their Rally Day Program which will be given at the church Sunday, Oct. 16th. Several speakers expect to be present. Everyone is cordially invited to be present.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Vannatta and family of Sherry were callers here the latter part of the week.

REMINGTON

Joe Summer's brother is visiting here for a few weeks.

James McGlynn is visiting his parents this week.

Mrs. F. Parel is visiting at the W. H. Bowden home at the present writing.

Harry Vosburg and Anna Smith were married at Wausau April the ninth. Anna is well known in our village and her many friends wish her a long and happy wedded life. Mr. and Mrs. Vosburg will make their home at Wautoma.

Misses Laura Johnson, Thyra Hanson and Alice Casey attended the institute in Grand Rapids last week.

Miss Isabella Johnson is sewing at the Casey home at present.

Miss Harriet Brost returned to her school on Saturday.

For Sale Cheap.

—We have some second hand wood and coal heaters that are bargains. Centralia Hardware Co.

Notice of General Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN }ss
DEPARTMENT OF STATE }ss

Notice is hereby given that at a general election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1910, being the eighth day of said month, the following officers are to be elected:

A GOVERNOR, in place of James O. Davidson whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1911.

A LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, in place of John Strange, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A SECRETARY OF STATE, in place of James A. Frear, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A STATE TREASURER, in place of Andrew H. Dahl, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

AN ATTORNEY GENERAL, in place of Frank L. Gilbert, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE, in place of George E. Beedle, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS for the Tenth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Iron, Price, Oneida, Forest, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Marathon, Taylor, Price, Ashland and Wood.

A STATE SENATOR for the Ninth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Adams, Marquette, Waupaca and Waushara.

A MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY for Wood county

Also all county officers required by law to be elected at such election.

In accordance with Section 1, of Article XII, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin; and Chapters 478 508 and 511 of the laws of 1909, the following Joint Resolutions adopted by the legislature of the state of Wisconsin at the regular sessions of 1907 and 1909, are made a part of the foregoing notice and are to be voted upon at said election, to-wit:

(No. 25, S.)

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6.

Providing an amendment to section 3 of article IV of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, relating to apportionment.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1907 an amendment to the constitution of this State was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That section 3 of article IV of the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin be amended to read as follows:

Section 3. At their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and distribute anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy."

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

NO. 33 A.)

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7.

To amend section 21 of Article 4 of the constitution, relating to the compensation of members of the legislature.

Whereas, At the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1907 an amendment to the constitution was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment is as follows:

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That section 21 of article IV of the constitution be amended by striking out the word "five," being the twentieth word in the body thereof, and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "ten" so that the same when amended shall read as follows:

Section 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services for and during a regular session the sum of ten hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisites, except the salary and mileage above provided shall be received from the State by any member of the legislature for his services or in any other manner as such member; now therefore,

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Wisconsin, be and the same is hereby agreed to by this legislature.

(NO. 38, A.)

JOINT RESOLUTION.

To amend section 10 of article VIII of the constitution, relating to internal improvements.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for 1907, an amendment to the constitution was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment is as follows:

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, that section 10 of article VIII of the constitution be amended by adding at the end of said section the following: "Provided that the State may appropriate moneys for the purpose of acquiring, preserving, and developing the water power and the forests of the State; but there shall not be appropriated under the authority of this section in any one year an amount to exceed two-tenths of one mill of the taxable property of the state as determined by the last preceding State assessment."

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal. Done at the capitol in the city of Madison this 29th day of August A. D., 1910.

J. A. Frear,
Secretary of State

A COUNTY CLERK, in place of Fred H. Eberhardt, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A COUNTY TREASURER, in place of William H. Peters, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A SHERIFF, in place of Michael Griffin, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A CORONER, in place of John Werner, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT in place of Albert E. Bever, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A DISTRICT ATTORNEY, in place of Ross E. Andrews, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A REGISTER OF DEEDS in place of Elmer W. Ames, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

A SURVEYOR in place of Donald McKercher whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1911.

Also such other officers as are by law required to be elected at such election.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seat at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids this 5th day of September, 1910.

F. H. Eberhardt,
County Clerk of Wood County

Sept. 14 — Oct. 19

Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Bridgett Burris, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Bridgett Burris, late of Grand Rapids, in said County of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Mary Vandenburg by this Court:

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 20th day of March, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Bridgett Burris, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Bridgett Burris, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room in the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said County, at the special term thereof appointed to be held on the third Tuesday of March, 1911, being March 21st and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1910.

By the Court,

D. D. Conway,
Atty. for Administrator with Will annexed.

W. J. Conway,
County Judge

John Podawiltz and Mason Bliss departed on Sunday for Krimp, Texas, where they will be employed in the erection of a new power plant.

A. P. Hirzy has recently secured the services of C. A. Roe, a competent jeweler, who comes here from Scandinavia. Mr. Roe is an expert repairman and will assist Mr. Hirzy in this branch of the work.

Mrs. Frank Daly and daughter Agnes and Miss Katherine Galligan returned on Friday from a weeks visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kellogg are visiting with relatives in Neenah this week.

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COMMENCING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8th

And continuing Through the Balance of the Month

THIS sale, without exception, will be the greatest money saving event of 1910 in this section of the state. Never before have we attempted such slaughtering of prices on goods, clean seasonable merchandise, as you will readily see by reading over the prices which are less than cost of manufacture, and we want to say to you that it you need the goods, plan to be one of the first to enter our store Sat. morning, Oct. 8. We will try and have help enough to wait on you fast. Don't wait until your neighbors get all the best things and then regret that you came too late. Be among the first. "Believe us" you have never been offered such bargains before. **Read Carefully Every Item, You Know We Do Just As We Advertise.**



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About 100 in this lot in black and fancy material, carried over from last season, the styles are alright and are going to be sold as follows:

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Men's fleece lined underwear, regular 50c quality, Sanitary fleece, sale price..... **35c**

Men's single vests, small sizes... **15c**

Men's 25c mittens, sale price... **15c**

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Sheep-skin lined, with Wombat, sheep and plain high storm collars.

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Young Men's Suits

About Seventy-Five Suits in This Lot

Former prices ranged from 8.00, 10.00 and $12.00. These are a snap and won't last long. Your choice..... **$5.00**
Men's leather top rubbers, ribbed and plain, former price $2.25 and $2.50, your choice..... **$1.20**

Men's Pants

About 1250 pairs cassimeres and worsteds going as follows:

$1.50 grades, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grades, sale price..... **$1**
$3.00 grades sale price..... **$1.50**
$5 and $5 grades, sale price **$2.50**

Only half price

Men's Sweaters

High Neck

Strictly all wool

$1.50 grades, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grades, sale price..... **$1**
$3.00 grades, sale price..... **$1.50**
$4.00 grades sale price..... **$2**

Great values in this lot.

Men's Shirts

Men's stiff front shirts. A lot of about 10 doz $1 and $1.50 grades **58c**

Big lot men's soft front shirts without collar, light or dark colors, all sizes, "Eagle Brand" fine goods, $1.50 grades, sale price..... **98c**
$1.00 grades, sale price..... **63c**

Another lot 75c and 50c grades, sale price..... **25c**

with soft collar, Jersey and cotton
50c grade, sale price..... **25c**
75c grade, sale price..... **38c**
$1.00 grade, sale price..... **50c**
$1.50 grade, sale price..... **75c**
$2.00 grade, sale price..... **$1.00**

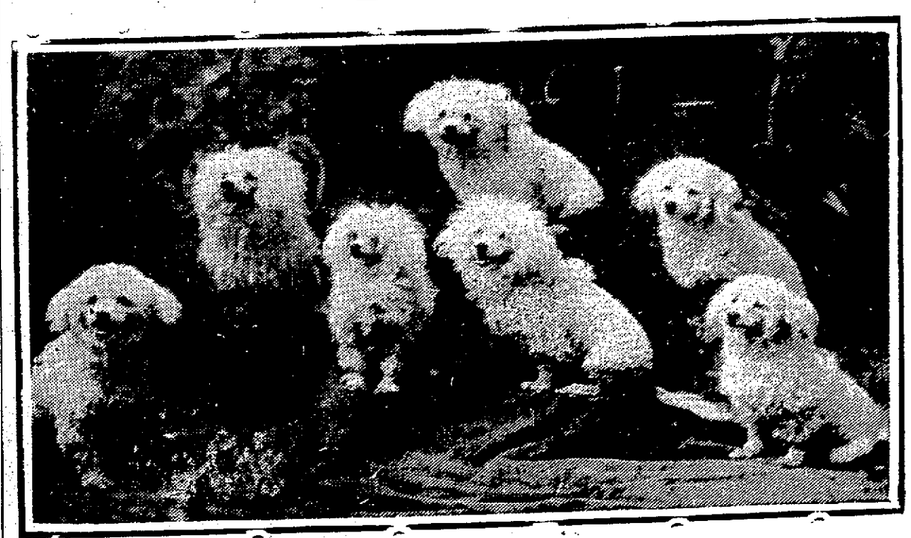
JUST HALF PRICE

Now, the thing to do is to put aside your work and bring the boys with you and fit yourself and boys out for the winter as you won't have such a chance again to buy so cheap. Don't forget the date. Sale begin's on Saturday morning, October 8th, 1910, at

Kruger & Warner Co.'s

3rd Door from Post Office - - - - - GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

IOLA'S Dog Circus Coming

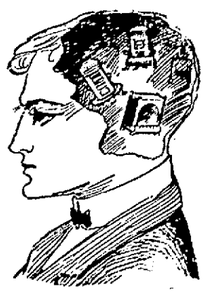


A revelation to all. The most marvelous display of canine intelligence in the world. Proclaimed by all to be the best of their kind.

IDEAL THEATER, Oct. 5-6-7-8

Admission 10cts. to all.

Are You Troubled this Way?



Let us prescribe a GARLAND or FAVORITE heater,
All Styles and Sizes.

The Centralia Hardware Co.